

GenCore version 5.1.7
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OM nucleic - nucleic search, using sw model

Run on: April 7, 2006, 19:08:28 ; Search time 1183 Seconds
(without alignments)
1057.106 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-697-802A-42

Perfect score: 22
Sequence: 1 gcgcttaacacatgcaagtc 22

Scoring table: IDENTITY_NUC

Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 1.0

Searched: 5883141 seqs, 28421725653 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 11766282

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

Database :

GenEmbl.*

1: gb.ba.*

2: gb.in.*

3: gb.env.*

4: gb.om.*

5: gb.ov.*

6: gb.pat.*

7: gb.ph.*

8: gb.pr.*

9: gb.ro.*

10: gb.ste.*

11: gb.sy.*

12: gb.un.*

13: gb.vi.*

14: gb.htg.*

15: gb.pli.*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	ID	Description
1	22	100.0	73	A32046 DNA probe (
2	22	100.0	73	A32064 DNA probe (
3	22	100.0	74	FSPI6S1
4	22	100.0	74	1 KAI6S1
5	22	100.0	80	CS001913 Sequence
6	22	100.0	97	AY711993 Sequence
7	22	100.0	99	AY710568 Unculture
8	22	100.0	105	AF051385 Actinomad
9	22	100.0	108	AF051382 Actinomad
10	22	100.0	108	AF051383 Actinomad
11	22	100.0	111	AF051381 Actinomad
12	22	100.0	117	AF051377 Actinomad
13	22	100.0	117	AF051378 Actinomad
14	22	100.0	118	AF051379 Actinomad
15	22	100.0	118	AF051380 Actinomad
16	22	100.0	130	AY642393 Unculture
17	22	100.0	136	AY858488 Unculture
18	22	100.0	136	AY858540 Unculture

c	19	22	100.0	137	3	AY858490	Unculture
c	20	22	100.0	157	3	AY858487	Unculture
c	21	22	100.0	175	3	AY858494	Unculture
c	22	22	100.0	183	3	AY710916	Unculture
c	23	22	100.0	186	3	AY858485	Unculture
c	24	22	100.0	207	3	AY710617	Unculture
c	25	22	100.0	214	1	AY198382	Purfural-
c	26	22	100.0	214	10	AB167458	Sus scrofa
c	27	22	100.0	218	3	AY038545	Unculture
c	28	22	100.0	219	3	AY875910	Unculture
c	29	22	100.0	220	1	S72448	16S rRNA [F
c	30	22	100.0	221	1	S72447	16S rRNA [F
c	31	22	100.0	221	1	AJ880355	Mycobacte
c	32	22	100.0	231	1	AY888937	Streptomy
c	33	22	100.0	231	1	AY888938	Streptomy
c	34	22	100.0	231	1	AY688939	Streptomy
c	35	22	100.0	241	3	AY271777	Unculture
c	36	22	100.0	242	3	AY006713	Unculture
c	37	22	100.0	243	3	AY710732	Unculture
c	38	22	100.0	247	3	AY710934	Unculture
c	39	22	100.0	253	3	AF411234	Unculture
c	40	22	100.0	256	3	AF114641	Unculture
c	41	22	100.0	258	1	AY451332	Arthrobac
c	42	22	100.0	259	3	AF376160	Unculture
c	43	22	100.0	261	3	AY710709	Unculture
c	44	22	100.0	264	3	AY239556	Unculture
c	45	22	100.0	265	3	AF114664	Unculture

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1	A32046	DNA probe (M.bovis)	73 bp	DNA	linear	PAT 08-DEC-1995
LOCUS	A32046	DNA probe (M.bovis)	from patent EP0395292.			
DEFINITION	A32046	DNA probe (M.bovis)				
ACCESSION	A32046	DNA probe (M.bovis)				
VERSION	A32046.1	GI:1249501				
KEYWORDS		synthetic construct				
SOURCE		synthetic construct				
ORGANISM		other sequences; artificial sequences.				
REFERENCE		1 (bases 1 to 73)				
AUTHORS		Barry, T.G., Gannon, B.X. and Powell, R.				
TITLE		Generation of specific probes for target nucleotide sequences				
JOURNAL		Patent: EP 0395292-A 21 31-OCT-1990;				
		IRELAND; Powell, Richard; Gannon, Bernard Francis Xavier; Barry, Thomas Gerard; Gannon, Bernard Francis Xavier; Barry, Thomas Gerard; Powell, Richard; UNIVERSITY COLLEGE GALWAY; BIORESEARCH IRELAND;				
		Gannon, Bernard Francis Xavier; EOLAS (trading as BioResearch Ireland) - The Irish Science and Technology Agency; Powell, Richard; UNIVERSITY COLLEGE GALWAY				
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Db	21	GGGTGCTTAAACATGCAAGTC 42

RESULT 2

A32064	DNA probe (M.bovis)	73 bp	DNA	linear	PAT 08-DEC-1995
LOCUS	A32064	DNA probe (M.bovis)	from patent EP0395292.		

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ACCESSION A32064
VERSION A32064.1 GI:1249519
KEYWORDS synthetic construct
SOURCE synthetic construct
ORGANISM other sequences; artificial sequences.

REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 73)
AUTHORS Barry,T.G., Gannon,B.X. and Powell,R.
TITLE Generation of specific probes for target nucleotide sequences
JOURNAL Patent: EP 0395292-A 39 31-OCT-1990;
IRELAND; Gannon, Bernard Francis Xavier; BIORESEARCH
Barry, Thomas Gerard; Gannon, Bernard Francis Xavier; BIORESEARCH IRELAND;
Gerard; Gannon, Bernard Francis Xavier; BIORESEARCH IRELAND;
Powell, Richard; UNIVERSITY COLLEGE GALWAY; Barry, Thomas Gerard;
Gannon, Bernard Francis Xavier; EOLAS (trading as BioResearch
Ireland) - The Irish Science and Technology Agency; Powell,
Richard; UNIVERSITY COLLEGE GALWAY

FEATURES
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Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 22
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DB 21 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 42

RESULT 3
FSPI6S1
LOCUS Frankia spec. strain Ag45/Mut15 partial 16S rRNA, part 1.
DEFINITION Frankia spec. strain Ag45/Mut15 partial 16S rRNA, part 1.
ACCESSION X53208
VERSION X53208.1 GI:43421
KEYWORDS 16S ribosomal RNA; ribosomal RNA.
SOURCE Frankia sp.
ORGANISM Bacteria; Actinobacteria; Actinobacteridae; Actinomycetales;
Frankineae; Frankiaceae; Frankia.
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 74)
AUTHORS Hahn,D., Lechevallier M.P., Fischer,A. and Stackebrandt,E.
TITLE Evidence for a close phylogenetic relationship between members of
the genera Frankia, Geodermatophilus, and 'Blastococcus' and
emendation of the family Frankiaceae
JOURNAL Syst. Appl. Microbiol. 11, 236-242 (1989)
REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 74)
AUTHORS Stackebrandt,E.
TITLE Direct Submission
JOURNAL Submitted (09-MAY-1990) Stackebrandt E
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rRNA
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Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. NO. 2.3e+04;
Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 22
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DB 43 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 64

ACCESSION A32064
VERSION A32064.1 GI:1249519
KEYWORDS synthetic construct
SOURCE synthetic construct
ORGANISM other sequences; artificial sequences.

REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 73)
AUTHORS Barry,T.G., Gannon,B.X. and Powell,R.
TITLE Generation of specific probes for target nucleotide sequences
JOURNAL Patent: EP 0395292-A 39 31-OCT-1990;
IRELAND; Gannon, Bernard Francis Xavier; BIORESEARCH
Barry, Thomas Gerard; Gannon, Bernard Francis Xavier; BIORESEARCH IRELAND;
Gerard; Gannon, Bernard Francis Xavier; BIORESEARCH IRELAND;
Powell, Richard; UNIVERSITY COLLEGE GALWAY; Barry, Thomas Gerard;
Gannon, Bernard Francis Xavier; EOLAS (trading as BioResearch
Ireland) - The Irish Science and Technology Agency; Powell,
Richard; UNIVERSITY COLLEGE GALWAY

FEATURES
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DB 21 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 42

RESULT 4
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LOCUS Kibdelosporangium aridum 16S rRNA (part. 1).
DEFINITION Kibdelosporangium aridum 16S rRNA (part. 1).
ACCESSION X53190
VERSION X53190.1 GI:43770
KEYWORDS 16S ribosomal RNA; ribosomal RNA.
SOURCE Kibdelosporangium aridum
ORGANISM Bacteria; Actinobacteria; Actinobacteridae; Actinomycetales;
Pseudonocardineae; Pseudonocardiaceae; Kibdelosporangium.
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 74)
AUTHORS Bowen,T., Stackebrandt,E., Dorsch,M. and Embley,T.M.
TITLE The phylogeny of Amycolata autotrophica, Kibdelosporangium aridum
and Saccharothrix australiensis
JOURNAL J. Gen. Microbiol. 135, 2529-2536 (1989)
REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 74)
AUTHORS Stackebrandt,E.
TITLE Direct Submission
JOURNAL Submitted (29-APR-1990) Stackebrandt E
COMMENT the genus Kibdelosporangium is proposed to be classified in the
family Pseudonocardiaceae
see X53191 for downstream 16S rRNA seq, a range of unknown length
was not sequenced.

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Location/Qualifiers
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/product="16S ribosomal RNA"

rRNA
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DB 43 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 64

RESULT 5
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LOCUS Sequence 11 from Patent WO2004097369.
DEFINITION Sequence 11 from Patent WO2004097369.
ACCESSION CS001913
VERSION CS001913.1 GI:58424130
KEYWORDS synthetic construct
SOURCE other sequences; artificial sequences.
ORGANISM van den Boom,D. and Boecker,S.
REFERENCE 1
AUTHORS Fragmentation-based methods and systems for de novo sequencing
TITLE Patent: WO 2004097369-A 11-NOV-2004;
JOURNAL Sequenom, Inc. (US)
FEATURES
source
Location/Qualifiers
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/organism="synthetic construct"
/mol_type="unassigned DNA"
/db_xref="taxon:32630"
/note="Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic
polynucleotide sequence"

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Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. NO. 2.2e+04;
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DB 35 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 56

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RESULT 6
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LOCUS
DEFINITION
  AY711993.1 uncultured Piscirickettsiaceae bacterium clone SIMO-456 16S
  ribosomal RNA gene, partial sequence.
  ENV.
ACCESSION
  AY711993.1 GI:53773468
VERSION
  AY711993.1
KEYWORDS
  uncultured Piscirickettsiaceae bacterium
  uncultured Piscirickettsiaceae bacterium
  Bacteria; Proteobacteria; Gammaproteobacteria; Thiotrichales;
  Piscirickettsiaceae; environmental samples.
  1 (bases 1 to 97)
  Moran, M.A., Whitman, W.B. and Ye, W.
  Diversity of salt marsh prokaryotes
  Unpublished
REFERENCE
  2 (bases 1 to 97)
  Moran, M.A., Whitman, W.B. and Ye, W.
  Direct Submission
  Submitted (05-AUG-2004) Department of Marine Sciences, University
  of Georgia, Athens, GA 30602, USA
  Location/Qualifiers
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    /mol_type="genomic DNA"
    /isolation_source="lon=81.2699W, lat=31.3929N; surface
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  Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2e+04;
  Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

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  Db 8 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 29

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  DEFINITION
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    partial sequence.
    ENV.
  ACCESSION
    AY710568.1 GI:53772045
  VERSION
    AY710568.1
  KEYWORDS
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    uncultured proteobacterium
    Bacteria; Proteobacteria; environmental samples.
    1 (bases 1 to 99)
    Moran, M.A., Whitman, W.B. and Ye, W.
    Diversity of salt marsh prokaryotes
    Unpublished
  REFERENCE
    2 (bases 1 to 99)
    Moran, M.A., Whitman, W.B. and Ye, W.
    Direct Submission
    Submitted (05-AUG-2004) Department of Marine Sciences, University
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  Db 8 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 29

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  DEFINITION
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    partial sequence.
    Bacteria; Actinobacteria; Actinobacteridae; Actinomycetales;
    Streptosporangineae; Thermomonosporaceae; Actinomadura.
    1 (bases 1 to 105)
    Rodriguez, V., Parro, V. and Mellado, R.P.
    Molecular Identification of Actinomycetes
    Unpublished
  REFERENCE
    2 (bases 1 to 105)
    Rodriguez, V., Parro, V. and Mellado, R.P.
    Direct Submission
    Submitted (27-FEB-1998) Biotechnology Microbiana, Centro Nacional
    de Biotecnologia, Campus de la Universidad Autonoma, Cantoblanco,
    Madrid 28049, Spain
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  LOCUS
  DEFINITION
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    partial sequence.
    Bacteria; Actinobacteridae; Actinomycetales;
    Streptosporangineae; Thermomonosporaceae; Actinomadura.
    1 (bases 1 to 108)
    Rodriguez, V., Parro, V. and Mellado, R.P.
    Molecular Identification of Actinomycetes
    Unpublished
  REFERENCE
    2 (bases 1 to 108)
    Rodriguez, V., Parro, V. and Mellado, R.P.
    Direct Submission
    Submitted (27-FEB-1998) Biotechnology Microbiana, Centro Nacional
    de Biotecnologia, Campus de la Universidad Autonoma, Cantoblanco,
    Madrid 28049, Spain
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    Streptosporangineae; Thermomonosporaceae; Actinomadura.
    1 (bases 1 to 108)
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    Molecular Identification of Actinomycetes
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  REFERENCE
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    Rodriguez, V., Parro, V. and Mellado, R.P.
    Direct Submission
    Submitted (27-FEB-1998) Biotechnology Microbiana, Centro Nacional
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    Madrid 28049, Spain
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  LOCUS
  DEFINITION
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    1 (bases 1 to 105)
    Rodriguez, V., Parro, V. and Mellado, R.P.
    Molecular Identification of Actinomycetes
    Unpublished
  REFERENCE
    2 (bases 1 to 105)
    Rodriguez, V., Parro, V. and Mellado, R.P.
    Direct Submission
    Submitted (27-FEB-1998) Biotechnology Microbiana, Centro Nacional
    de Biotecnologia, Campus de la Universidad Autonoma, Cantoblanco,
    Madrid 28049, Spain
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    partial sequence.
    Bacteria; Actinobacteridae; Actinomycetales;
    Streptosporangineae; Thermomonosporaceae; Actinomadura.
    1 (bases 1 to 108)
    Rodriguez, V., Parro, V. and Mellado, R.P.
    Molecular Identification of Actinomycetes
    Unpublished
  REFERENCE
    2 (bases 1 to 108)
    Rodriguez, V., Parro, V. and Mellado, R.P.
    Direct Submission
    Submitted (27-FEB-1998) Biotechnology Microbiana, Centro Nacional
    de Biotecnologia, Campus de la Universidad Autonoma, Cantoblanco,
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  Db 13 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 34

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    partial sequence.
    Bacteria; Actinobacteridae; Actinomycetales;
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    Rodriguez, V., Parro, V. and Mellado, R.P.
    Molecular Identification of Actinomycetes
    Unpublished
  REFERENCE
    2 (bases 1 to 108)
    Rodriguez, V., Parro, V. and Mellado, R.P.
    Direct Submission
    Submitted (27-FEB-1998) Biotechnology Microbiana, Centro Nacional
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Observatory Dean Creek Marsh sampling site"

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Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2e+04;

Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

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Db 8 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 29

RESULT 8

AF051385

LOCUS

DEFINITION

AF051385.1 Actinomyces viridis strain ATCC27103 16S ribosomal RNA gene,

partial sequence.

Bacteria; Actinobacteria; Actinobacteridae; Actinomycetales;

Streptosporangineae; Thermomonosporaceae; Actinomadura.

1 (bases 1 to 105)

Rodriguez, V., Parro, V. and Mellado, R.P.

Molecular Identification of Actinomycetes

Unpublished

REFERENCE

2 (bases 1 to 105)

Rodriguez, V., Parro, V. and Mellado, R.P.

Direct Submission

Submitted (27-FEB-1998) Biotechnology Microbiana, Centro Nacional

de Biotecnologia, Campus de la Universidad Autonoma, Cantoblanco,

Madrid 28049, Spain

Location/Qualifiers

1..105

/organism="Actinomyces viridis"

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<1..>105

/product="16S ribosomal RNA"

rRNA

source

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Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.9e+04;

Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 22

Db 13 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 34

RESULT 9

AF051382

LOCUS

DEFINITION

AF051382.1 Actinomyces livida strain ATCC33578 16S ribosomal RNA gene,

partial sequence.

Bacteria; Actinobacteridae; Actinomycetales;

Streptosporangineae; Thermomonosporaceae; Actinomadura.

1 (bases 1 to 108)

Rodriguez, V., Parro, V. and Mellado, R.P.

Molecular Identification of Actinomycetes

Unpublished

REFERENCE

2 (bases 1 to 108)

Rodriguez, V., Parro, V. and Mellado, R.P.

Direct Submission

Submitted (27-FEB-1998) Biotechnology Microbiana, Centro Nacional

de Biotecnologia, Campus de la Universidad Autonoma, Cantoblanco,

Madrid 28049, Spain

Location/Qualifiers

1..108

/organism="Actinomyces livida"

/mol_type="genomic DNA"

/strain="ATCC33578"

/db_xref="ATCC:33578"

/db_xref="taxon:58110"

<1..>108

/product="16S ribosomal RNA"

rRNA

source

Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 1; Length 108;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.9e+04;

Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 22

Db 13 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 34

RESULT 10

AF051382

LOCUS

DEFINITION

AF051382.1 Actinomyces livida strain ATCC33578 16S ribosomal RNA gene,

partial sequence.

Bacteria; Actinobacteridae; Actinomycetales;

Streptosporangineae; Thermomonosporaceae; Actinomadura.

1 (bases 1 to 108)

Rodriguez, V., Parro, V. and Mellado, R.P.

Molecular Identification of Actinomycetes

Unpublished

REFERENCE

2 (bases 1 to 108)

Rodriguez, V., Parro, V. and Mellado, R.P.

Direct Submission

Submitted (27-FEB-1998) Biotechnology Microbiana, Centro Nacional

de Biotecnologia, Campus de la Universidad Autonoma, Cantoblanco,

Madrid 28049, Spain

Location/Qualifiers

1..108

/organism="Actinomyces livida"

/mol_type="genomic DNA"

/strain="ATCC33578"

/db_xref="ATCC:33578"

/db_xref="taxon:58110"

<1..>108

/product="16S ribosomal RNA"

rRNA

source

Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 1; Length 108;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.9e+04;

Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 22

Db 13 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 34

LOCUS	AF051381	111 bp	DNA	linear	BCT 02-JAN-2000
DEFINITION	Actinomadura helvata strain ATCC27295 16S ribosomal RNA gene, partial sequence.				
ACCESSION	AF051381				
VERSION	AF051381.1	GI:6652693			
KEYWORDS	Nonomuraea helvata				
SOURCE	Nonomuraea helvata				
ORGANISM	Bacteria; Actinobacteria; Actinobacteridae; Actinomycetales; Streptosporangineae; Streptosporangiaceae; Nonomuraea.				
REFERENCE	1 (bases 1 to 111)				
AUTHORS	Rodriguez, V., Parro, V. and Mellado, R.P.				
TITLE	Molecular Identification of Actinomycetes				
JOURNAL	Unpublished				
REFERENCE	2 (bases 1 to 111)				
AUTHORS	Rodriguez, V., Parro, V. and Mellado, R.P.				
TITLE	Direct Submission				
JOURNAL	Submitted (27-FEB-1998) Biotechnology Microbiana, Centro Nacional de Biotechnology, Campus de la Universidad Autonoma, Cantoblanco, Madrid 28049, Spain				
FEATURES	Location/Qualifiers				
source	1..111				
	/organism="Nonomuraea helvata"				
	/mol_type="genomic DNA"				
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	/db_xref="ATCC:27295"				
	/db_xref="taxon:37484"				
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	/product="16S ribosomal RNA"				
ORIGIN					
Query Match	100.0%	Score 22;	DB 1;	Length 111;	
Best Local Similarity	100.0%	Pred. No. 1.8e+04;			
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QY	1	CGGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC	22		
DB	14	CGGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC	35		
RESULT 12					
LOCUS	AF051377	117 bp	DNA	linear	BCT 02-JAN-2000
DEFINITION	Actinomadura citrea strain ATCC27887 16S ribosomal RNA gene, partial sequence.				
ACCESSION	AF051377				
VERSION	AF051377.1	GI:6652689			
KEYWORDS	Actinomadura citrea				
SOURCE	Actinomadura citrea				
ORGANISM	Bacteria; Actinobacteria; Actinobacteridae; Actinomycetales; Streptosporangineae; Thermomonosporaceae; Actinomadura.				
REFERENCE	1 (bases 1 to 117)				
AUTHORS	Rodriguez, V., Parro, V. and Mellado, R.P.				
TITLE	Molecular Identification of Actinomycetes				
JOURNAL	Unpublished				
REFERENCE	2 (bases 1 to 117)				
AUTHORS	Rodriguez, V., Parro, V. and Mellado, R.P.				
TITLE	Direct Submission				
JOURNAL	Submitted (27-FEB-1998) Biotechnology Microbiana, Centro Nacional de Biotechnology, Campus de la Universidad Autonoma, Cantoblanco, Madrid 28049, Spain				
FEATURES	Location/Qualifiers				
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	/organism="Actinomadura citrea"				
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Query Match	100.0%	Score 22;	DB 1;	Length 108;	
Best Local Similarity	100.0%	Pred. No. 1.9e+04;			
Matches	22;	Conservative 0;	Mismatches 0;	Indels 0;	Gaps 0;
QY	1	CGGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC	22		
DB	13	CGGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC	34		
RESULT 10					
LOCUS	AF051383	108 bp	DNA	linear	BCT 02-JAN-2000
DEFINITION	Actinomadura viridis strain ATCC27888 16S ribosomal RNA gene, partial sequence.				
ACCESSION	AF051383				
VERSION	AF051383.1	GI:6652695			
KEYWORDS	Actinomadura viridis				
SOURCE	Actinomadura viridis				
ORGANISM	Bacteria; Actinobacteria; Actinobacteridae; Actinomycetales; Streptosporangineae; Thermomonosporaceae; Actinomadura.				
REFERENCE	1 (bases 1 to 108)				
AUTHORS	Rodriguez, V., Parro, V. and Mellado, R.P.				
TITLE	Molecular Identification of Actinomycetes				
JOURNAL	Unpublished				
REFERENCE	2 (bases 1 to 108)				
AUTHORS	Rodriguez, V., Parro, V. and Mellado, R.P.				
TITLE	Direct Submission				
JOURNAL	Submitted (27-FEB-1998) Biotechnology Microbiana, Centro Nacional de Biotechnology, Campus de la Universidad Autonoma, Cantoblanco, Madrid 28049, Spain				
FEATURES	Location/Qualifiers				
source	1..108				
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	/mol_type="genomic DNA"				
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ORIGIN					
Query Match	100.0%	Score 22;	DB 1;	Length 108;	
Best Local Similarity	100.0%	Pred. No. 1.9e+04;			
Matches	22;	Conservative 0;	Mismatches 0;	Indels 0;	Gaps 0;
QY	1	CGGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC	22		
DB	13	CGGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC	34		
RESULT 11					
LOCUS	AF051381	111 bp	DNA	linear	BCT 02-JAN-2000
DEFINITION	Actinomadura helvata strain ATCC27295 16S ribosomal RNA gene, partial sequence.				
ACCESSION	AF051381				
VERSION	AF051381.1	GI:6652693			
KEYWORDS	Nonomuraea helvata				
SOURCE	Nonomuraea helvata				
ORGANISM	Bacteria; Actinobacteria; Actinobacteridae; Actinomycetales; Streptosporangineae; Streptosporangiaceae; Nonomuraea.				
REFERENCE	1 (bases 1 to 111)				
AUTHORS	Rodriguez, V., Parro, V. and Mellado, R.P.				
TITLE	Molecular Identification of Actinomycetes				
JOURNAL	Unpublished				
REFERENCE	2 (bases 1 to 111)				
AUTHORS	Rodriguez, V., Parro, V. and Mellado, R.P.				
TITLE	Direct Submission				
JOURNAL	Submitted (27-FEB-1998) Biotechnology Microbiana, Centro Nacional de Biotechnology, Campus de la Universidad Autonoma, Cantoblanco, Madrid 28049, Spain				
FEATURES	Location/Qualifiers				
source	1..111				
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Query Match      100.0%; Score 22; DB 1; Length 117;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.8e+04; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0;

QY 1 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 22
    |||||
Db 16 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 37

RESULT 13
AF051378
LOCUS      117 bp      DNA      linear      BCT 02-JAN-2000
DEFINITION Actinomadura coerulea strain ATCC33576 16S ribosomal RNA gene,
partial sequence.
ACCESSION  AF051378
VERSION     AF051378.1 GI:6652690
KEYWORDS   Actinomadura coerulea
SOURCE     Actinomadura coerulea
ORGANISM   Actinomadura coerulea
Bacteria; Actinobacteria; Actinobacteridae; Actinomycetales;
Streptosporangineae; Thermomonosporaceae; Actinomadura.
REFERENCE  1 (bases 1 to 117)
AUTHORS   Rodriguez, V., Parro, V. and Mellado, R.P.
TITLE     Molecular Identification of Actinomycetes
JOURNAL   Unpublished
REFERENCE  2 (bases 1 to 117)
AUTHORS   Rodriguez, V., Parro, V. and Mellado, R.P.
TITLE     Direct Submission
JOURNAL   Submitted (27-FEB-1998) Biotechnology Microbiana, Centro Nacional
de Biotechnology, Campus de la Universidad Autonoma, Cantoblanco,
Madrid 28049, Spain

FEATURES             Location/Qualifiers
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                     /product="16S ribosomal RNA"

     rRNA

ORIGIN
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Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.8e+04; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0;

QY 1 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 22
    |||||
Db 16 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 37

RESULT 14
AF051379
LOCUS      118 bp      DNA      linear      BCT 02-JAN-2000
DEFINITION Actinomadura crema subsp. crema strain ATCC33577 16S ribosomal
RNA gene, partial sequence.
ACCESSION  AF051379
VERSION     AF051379.1 GI:6652691
KEYWORDS   Actinomadura crema subsp. crema
SOURCE     Actinomadura crema subsp. crema
ORGANISM   Actinomadura crema subsp. crema
Bacteria; Actinobacteria; Actinobacteridae; Actinomycetales;
Streptosporangineae; Thermomonosporaceae; Actinomadura.
REFERENCE  1 (bases 1 to 118)
AUTHORS   Rodriguez, V., Parro, V. and Mellado, R.P.
TITLE     Molecular Identification of Actinomycetes
JOURNAL   Unpublished
REFERENCE  2 (bases 1 to 118)
AUTHORS   Rodriguez, V., Parro, V. and Mellado, R.P.
TITLE     Direct Submission
JOURNAL   Submitted (27-FEB-1998) Biotechnology Microbiana, Centro Nacional
de Biotechnology, Campus de la Universidad Autonoma, Cantoblanco,
Madrid 28049, Spain
```

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FEATURES             Location/Qualifiers
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     rRNA

ORIGIN
Query Match      100.0%; Score 22; DB 1; Length 118;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.8e+04; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0;

QY 1 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 22
    |||||
Db 17 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 38

RESULT 15
AF051380
LOCUS      118 bp      DNA      linear      BCT 02-JAN-2000
DEFINITION Actinomadura spadix strain ATCC27298 16S ribosomal RNA gene,
partial sequence.
ACCESSION  AF051380
VERSION     AF051380.1 GI:6652692
KEYWORDS   Actinomadura spadix
SOURCE     Actinomadura spadix
ORGANISM   Actinomadura spadix
Bacteria; Actinobacteria; Actinobacteridae; Actinomycetales;
Streptosporangineae; Thermomonosporaceae; Actinomadura.
REFERENCE  1 (bases 1 to 118)
AUTHORS   Rodriguez, V., Parro, V. and Mellado, R.P.
TITLE     Molecular Identification of Actinomycetes
JOURNAL   Unpublished
REFERENCE  2 (bases 1 to 118)
AUTHORS   Rodriguez, V., Parro, V. and Mellado, R.P.
TITLE     Direct Submission
JOURNAL   Submitted (27-FEB-1998) Biotechnology Microbiana, Centro Nacional
de Biotechnology, Campus de la Universidad Autonoma, Cantoblanco,
Madrid 28049, Spain

FEATURES             Location/Qualifiers
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                     /db_xref="taxon:79912"
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                     /product="16S ribosomal RNA"

     rRNA

ORIGIN
Query Match      100.0%; Score 22; DB 1; Length 118;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.8e+04; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0;

QY 1 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 22
    |||||
Db 17 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 38

Search completed: April 7, 2006, 20:42:17
Job time : 1187 secs
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GenCore version 5.1.7
Copyright (c) 1993 - 2006 Bioceleration Ltd.

OM nucleic - nucleic search, using sw model

Run on: April 7, 2006, 19:01:48 ; Search time 220 Seconds
(without alignments)
666.469 Million cell updates/sec

Title: us-10-697-802A-42
Perfect score: 22
Sequence: 1 gcgtgtaacacatgaagtc 22

Scoring table: IDENTITY NUC
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 1.0

Searched: 4996997 seqs, 3332346308 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 9993994

Minimum DB seq length: 0
Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%
Maximum Match 100%
Listing first 45 summaries

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2: Geneseqn1990s.*
3: Geneseqn2000s.*
4: Geneseqn2010s.*
5: Geneseqn2001bs.*
6: Geneseqn2002bs.*
7: Geneseqn2003bs.*
8: Geneseqn2003cs.*
9: Geneseqn2003ds.*
10: Geneseqn2003es.*
11: Geneseqn2003fs.*
12: Geneseqn2004s.*
13: Geneseqn2004bs.*
14: Geneseqn2005s.*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	22	100.0	22	14	Aea22441 Acid-fast
2	22	100.0	80	14	Adu6542 Cut base
3	22	100.0	166	2	Aax32481 Preferred
4	22	100.0	209	14	Aeb98764 Mycobacte
5	22	100.0	209	14	Aeb98762 Mycobacte
6	22	100.0	209	14	Aeb98763 Mycobacte
7	22	100.0	211	14	Aeb98761 Mycobacte
8	22	100.0	349	13	Adv99481 Meningiti
9	22	100.0	415	4	Aai92758 Human pol
10	22	100.0	421	2	Aav72337 Actinomyc
11	22	100.0	422	14	Adw94995 Clostridi
12	22	100.0	428	12	Adq74829 Rhodococc
13	22	100.0	436	12	Adh48069 Arthrobac
14	22	100.0	447	12	Adq74847
15	22	100.0	460	8	Abz76674 Microtetr
16	22	100.0	463	2	Aav72360 Actinomyc
17	22	100.0	463	3	Aaz57030 Actinomyc
18	22	100.0	463	6	Abk88031 DNA encod
19	22	100.0	463	8	Abz76675 Streptomy

20	22	100.0	463	8	Abz76673 Streptomy
21	22	100.0	497	14	Aeb72673 Streptosp
22	22	100.0	500	13	Adz20587 Formaldeh
23	22	100.0	500	14	Aea39586 Streptomy
24	22	100.0	500	14	Aeb72672 Streptosp
25	22	100.0	500	14	Aeb98339 16S rDNA 8
26	22	100.0	501	12	Adp03611 DNA seque
27	22	100.0	502	10	Adf86316 Amycolato
28	22	100.0	502	12	Adp88197 Antagonis
29	22	100.0	502	12	Adp88198 Antagonis
30	22	100.0	503	12	Adp03610 DNA seque
31	22	100.0	503	12	Adp88195 Antagonis
32	22	100.0	503	12	Adp88196 Antagonis
33	22	100.0	535	13	AdS75567 Rhodococc
34	22	100.0	560	10	Abt23572 Stabillisi
35	22	100.0	560	10	Abt23571 Stabillisi
36	22	100.0	582	8	Adc26614 Puromycin
37	22	100.0	711	14	Adw16274 DNA copy
38	22	100.0	787	2	Aav43262 Partial 1
39	22	100.0	1312	4	Aaf28889 Arthrobac
40	22	100.0	1315	4	Aaf28890 Arthrobac
41	22	100.0	1343	12	Ado80217 Rhodococc
42	22	100.0	1343	14	Aea00984 16S ribos
43	22	100.0	1344	12	Ado85868 Gordonia
44	22	100.0	1388	10	Adc61230 Baeyer-Vi
45	22	100.0	1391	2	Aat45276 Corynebac

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1
AEA22441
ID AEA22441 standard; DNA; 22 BP.
XX
AC AEA22441;
XX
DT 25-AUG-2005 (first entry)
XX
DE Acid-fast bacterium forward (AFB-f) 16S rDNA PCR primer SEQ ID NO:42.
XX
KW microorganism identification; 16S rDNA; 16S ribosomal DNA; PCR; primer;
XX
OS Synthetic.
XX
PN US2005130168-A1.
XX
PD 16-JUN-2005.
XX
PF 31-OCT-2003; 2003US-00697802.
XX
PR 31-OCT-2003; 2003US-00697802.
XX
PA (HANK/) HAN X.
XX
PH (PHAM/) PHAM A S.
XX
PI Han X, Pham AS;
XX
DR WPI; 2005-424597/43.
XX
PT Determining a bacterium species comprises providing oligonucleotide
XX primer set comprising SEQ-FOR and SEQ-REV in a complimentary fashion.
XX
PS Claim 2; SEQ ID NO 42; 74pp; English.
XX
CC The invention relates to a method (M1) for determining a bacterium
XX species. (M1) comprises: (a) culturing a bacterium from a specimen, (b)
CC extracting a genomic nucleotide from the bacterium to provide a
XX nucleotide template; (c) annealing a region of a nucleotide template to a
XX specific oligonucleotide primer set comprising SEQ-FOR and SEQ-REV in a
XX complimentary fashion, the primer set designed to provide a product
XX having a predetermined size dictated by a complimentary primer set; (d)

CC amplifying the region of the nucleotide template to produce the product;
 CC and (e) determining a species of a bacterium in a nucleotide sequence of
 CC the product. Also described is an alternative method (M2) for determining
 CC a bacterium species comprising: (a) providing a specimen or a sample
 CC having a template; (b) providing a pair of primers selected from: (i) a
 CC first forward primer having consecutive bases of an AFB-f comprising any
 CC of the 36 sequences of 15-22 bp (AEA22417-AEA22452), or their fragments
 CC or variations and a first reverse primer having consecutive bases of an
 CC AFB-r comprising any of the 36 sequences of 15-22 bp (AEA22453-AEA22488)
 CC or their fragments or variations; (ii) a second forward primer having
 CC consecutive bases of an UB-f comprising any of the 28 sequences of 15-21
 CC bp (AEA22489-AEA22516) or their fragments or variations and a second
 CC reverse primer having consecutive bases of an UB-r comprising any of the
 CC 28 sequences of 15-21 bp (AEA22517-AEA22544) or their fragments or
 CC variations; or (iii) a first forward primer having consecutive bases of
 CC an AFB-f of AEA22417-AEA22452 or their fragments or variations and a
 CC second reverse primer having consecutive bases of an UB-r of AEA22517-
 CC AEA22544 or their fragments or variations; (c) the specimen; and (d)
 CC comparing the product from the specimen with a nucleotide sequence from a
 CC database to determine the bacterium species present in the specimen. The
 CC methods are useful for determining a bacterium species. The present
 CC sequence represents a forward PCR primer for amplifying 16S rDNA regions
 CC of acid-fast bacterium (AFB), which is used in the exemplification of the
 CC present invention.

XX SQ Sequence 22 BP; 6 A; 6 C; 5 G; 5 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 14; Length 22;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.32;
 Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 GCGTGCTTACACATGCAAGTC 22
 Db 1 GCGTGCTTACACATGCAAGTC 22

RESULT 2

ADU66542
 ID ADU66542 standard; DNA; 80 BP.

XX AC ADU66542;

DT 27-JAN-2005 (first entry)

XX DE Cut base A amplicon fragment.

XX ds; mass spectroscopy; DNA cleavage; DNA sequencing; sequencing.

XX OS Unidentified.

XX PN W02004097369-A2.

XX PD 11-NOV-2004.

XX PF 22-APR-2004; 2004WO-US012520.

XX PR 25-APR-2003; 2003US-0466006P.

XX PA (SEQU-) SEQUENOM INC.

XX PA (BOEC/) BOECKER S.

XX PI Boecker S, Van Den Boom D;

XX DR WPI; 2005-012656/01.

XX Obtaining sequence information from target biomolecule, by fragmenting
 PT target biomolecule by partial cleavage, performing mass spectrometry,
 PT extracting information from mass spectra, constructing sequencing graph
 PT and traversing graphs.

XX PS Disclosure; SEQ ID NO 11; 133pp; English.

XX CC This invention describes a novel method for obtaining sequence

CC information from a target biomolecule and involves fragmenting the target
 CC biomolecule into several fragments by partial cleavage, performing mass
 CC spectrometry on fragments to produce mass spectra, extracting peak
 CC information from the produced mass spectra, constructing sequencing graphs
 CC using the extracted peak information and traversing the sequencing graphs
 CC to reconstruct sequence information of the target biomolecule. The target
 CC biomolecule is nucleic acid molecule such as DNA or RNA, or is a protein
 CC and the compositions of the two fragments are the base compositions or
 CC amino acid compositions. This method preferably involves subjecting the
 CC nucleic acid molecule to partial cleavage reactions with one or more
 CC specific cleavage reagents, thus generating two or more fragments that
 CC are specific cleavage products, determining the molecular weights of the
 CC two or more fragments, determining the possible base compositions of the two
 CC or more fragments according to the number of specific cleavage sites that
 CC are not cleaved in each fragment, constructing one or more sequencing
 CC graphs that are a graph theoretical representation of the ordered base
 CC compositions for the two or more fragments, and traversing the one or
 CC more sequencing graph to reconstruct one or more underlying sequence
 CC candidates, where each sequencing graph corresponds to the ordered base
 CC compositions derived from a partial cleavage reaction with one base-
 CC specific cleavage reagent. This method further involves scoring the one
 CC or more underlying sequence candidates and determining the rank order of
 CC fitness, where the scoring is done by statistical analysis or maximum
 CC likelihood statistical analysis. This method determines epigenetic
 CC changes in a target nucleic acid molecule relative to reference nucleic
 CC acid molecule and allows the sequencing of large biomolecules. The
 CC invention also describes a method of producing a candidate sequence of a
 CC biomolecule which involves receiving several sequencing graphs having
 CC several vertices and edges, where each vertex represents a compomer of
 CC the biomolecule and each edge represents a cut base of the sequencing
 CC graph and generating the candidate sequence by traversing several
 CC sequencing graphs. This second method further involves traversing several
 CC sequencing graphs by tracing through each sequencing graph, starting at a
 CC source vertex. The results of each method can be read by a program
 CC product for use in a computer that executes program instructions recorded
 CC in a computer-readable media to produce a candidate sequence of a
 CC biomolecule or to obtain sequence information in a target biomolecule.
 CC The target biomolecule contains a sequence variation, which is a mutation
 CC or a polymorphism. The target is a target nucleic acid molecule from an
 CC organism chosen from eukaryotes, prokaryotes and viruses, preferably a
 CC bacterium. The specific cleavage reagent is an RNase chosen from RNase
 CC T1, RNase U2, RNase Phym, RNase A, chicken liver RNase (RNase CL3) and
 CC cusavitin, or a glycosylase. The sequence variations in the target
 CC biomolecule permit genotyping a subject, forensic analysis, disease
 CC diagnosis or disease prognosis. The novel methods are useful for de novo
 CC sequencing, to identify genetic disease or chromosome abnormality,
 CC identifying a predisposition to a disease, or condition including
 CC obesity, atherosclerosis, or cancer, to identify an infection by an
 CC infectious agent, to identify a pathogen, determine haplotypes, analyze
 CC microsatellite sequences, and short tandem repeat (STR) loci, determine
 CC allelic variation and/or frequency, and analyze cellular methylation
 CC patterns. This sequence represents an amplicon used to illustrate the
 CC sequencing technique described in the invention.

XX SQ Sequence 80 BP; 18 A; 20 C; 27 G; 15 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 14; Length 80;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.38;

Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 GCGTGCTTACACATGCAAGTC 22
 Db 35 GCGTGCTTACACATGCAAGTC 56

RESULT 3

AA32481

ID AA32481 standard; DNA; 166 BP.

XX AC AA32481;

XX DT 22-JUN-1999 (first entry)

CC nucleic acid of M. avium by a LAMP method; detecting the nucleic acid of
 CC M. intracellulare by a LAMP method; or detecting the nucleic acid of M.
 CC kansasii by a LAMP method. The single-stranded oligonucleotide is useful
 CC in medical applications. This polynucleotide represents a Mycobacterium
 CC avium partial 16S rDNA sequence amplified by the LAMP method of the
 CC invention.

XX
 XX
 SQ Sequence 209 BP; 48 A; 48 C; 70 G; 43 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 14; Length 209;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.44;
 Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 22
 |||||
 Db 24 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 45

RESULT 6
 AEB98763
 ID AEB98763 standard; DNA; 209 BP.
 AC AEB98763;
 XX
 XX 06-OCT-2005 (first entry)
 DT
 DE Mycobacterium intracellulare partial 16S rDNA sequence, SEQ ID 5.
 XX
 XX microorganism detection; mycobacterium infection; antibacterial; ds.
 XX
 XX Mycobacterium intracellulare.
 OS
 XX JP2005204582-A.
 PN
 XX 04-AUG-2005.
 PD
 XX 23-JAN-2004; 2004JP-00015195.
 PF
 XX 23-JAN-2004; 2004JP-00015195.
 PR
 XX (ASAH) ASAH KASEI KK.
 PA
 XX Oda N;
 PI
 XX WPI; 2005-526965/54.
 DR
 XX New single-stranded oligonucleotide, useful for amplifying the nucleic
 XX acid of Mycobacterium avium, Mycobacterium intracellulare, and
 PT Mycobacterium kansasii.
 PS
 XX Example 1; SEQ ID NO 5; 14pp; Japanese.

CC The invention relates to a novel single-stranded oligonucleotide used in
 CC a detection method of an atypical mycobacteria group. The invention
 CC further includes: amplifying the nucleic acid of Mycobacterium avium by a
 CC loop-mediated isothermal amplification (LAMP) method; amplifying the
 CC nucleic acid of M. intracellulare by a LAMP method; amplifying the
 CC nucleic acid of M. kansasii by a LAMP method; and a kit for detecting the
 CC nucleic acid of M. avium by a LAMP method; detecting the nucleic acid of
 CC M. intracellulare by a LAMP method; or detecting the nucleic acid of M.
 CC kansasii by a LAMP method. The single-stranded oligonucleotide is useful
 CC in medical applications. This polynucleotide represents a Mycobacterium
 CC intracellulare partial 16S rDNA sequence amplified by the LAMP method of
 CC the invention.

XX
 XX
 SQ Sequence 209 BP; 45 A; 47 C; 73 G; 44 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 14; Length 209;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.44;
 Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 22
 |||||
 Db 24 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 45

RESULT 7
 AEB98761
 ID AEB98761 standard; DNA; 211 BP.
 AC AEB98761;
 XX
 XX 06-OCT-2005 (first entry)
 DT
 DE Mycobacterium tuberculosis partial 16S rDNA sequence, SEQ ID 3.
 XX
 XX microorganism detection; mycobacterium infection; antibacterial; ds.
 XX
 XX Mycobacterium tuberculosis.
 OS
 XX JP2005204582-A.
 PN
 XX 04-AUG-2005.
 PD
 XX 23-JAN-2004; 2004JP-00015195.
 PF
 XX 23-JAN-2004; 2004JP-00015195.
 PR
 XX (ASAH) ASAH KASEI KK.
 PA
 XX Oda N;
 PI
 XX WPI; 2005-526965/54.
 DR
 XX New single-stranded oligonucleotide, useful for amplifying the nucleic
 XX acid of Mycobacterium avium, Mycobacterium intracellulare, and
 PT Mycobacterium kansasii.
 PS
 XX Example 1; SEQ ID NO 3; 14pp; Japanese.

CC The invention relates to a novel single-stranded oligonucleotide used in
 CC a detection method of an atypical mycobacteria group. The invention
 CC further includes: amplifying the nucleic acid of Mycobacterium avium by a
 CC loop-mediated isothermal amplification (LAMP) method; amplifying the
 CC nucleic acid of M. intracellulare by a LAMP method; amplifying the
 CC nucleic acid of M. kansasii by a LAMP method; and a kit for detecting the
 CC nucleic acid of M. avium by a LAMP method; detecting the nucleic acid of
 CC M. intracellulare by a LAMP method; or detecting the nucleic acid of M.
 CC kansasii by a LAMP method. The single-stranded oligonucleotide is useful
 CC in medical applications. This polynucleotide represents a Mycobacterium
 CC intracellulare partial 16S rDNA sequence amplified by the LAMP method of
 CC the invention.

XX
 XX
 SQ Sequence 211 BP; 48 A; 45 C; 74 G; 44 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 14; Length 211;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.44;
 Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 22
 |||||
 Db 24 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 45

RESULT 8
 ADV99481
 ID ADV99481 standard; DNA; 349 BP.
 AC ADV99481;
 XX
 XX 24-FEB-2005 (first entry)
 DT
 XX Meningitis causing bacteria DNA fragment #9.
 DE
 XX ds; antibacterial; antiinflammatory; inflammation; neurological disease;
 XX diagnosis; meningitis; biotchip.
 KW

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XX OS Mycobacterium tuberculosis.
XX PN CN1420123-A.
XX PD 28-MAY-2003.
XX PF 16-NOV-2001; 2001CN-00137478.
XX PR 16-NOV-2001; 2001CN-00137478.
XX PA (JING-) JINGQI BIO CHEM SCI & TECH CO LTD.
XX PI Xu B, Jiang Y, Huang X;
XX PF WIPI; 2004-044307/05.
XX PT A nucleic acid sequence useful for diagnosing pathogenic bacteria for
XX PT meningitides.
XX PS Disclosure; Page 18; 24pp; Chinese.
XX CC The invention relates to a nucleic acid sequence group for quickly
XX CC diagnosing 20 kinds of pathogenic bacteria for meningitis. Its method
XX CC includes comparing the DNA sequences of different pathogenic bacteria,
XX CC choosing special fragments, finding out common primer, designing 3
XX CC specific probe fragments for each pathogenic bacterium, dotting them on
XX CC high-molecular polymer to obtain chip, sampling the DNA of pathogenic
XX CC bacterium of patient, labeling, amplification, and reacting with said
XX CC chip for visually recognizing the pathogenic bacterium. Its advantages are
XX CC high speed and low cost. The present sequence represents a meningitis
XX CC causing bacteria DNA fragment.
XX SQ Sequence 349 BP; 75 A; 82 C; 125 G; 67 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 13; Length 349;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.47;
Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 GCGTGTCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 22
DB 37 GCGTGTCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 58
RESULT 9
AAI92758
ID AAI92758 standard; cDNA; 415 BP.
XX AC AAI92758;
XX DT 06-NOV-2001 (first entry)
XX DE Human polynucleotide SEQ ID NO 12818.
XX KW Human; cytokine; cell proliferation; cell differentiation; gene therapy;
XX KW vaccine; peptide therapy; stem cell growth factor; haematopoiesis;
XX KW tissue growth factor; immunomodulatory; cancer; leukaemia;
XX KW nervous system disorders; arthritis; inflammation; ss.
XX OS Homo sapiens.
XX PN WO200164835-A2.
XX PD 07-SEP-2001.
XX PF 26-FEB-2001; 2001WO-US004927.
XX PR 28-FEB-2000; 2000US-00515126.
XX PR 18-MAY-2000; 2000US-00577409.
XX PA (HYSE-) HYSEQ INC.
XX PI Tang YT, Liu C, Drmanac RT;
XX WIPI; 2001-514838/56.
XX PF PSDB; AAO12827.
XX PT Isolated nucleic acids and polypeptides, useful for preventing diagnosing
XX PT and treating e.g. leukemia, inflammation and immune disorders.
XX PS Claim 1; SEQ ID NO 12818; 1399pp + Sequence Listing; English.
XX CC The invention relates to human polynucleotides (AAI79941-AAI93841) and
XX CC the encoded proteins (AAO00010-AAO13910) that exhibit activity relating to
XX CC cytokine, cell proliferation or cell differentiation or which may induce
XX CC production of other cytokines in other cell populations. The
XX CC polynucleotides and polypeptides are useful in gene therapy, vaccines or
XX CC peptide therapy. The polypeptides have various cytokine-like activities,
XX CC e.g. stem cell growth factor activity, haematopoiesis regulating
XX CC activity/inhibin activity and may be useful in the diagnosis and/or
XX CC treatment of cancer, leukaemia, nervous system disorders, arthritis and
XX CC inflammation. Note: The sequence data for this patent did not form part
XX CC of the printed specification, but was obtained in electronic format
XX CC directly from WIPO at ftp.wipo.int/pub/published_pct_sequences
XX SQ Sequence 415 BP; 86 A; 108 C; 145 G; 76 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 4; Length 415;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.48;
Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 GCGTGTCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 22
DB 47 GCGTGTCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 68
RESULT 10
AAV72337
ID AAV72337 standard; DNA; 421 BP.
XX AC AAV72337;
XX DT 27-AUG-2003 (revised)
XX DT 28-JUL-1999 (first entry)
XX DE Actinomyces sp. 16S rRNA DNA.
XX KW Cellulase; detergent; animal feed; nutritional value; textile;
XX KW stone washing; texture modification; appearance; cellulosic fabric; pulp;
XX KW draining; paper; baking additive; starch treatment; grain;
XX KW high-fructose corn syrup production; ethanol production; fibre reduction;
XX KW milling; 16S rRNA; ss.
XX OS Actinomyces sp.
XX PN WO9925847-A2.
XX PD 27-MAY-1999.
XX PF 18-NOV-1998; 98WO-US024650.
XX PR 19-NOV-1997; 97US-00974041.
XX PR 19-NOV-1997; 97US-00974042.
XX PR 22-JUN-1998; 98US-00102204.
XX PA (GENV) GENENCOR INT INC.
XX PI Jones BS, Van Der Kleij WAH, Van Solingen P, Weyler W;
XX WIPI; 1999-347482/29.
XX PT Cellulase from Actinomycetes.
XX PS Example 4; Fig 6; 37pp; English.

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CC This invention describes a novel cellulase isolated from an Actinomycete
 CC sp. which can be used in detergent compositions, as animal feeds (to
 CC increase nutritional value) and in treatment of textiles (e.g. stone
 CC washing or modifying texture, feel and/or appearance of cellulosic
 CC fabrics, including removal of 'immature' or 'dead' cotton), pulp (to
 CC improve draining) and paper. They may also be used as baking additives,
 CC for treating starch (in production of high-fructose corn syrup or
 CC ethanol) and for treating grain (to reduce fibre during milling).
 CC (Updated on 27-AUG-2003 to correct OS field.)
 XX

QQ Sequence 421 BP; 93 A; 108 C; 146 G; 74 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 2; Length 421;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.48; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 Matches 22; Conservative 0;

QY 1 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 22
 Db 28 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 49

RESULT 11

ADW94995/C
 ID ADW94995 standard; DNA; 422 BP.

XX

AC ADW94995;

XX 21-APR-2005 (first entry)

XX Clostridium botulinum 16S ribosomal RNA gene fragment, SEQ ID 2.

XX Antibacterial; Gastrointestinal-Gen.; Vaccine; microorganism;

KW 16S ribosomal RNA; 16S rRNA; enteropathy; ds.

XX Clostridium botulinum.

PN FR2858330-Al.

XX 04-FEB-2005.

XX 01-AUG-2003; 2003FR-00009562.

PR 01-AUG-2003; 2003FR-00009562.

XX (CEVA-) CEVA SANTE ANIMALE SA.

PI Butty PJL;

DR WPI; 2005-134516/15.

DR GENBANK; L37588.

PT New species Clostridium butylinum, useful in vaccines for treatment and
 PT prevention of enteropathy in rabbits.

XX Disclosure; SEQ ID NO 2; 52pp; French.

XX The present invention relates to a novel species of bacterium,
 CC Clostridium butylinum (Cb), which was isolated from rabbits. Cb is
 CC phylogenetically close to C. botulinum, C. novyi, C. sporogenes and C.
 CC sordeilli. The first 420 nucleotides of its 16S ribosomal RNA gene is over
 CC 95% identical with ADW94994. Cb, or compositions containing it, are used
 CC to prepare vaccines for prevention and/or treatment of enteropathy in
 CC rabbits, particularly rabbit epizootic and/or mucoid enteropathies. Cb
 CC was deposited with the Collection Nationale de Cultures de
 CC Microorganismes (CNCM) under number CNCM I-3029. The present sequence was
 CC used in a sequence homology alignment with the ADW94994 sequence of Cb.

XX Sequence 422 BP; 89 A; 132 C; 91 G; 110 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 14; Length 422;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.48; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 Matches 22; Conservative 0;

QY 1 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 22
 Db 421 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 400

RESULT 12

ADQ74829
 ID ADQ74829 standard; DNA; 428 BP.

XX

AC ADQ74829;

XX 09-SEP-2004 (first entry)

XX Rhodococcus pyridinivorans dioxin associated 16S rDNA.

KW Rhodococcus sp. Probio-43; dioxin; dioxin-degrading activity; wastewater;
 KW sewage; river; sea; soil; 16S rDNA; ds.

XX Rhodococcus pyridinivorans.

PN KR2003091605-A.

PD 03-DEC-2003.

XX 28-MAY-2002; 2002KR-00029721.

PR 28-MAY-2002; 2002KR-00029721.

XX (PROB-) PROBIONIC INC.

XX Cho YG, Lee IS, Park YH, Yoon JH;

DR WPI; 2004-264438/25.

XX Novel microorganism Rhodococcus sp. probio-43 degrading dioxin.

XX Example 2; SEQ ID NO 1; 6pp; Korean.

XX The invention describes a novel microorganism Rhodococcus sp. Probio-43
 CC degrading dioxin, which effectively degrades and removes dioxin from the
 CC environment. A novel microorganism Rhodococcus sp. Probio-43 (KCCM 10380)
 CC is characterized by having dioxin-degrading activity. Also described is a
 CC composition for removing dioxin from wastewater, sewage, river, sea or
 CC soil characteristically contains Rhodococcus sp. Probio-43 (KCCM 10380).
 CC This sequence represents Rhodococcus pyridinivorans 16S rDNA associated
 CC with the degrading dioxin of the invention.

XX Sequence 428 BP; 94 A; 105 C; 149 G; 80 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 12; Length 428;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.48; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 Matches 22; Conservative 0;

QY 1 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 22
 Db 15 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 36

RESULT 13

ADH48069
 ID ADH48069 standard; DNA; 436 BP.

XX

AC ADH48069;

XX 25-MAR-2004 (first entry)

XX Arthrobacter nicotianae 16S rDNA sequence SEQ ID NO:3.

KW alpha-H-alpha-amino acid amide racemase; enzyme; microorganism;
 KW racemisation; enantiomerically enriched alpha-H-alpha-amino acid amide;
 KW L-alpha-H-alpha-amino acid; D-alpha-H-alpha-amino acid amide;
 KW D-alpha-H-alpha-amino acid; L-alpha-H-alpha-amino acid amide;
 KW enantioselective amidase; gene; ds; 16S rDNA.

XX OS Arthrobacter nicotianae.
 XX PN WO2003106691-A1.
 XX PD 24-DEC-2003.
 XX PF 13-JUN-2003; 2003WO-NL000423.
 XX PR 14-JUN-2002; 2002EP-00100711.
 XX PR 20-DEC-2002; 2002EP-00080631.
 XX PA (STAM) DSM IP ASSETS BV.
 XX PI Boesten WHJ, Raemakers-Franken PC, Sonke T, Euvrink GJM;
 XX PI Griffpstra P;
 XX DR WPI; 2004-099017/10.
 XX PT Novel isolated Ochrobactrum anthropi 1A or Arthrobacter nicotianae alpha-
 PT H-alpha-amino acid amide racemase polypeptide, useful for racemization of
 PT an enantiomerically enriched alpha-H-alpha-amino acid amide.
 XX Example 2; SEQ ID NO 3; 78pp; English.
 XX CC The present invention describes an alpha-H-alpha-amino acid amide
 CC racemase (I). Also described: (1) isolated fusion protein (II) made by
 CC expression of a nucleic acid sequence encoding (I) operatively linked to
 CC one or more nucleic acid sequences, which encode (a) marker
 CC polypeptide(s); (2) nucleic acid sequence (III) encoding (I) or (II); (3)
 CC vector (IV) comprising (III); (4) host cell (V) comprising and expressing
 CC (III) or (IV); (5) isolating (MI) a microorganism displaying alpha-H-
 CC alpha-amino acid amide racemase activity; (6) microorganism (VI)
 CC obtainable by (MI); (7) Agrobacterium rhizogenes Na deposited under
 CC number NCIMB 41127; A. rhizogenes B1 deposited under number NCIMB 41128.
 CC Arthrobacter nicotianae deposited under number NCIMB 41126. Ochrobactrum
 CC anthropi 1A deposited under number NCIMB 41129; (8) isolating (M2) a
 CC nucleic acid encoding polypeptide with alpha-H-alpha-amino acid amide
 CC racemase activity, involves carrying out (M1), and isolating the nucleic
 CC acid sequence from the obtained microorganism(s) by a standard method;
 CC (9) nucleic acid sequence (VII) obtainable by (M2); (10) preparation of
 CC (I); and (11) polypeptide produced by above mentioned method. (I), (V) or
 CC (VI) can be used for racemisation of an enantiomerically enriched alpha-H-
 CC alpha-amino acid amide, where the racemisation is performed in the
 CC presence of (I), in the presence of (V) or (VI). (I), (V) or (VI) can
 CC also be used for preparing enantiomerically enriched alpha-H-alpha-amino
 CC acid amides or for preparing L-alpha-H-alpha-amino acid from the
 CC corresponding D-alpha-H-alpha-amino acid amide or for preparing D-alpha-H-
 CC alpha-amino acid from the corresponding L-alpha-H-alpha-amino acid
 CC amide, which involves carrying out the process in the presence of an
 CC enantioselective amidase and in the presence of (I), (V) or (VI). The
 CC present sequence represents the 16S rDNA sequence of Arthrobacter
 CC nicotianae NCIMB 41126, which is used in an example from the present
 CC invention.
 XX SQ Sequence 436 BP; 97 A; 107 C; 151 G; 81 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 12; Length 436;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.48;
 Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 GGGTCTTAACATGCAAGTC 22
 DB 3 GGGTCTTAACATGCAAGTC 24
 RESULT 14
 ADQ74847
 ID ADQ74847 standard; DNA; 447 BP.
 XX AC
 XX ADQ74847;
 XX DT 09-SEP-2004 (first entry)
 Rhodococcus zopfii dioxin degradation associated 16S rDNA.
 Rhodococcus sp. Probio-42; dioxin; dioxin-degrading activity; wastewater;
 sewage; river; sea; soil; 16S rDNA; ds.
 Rhodococcus zopfii.
 KR2003091604-A.
 03-DEC-2003.
 28-MAY-2002; 2002KR-00029720.
 28-MAY-2002; 2002KR-00029720.
 (PROB-) PROBIONIC INC.
 Cho YG, Lee IS, Park YH, Yoon JH;
 WPI; 2004-278632/26.
 Novel microorganism rhodococcus sp. probio-42 degrading dioxin.
 Example 2; SEQ ID NO 1; 6pp; Korean.
 The invention describes a novel microorganism Rhodococcus sp. Probio-42
 degrading dioxin, which effectively degrades and removes dioxin from the
 environment. A novel microorganism Rhodococcus sp. Probio-42 (KCCM 10379)
 is characterized by having dioxin-degrading activity. Also described is a
 composition for removing dioxin from wastewater, sewage, river, sea or
 soil characteristically contains Rhodococcus sp. Probio-42 (KCCM 10379).
 This sequence represents Rhodococcus zopfii 16S rDNA associated with
 dioxin degradation.
 Sequence 447 BP; 103 A; 106 C; 158 G; 80 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 12; Length 447;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.49;
 Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 GGGTCTTAACATGCAAGTC 22
 DB 15 GGGTCTTAACATGCAAGTC 36
 RESULT 15
 ABZ76674
 ID ABZ76674 standard; DNA; 460 BP.
 XX AC ABZ76674;
 XX DT 30-APR-2003 (first entry)
 DE Microtetraspora recticatena IF014525 DNA sequence SEQ ID NO:5.
 Streptomyces sp. TM-7; pravastatin; compactin; hyperlipidaemia;
 antilipaeamic; microorganism; gene; ds.
 Nonomuraea recticatena.
 WO200299109-A1.
 12-DEC-2002.
 30-MAY-2002; 2002WO-JP005252.
 01-JUN-2001; 2001JP-00166412.
 (SAOC) MERCIAN CORP.
 Fujii T, Hirose S, Aritoku Y, Morimiyu T, Johdo O, Ishihiki K;

DR WPI; 2003-148672/14.
 XX
 PT Novel Streptomyces sp. produced polypeptide for hydroxylation of
 PT compactin at 6beta-position and its encoded DNA, applicable in
 PT constructing transformant microbes to synthesize pravastatin for treating
 PT hyperlipidemia.
 XX
 PS Disclosure; Page 50-51, 67pp; Japanese.
 XX
 CC The present invention describes a DNA sequence which contains a base
 CC sequence from bases 544-1758 in the sequence of (1) with 1992 base pairs,
 CC or a DNA hybridisable with the DNA under stringent conditions and
 CC encoding a polypeptide with hydroxylase activity on compactin at 6beta-
 CC position. Also described: (1) DNA containing base sequences from bases
 CC 544-1758 and from bases 1782-1970 in the sequence of (1) or a DNA
 CC hybridisable with the DNA under stringent conditions and encoding a
 CC polypeptide with hydroxylase activity on compactin at the 6beta-position;
 CC (2) a polypeptide encoded by any of the DNA or containing an amino acid
 CC sequence based on the polypeptide but with some amino acids deleted,
 CC substituted or added and having hydroxylase activity on compactin at the
 CC 6beta-position; (3) a recombinant DNA obtained by integrating with any of
 CC the DNA; (4) a microorganism transferred with the recombinant DNA; (5) a
 CC process for producing pravastatin by culturing the transformant
 CC microorganism before isolating the culture liquor or cells, and addition
 CC of compactin for reaction to give pravastatin for recovery; and (6)
 CC Streptomyces sp. TM-6 (FERM BP-8002) or TM-7 (FERM BP-8003). (1) has
 CC antilipase activity. The polypeptide and its encoded DNA are applicable
 CC in constructing transformant microorganisms to synthesise pravastatin for
 CC treating hyperlipidaemia. With the recombinant microorganisms,
 CC pravastatin can be produced efficiently, with much less 6alpha
 CC hydroxylated epimer formed. The present sequence represents a
 CC Microterasporea rectitena IF014525 nucleotide sequence, which is given
 CC in the exemplification of the present invention
 XX
 SQ Sequence 460 BP; 97 A; 119 C; 166 G; 78 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 8; Length 460;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.49;
 Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Caps 0;
 QY 1 GCCTGCTTACACATGCAAGTC 22
 DB 15 GCCTGCTTACACATGCAAGTC 36
 Search completed: April 7, 2006, 19:22:24
 Job time : 224 secs

GenCore version 5.1.7
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OM nucleic - nucleic search, using sw model

Run on: April 7, 2006, 19:15:09 ; Search time 1708.5 Seconds
(without alignments)
602.468 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-697-802A-42

Perfect score: 22

Sequence: 1 ggggttaacacatgcaagtc 22

Scoring table: IDENTITY_NUC

Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 1.0

Searched: 41078325 seqs, 23393541228 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 82156650

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%
Maximum Match 100%
Listing first 45 summaries

Database :

EST:*

1: gb_est1:*
2: gb_est2:*
3: gb_est3:*
4: gb_hic:*
5: gb_est4:*
6: gb_est5:*
7: gb_est6:*
8: gb_est7:*
9: gb_gsa1:*
10: gb_gsa2:*
11: gb_gsa3:*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	22	100.0	139	3	BP926260 BP926260
C 2	22	100.0	273	7	CR476562 CR476562
C 3	22	100.0	278	6	CD098227 ME1-0019T
C 4	22	100.0	309	7	CR460297 CR460297
C 5	22	100.0	313	1	AI903761 IL-BT037-
C 6	22	100.0	356	6	CD122074 ME1-0071G
C 7	22	100.0	456	3	BP924166 BP924166
C 8	22	100.0	513	6	CA282280 SCAGSD204
C 9	22	100.0	576	7	CN205661 Tor5069 G
C 10	22	100.0	591	7	CN207299 Tor7720 G
C 11	22	100.0	615	6	CD459102 F908 05d1
C 12	22	100.0	641	6	CA285433 SCEQSD107
C 13	22	100.0	650	7	CN204419 Tor4810 G
C 14	22	100.0	657	7	CN208729 Tor9226 G
C 15	22	100.0	663	6	CD096847 ME1-0010T
C 16	22	100.0	722	6	CD164440 ML1-0087T
C 17	22	100.0	725	7	CN204148 Tor4539 G
C 18	22	100.0	740	6	CD164477 ML1-0087T
C 19	22	100.0	744	6	CD164478 ML1-0087T
C 20	22	100.0	887	10	CL693661 PR10162A
C 21	21	95.5	654	9	BH578749 BOGY133TF
C 22	20.4	92.7	83	10	CW352030 fdbb001f0

23	20.4	92.7	102	6	CA808630
24	20.4	92.7	120	7	CK054617
25	20.4	92.7	128	9	BH567017
26	20.4	92.7	149	10	CW422586
27	20.4	92.7	151	1	AV637151
28	20.4	92.7	160	9	BH602265
29	20.4	92.7	162	8	DN477390
30	20.4	92.7	164	9	CC728503
31	20.4	92.7	167	9	CC728495
32	20.4	92.7	172	6	CD831917
33	20.4	92.7	179	3	BP906725
34	20.4	92.7	179	3	BP907080
35	20.4	92.7	179	3	BP907569
36	20.4	92.7	179	3	BP907695
37	20.4	92.7	179	3	BP908232
38	20.4	92.7	180	9	BH718241
39	20.4	92.7	184	10	CW055265
40	20.4	92.7	188	9	BZ500623
41	20.4	92.7	191	7	CK906470
42	20.4	92.7	195	8	CK944922
43	20.4	92.7	200	9	BZ483020
44	20.4	92.7	204	6	CA809833
45	20.4	92.7	204	9	BH704086

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1
LOCUS BP926260 139 bp mRNA linear EST 23-FEB-2005
DEFINITION BP926260 full-length enriched poplar cDNA library Populus nigra
ACCESSION BP926260
VERSION BP926260.1 GI:60207890
KEYWORDS EST.
SOURCE Populus nigra
ORGANISM Populus nigra
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 139)
AUTHORS Nanjo,T., Futamura,N., Nishiguchi,M., Igasaki,T., Shinozaki,K. and Shinohara,K.
TITLE Characterization of full-length enriched expressed sequence tags of stress-treated poplar leaves
JOURNAL Plant Cell Physiol. 45 (12), 1738-1748 (2004)
PUBMED 15653793
COMMENT Contact: Tokihiko Nanjo
Molecular and Cell Biology
Forestry and Forest Products Research Institute (FFPRI)
1 Matsunosato, Tsukuba, Ibaraki, 305-8687, Japan
Tel: 81-29-873-3211
Fax: 81-29-873-0507
Email: nanjo@affrc.go.jp.
FEATURES
source
1..139
/organism="Populus nigra"
/mol_type="mRNA"
/db_xref="taxon:3691"
/clone="PnFL1-057_E19.f"
/sex="Female"
/tissue_type="leaf"
/dev_stage="juvenile"
/clone_lib="full-length enriched poplar cDNA library"
/note="Synonym: Populus nigra var. italica"

ORIGIN
Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 3; Length 139;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.1;
Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 GCGTGTAAACATGCAAGTC 22

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Db      44 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 65
|||||
CR476562 273 bp mRNA linear EST 07-JUL-2004
LOCUS CR476562 Rat pBluescript Lion Rattus norvegicus cDNA clone
DEFINITION LI0NP463H07412 3', mRNA sequence.
ACCESSION CR476562
VERSION CR476562.1 GI:49902552
KEYWORDS EST.
SOURCE Rattus norvegicus (Norway rat)
ORGANISM Rattus norvegicus
Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia;
Sciurognathi; Muridea; Muridae; Murinae; Rattus.
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 273)
AUTHORS Henrich, J., Hermanns, J., Kranz, H., Loebbert, R., Schluster, T.,
Schuette, D., Weindel, M., Heil, O., Ebert, L., Neubert, P., Peters, M.,
Radelof, U., Schneider, D. and Korn, B.
TITLE Rat ArrayTAG cDNA
JOURNAL Unpublished (2004)
COMMENT Contact: Inge Arlart
RZPD Deutsches Ressourcenzentrum fuer Genomforschung GmbH
Heubnerweg 6, D-14059 Berlin, Germany
Email: www.rzpd.de
RZPD; LI0NP463H07412.
RZPDLIB;
Rat ArrayTAG cDNA
http://www.rzpd.de/cgi-
bin/products/showlib.pl.cgi?response?libNo=463 Contact: Inge Arlart
RZPD Deutsches Ressourcenzentrum fuer Genomforschung GmbH
Heubnerweg 6, D-14059 Berlin, Germany
Tel: +49 30 32639 100
Fax: +49 30 32639 111
www.rzpd.de
This clone is available royalty-free from RZPD;
contact RZPD (clone@rzpd.de) for further information. Seq primer:
RP: CAGAAACACGCTGAC.

FEATURES
source
1..273
/organism="Rattus norvegicus"
/mol_type="mRNA"
/db_xref="taxon:10116"
/clone="LI0NP463H07412"
/lab_host="DH10B"
/clone_lib="Rat pBluescript Lion"

ORIGIN
Query Match. 100.0%; Score 22; DB 7; Length 273;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.4;
Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 22
|||||
Db 259 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 238
|||||

RESULT 3
LOCUS CD098227/c
DEFINITION ME1-0019T-V084-H03-U-B ME1-0019 Schistosoma mansoni cDNA clone
ACCESSION CD098227
VERSION CD098227.1 GI:34648701
KEYWORDS EST.
SOURCE Schistosoma mansoni
ORGANISM Schistosoma mansoni
Eukaryota; Metazoa; Platyhelminthes; Trematoda; Digenea;
Strigeidida; Schistosomatidae; Schistosomatidae; Schistosoma.
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 278)
AUTHORS Verjovski-Almeida, S., DeMarco, R., Martins, E.A.L., Guimaraes, P.E.M.,

Ojopi, E.P.B., Paquola, A.C.M., Piazza, J.P., Nishiyama, M.Y. Jr.,
Kitajima, J.P., Adamson, R.E., Ashton, P.D., Bonaldo, M.F., Ho, P.L.,
Coulson, P.S., Dillon, G.P., Farias, L.P., Gregorio, S.P., Ho, P.L.,
Leite, R.A., Malaquias, L.C.C., Marques, R.C.P., Miyasato, P.A.,
Nascimento, A.L.T.O., Ohlweiler, F.P., Reis, E.M., Ribeiro, M.A.,
Sa, R.G., Stukart, G.C., Soares, M.B., Gargioni, C., Kawano, T.,
Rodrigues, V., Madeira, A.M.B.N., Wilson, R.A., Menck, C.F.M.,
Setubal, J.C., Leite, J.C.C. and Dias-Neto, E.
Transcriptome analysis of the acelomate human parasite Schistosoma
mansoni
Nat. Genet. 35 (2), 148-157 (2003)
12973350
Contact: Dr. Sergio Verjovski-Almeida
Departamento de Bioquímica
Instituto de Química - Universidade de São Paulo
Av. Prof. Lineu Prestes 748 sala 1200, 05508-900 São Paulo - SP,
Brasil
Tel: +55-11-3091-2173
Fax: +55-11-3091-2196
Email: verjowski@usp.br
This sequence was derived from the FAPESP Schistosoma mansoni EST
Genome Project. All sequences in the project were assembled and
annotated. This entry and all the assembled sequences can be seen
in the following URL http://bioinfo.iq.usp.br/schisto/
Plate: ME1-0019T-V084 row: 3 column: H.
Location/Qualifiers
1..278
/organism="Schistosoma mansoni"
/mol_type="mRNA"
/db_xref="taxon:6183"
/clone="ME1-0019T-V084-H03.B"
/sex="mixed pool"
/dev_stages="egg"
/lab_host="Mus musculus"
/clone_lib="ME1-0019"
/note="Vector: pGEM T-easy"

ORIGIN
Query Match. 100.0%; Score 22; DB 6; Length 278;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.4;
Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 22
|||||
Db 235 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 214
|||||

RESULT 4
LOCUS CR460297
DEFINITION CR460297 Rat pBluescript Lion Rattus norvegicus cDNA clone
ACCESSION CR460297
VERSION CR460297.1 GI:49592646
KEYWORDS EST.
SOURCE Rattus norvegicus (Norway rat)
ORGANISM Rattus norvegicus
Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia;
Sciurognathi; Muridea; Muridae; Murinae; Rattus.
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 309)
AUTHORS Henrich, J., Hermanns, J., Kranz, H., Loebbert, R., Schluster, T.,
Schuette, D., Weindel, M., Heil, O., Ebert, L., Neubert, P., Peters, M.,
Radelof, U., Schneider, D. and Korn, B.
TITLE Rat ArrayTAG cDNA
JOURNAL Unpublished (2004)
COMMENT Contact: Inge Arlart
RZPD Deutsches Ressourcenzentrum fuer Genomforschung GmbH
Heubnerweg 6, D-14059 Berlin, Germany
Email: www.rzpd.de
RZPD; LI0NP463B04397.
RZPDLIB;
Rat ArrayTAG cDNA

```

http://www.rzpd.de/cgi-bin/products/showlib.pl.cgi?response?libNo=463 Contact: Inge Arian RZPD Deutsches Ressourcenzentrum fuer Genomforschung GmbH Heubnerweg 6, D-14059 Berlin, Germany
Tel: +49 30 32639 100
Fax: +49 30 32639 111
www.rzpd.de
This clone is available royalty-free from RZPD; contact RZPD (clone@rzpd.de) for further information. Seq primer: RP: CAGGAACAGTATGAC.

FEATURES
source
Location/Qualifiers
1..309
/organism="Rattus norvegicus"
/mol_type="mRNA"
/db_xref="taxon:10116"
/clone="LIONP463B04397"
/lab_host="DH10B"
/clone_lib="Rat pBluescript Lion"

ORIGIN

Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 7; Length 309;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.4;
Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 GCGTCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 22
|||||
Db 41 GCGTCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 62
|||||

RESULT 5

AI903761/c
LOCUS IL-BT037-211198-005 BT037 Homo sapiens cDNA, mRNA sequence.
DEFINITION AI903761
ACCESSION AI903761.1 GI:6494148
VERSION
KEYWORDS
SOURCE Homo sapiens (human)
ORGANISM Homo sapiens

REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 313)
AUTHORS Dias Neto E., Garcia Correa R., Verjovski-Almeida S., Briones M.R., Nagai M.A., da Silva W. Jr., Zago M.A., Bordin S., Costa F.F., Goldman G.H., Carvalho A.F., Matsukuma A., Baia G.S., Simpson D.H., Brunstein A., de Oliveira P.S., Bucher P., Jongeneel C.V., O'Hare M.J., Soares F., Brentani R., Reis L.F., de Souza S.J. and Simpson A.J.
TITLE Shotgun sequencing of the human transcriptome with ORF expressed sequence tags
JOURNAL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 97 (7), 3491-3496 (2000)
PUBMED 10737800
COMMENT Contact: Simpson A.J.G.
Laboratory of Cancer Genetics
Ludwig Institute for Cancer Research
Rua Prof. Antonio Prudente 109, 4 andar, 01509-010, Sao Paulo-SP, Brazil
Tel: +55-11-2704922
Fax: +55-11-2707001
Email: asimpson@ludwig.org.br

This sequence was derived from the FAPESP/LICR Human Cancer Genome Project. This entry can be seen in the following URL (http://www.ludwig.org.br/seq/gethtml.pl?tl=il<2=il-BT037-005.html&t3=211198&t4=1)
Seq primer: puc 18 forward.
FEATURES
source
Location/Qualifiers
1..313
/organism="Homo sapiens"
/mol_type="mRNA"
/db_xref="taxon:9606"
/sex="female"
/dev_stage="Adult"
/clone_lib="BT037"

ORIGIN

Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 1; Length 313;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.4;
Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 GCGTCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 22
|||||
Db 270 GCGTCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 249
|||||

RESULT 6

CD122074/c
LOCUS ME1-0071G-Al60-E04-1.B ME1-0071 Schistosoma mansoni cDNA clone
DEFINITION ME1-0071G-Al60-E04.B, mRNA sequence.
ACCESSION CD122074
VERSION
KEYWORDS
SOURCE Schistosoma mansoni
ORGANISM Schistosoma mansoni

REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 356)
AUTHORS Verjovski-Almeida S., DeMarco R., Martins E.A.L., Guimaraes P.E.M., Ojopi E.P.B., Paquiao A.C.M., Piazza J.P., Nishiyama M.Y. Jr., Kitajima J.P., Adamson R.E., Ashton P.D., Bonaldo M.F., Coulson P.S., Dillon G.P., Farias L.P., Gregorio S.P., Ho P.L., Leite R.A., Malaquias L.C.C., Marques R.C.P., Miyasato P.A., Nascimento A.L.T.O., Ohlweiler F.P., Reis E.M., Ribeiro M.A., Sa R.G., Stukart G.C., Soares M.B., Gargioni C., Kawano T., Rodrigues V., Madeira A.M.B.N., Wilson R.A., Menck C.F.M., Setubal J.C., Leite L.C.C. and Dias-Neto E.
TITLE Transcriptome analysis of the acelomate human parasite Schistosoma mansoni
JOURNAL Nat. Genet. 35 (2), 148-157 (2003)
PUBMED 12973350
COMMENT Other ESTs: ME1-0071G-Al60-E04-2.B
Contact: Dr. Sergio Verjovski-Almeida
Departamento de Bioquímica
Instituto de Química - Universidade de São Paulo
Av. Prof. Lineu Prestes 748 sala 1200, 05508-900 São Paulo - SP, Brasil
Tel: +55-11-3091-2173
Fax: +55-11-3091-2186
Email: verjoe@iq.usp.br

This sequence was derived from the FAPESP Schistosoma mansoni EST Genome Project. All sequences in the project were assembled and annotated. This entry and all the assembled sequences can be seen in the following URL http://bioinfo.iq.usp.br/schisto/
Plate: ME1-0071G-Al60 row: 4 column: E.
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Location/Qualifiers
1..356
/organism="Schistosoma mansoni"
/mol_type="mRNA"
/db_xref="taxon:6183"
/clone="ME1-0071G-Al60-E04.B"
/sex="mixed pool"
/dev_stage="egg"
/lab_host="Mus musculus"
/clone_lib="ME1-0071"
/note="Vector: pGEM T-easy"

ORIGIN

Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 6; Length 356;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.5;

/note="Organ: breast; Vector: puc18; Site_1: SmaI; Site_2: SmaI; A mini-library was made by cloning products derived from ORESTES PCR (U.S. Letters Patent application No. 196,716 - Ludwig Institute for Cancer Research) profiles into the pUC 18 vector. Reverse transcription of tissue mRNA and cDNA amplification were performed under low stringency conditions."

Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 22
 |||||
 Db 310 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 289

RESULT 7
 BP924166 456 bp mRNA linear EST 23-FEB-2005
 LOCUS BP924166 full-length enriched poplar cDNA library Populus nigra
 DEFINITION cDNA clone PnFL1-029_B19.f 5', mRNA sequence.

ACCESSION BP924166
 VERSION BP924166.1 GI:60205608
 KEYWORDS EST.
 SOURCE Populus nigra
 ORGANISM Populus nigra
 Eukaryota; Viridiplantae; Streptophyta; Embryophyta; Tracheophyta;
 Spermatophyta; Magnoliophyta; eudicotyledons; core eudicotyledons;
 Rosids; eurosids I; Malpighiales; Salicaceae; Populus.

REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 456)
 AUTHORS Nanjo,T., Futamura,N., Nishiguchi,M., Igasaki,T., Shinozaki,K. and Shinozaki,K.
 TITLE Characterization of full-length enriched expressed sequence tags of stress-treated poplar leaves
 JOURNAL Plant Cell Physiol. 45 (12), 1738-1748 (2004)
 PUBMED 15653793
 COMMENT Contact: Tokihiko Nanjo
 Molecular and Cell Biology
 Forestry and Forest Products Research Institute (FFPRI)
 1 Matsumoto, Tsukuba, Ibaraki, 305-8687, Japan
 Tel: 81-29-873-3211
 Fax: 81-29-873-0507
 Email: nanjo@affrc.go.jp.

FEATURES
 source Location/Qualifiers
 1..456
 /organism="Populus nigra"
 /mol_type="mRNA"
 /db_xref="taxon:3691"
 /clone="PnFL1-029_B19.f"
 /sex="female"
 /tissue_type="leaf"
 /dev_stage="juvenile"
 /clone_lib="full-length enriched poplar cDNA library"
 /note="synonym: Populus nigra var. italica"

ORIGIN
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 3; Length 456;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2,6;
 Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 22
 |||||
 Db 43 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 64

RESULT 8
 CA282280 513 bp mRNA linear EST 26-SEP-2003
 LOCUS CA282280 Saccharum officinarum cDNA clone SCAGSD2042H09
 DEFINITION 5', mRNA sequence.

ACCESSION CA282280
 VERSION CA282280.1 GI:36013534
 KEYWORDS EST.
 SOURCE Saccharum officinarum
 ORGANISM Saccharum officinarum
 Eukaryota; Viridiplantae; Streptophyta; Embryophyta; Tracheophyta;
 Spermatophyta; Magnoliophyta; Liliopsida; Poales; Poaceae; PACCAD
 clade; Panicoideae; Andropogoneae; Saccharum; Saccharum officinarum
 complex.

REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 513)
 AUTHORS Vettore,A.L., da Silva,F.R., Kemper,E.L. and Arruda,P.
 TITLE The libraries that made SUCEST

JOURNAL Genet. Mol. Biol. 24 (1-4), 1-7 (2001)
 COMMENT Contact: Arruda P
 Centro de Biologia Molecular e Engenharia Genetica
 Universidade Estadual de Campinas
 Caixa Postal 6010, 13083-970, Campinas SP, Brazil
 Tel: 55 19 3788 1137
 Fax: 55 19 3788 1089
 Email: parruda@unicamp.br
 Clone distribution: clone distribution information can be found
 through the Brazilian Clone Collection Center (BCCC) at
 http://www.bcccenter.fcav.unesp.br
 Plate: 042 row: H column: 09
 Seq primer: T7 Promoter Primer.
 Location/Qualifiers
 1..513
 /organism="Saccharum officinarum"
 /mol_type="mRNA"
 /db_xref="taxon:4547"
 /clone="SCAGSD2042H09"
 /lab_host="DH10B"
 /clone_lib="SD2"
 /note="Organ: Developing seeds (small insert library);
 Vector: pSport1; Site 1: SalI; Site 2: NotI; An
 unidirectional cDNA library generated from [Developing
 seeds (small insert library)]. cDNA was prepared from
 polyA+ mRNA using Superscript Plasmid System Kit
 (Invitrogen). The double-strand cDNAs were fractionated
 in a sepharose CL-2B 40cm-columns and fragments sizing
 between 0.8 and 1.5 Kb were directionally cloned into the
 vector. Details of each source of RNA and library
 construction can be obtained at
 http://sucest.lad.ic.unicamp.br/public"

ORIGIN
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 6; Length 513;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2,6;
 Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 22
 |||||
 Db 12 GCGTGCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 33

RESULT 9
 CN205661 576 bp mRNA linear EST 30-APR-2004
 LOCUS CN205661 Tortula ruralis cDNA, mRNA
 DEFINITION Tort6069 Gametophyte rehydration library Tortula ruralis cDNA, mRNA
 sequence.
 ACCESSION CN205661
 VERSION CN205661.1 GI:46902392
 KEYWORDS EST.
 SOURCE Tortula ruralis
 ORGANISM Tortula ruralis
 Eukaryota; Viridiplantae; Streptophyta; Embryophyta; Bryophyta;
 Bryopsida; Dicranidae; Pottiaceae; Tortula.

REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 576)
 AUTHORS Oliver,M.J., Dowd,S.E., Zaragosa,J., Mauget,S.A. and Payton,P.R.
 TITLE The rehydration transcriptome of the desiccation-tolerant bryophyte
 Tortula ruralis: transcript classification and analysis
 JOURNAL BMC Genomics 5 (1), 89 (2004)
 PUBMED 15546486
 COMMENT Contact: Oliver Melvin J
 Plant Stress Lab
 USDA-ARS
 3810 4th St, Lubbock, TX 79415, USA
 Tel: 806-749-5560
 Fax: 806-723-5272
 Email: moliver@lbrk.ars.usda.gov
 PCR Primers
 FORWARD: GTTTTCCAGTCACGAC
 BACKWARD: CAGAAACAGTCATGAC.
 Location/Qualifiers
 1..576

FEATURES
 source

```

/organism="Tortula ruralis"
/mol_type="mRNA"
/db_xref="taxon:38588"
/clone_lib="Gametophyte rehydration Library"
/note="Organ: Green Gametophyte; Vector: pSport1; Site_1:
SalI; Site_2: NotI"

ORIGIN
Query Match      100.0%; Score 22; DB 7; Length 576;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.7;
Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 GCGTGTCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 22
    |||||
DB 85 GCGTGTCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 106

RESULT 10
LOCUS CN207299 591 bp mRNA linear EST 30-APR-2004
DEFINITION Tor7720 Gametophyte rehydration Library Tortula ruralis cDNA, mRNA
sequence.
ACCESSION CN207299
VERSION CN207299.1 GI:46904030
KEYWORDS EST.
SOURCE Tortula ruralis
ORGANISM Tortula ruralis
REFERENCE Eukaryota; Viridiplantae; Streptophyta; Embryophyta; Bryophyta;
AUTHORS Bryopsida; Dicranidae; Pottiales; Pottiaceae; Tortula.
TITLE Oliver, M.J., Dowd, S.E., Zaragosa, J., Mauget, S.A. and Payton, P.R.
The rehydration transcriptome of the desiccation-tolerant bryophyte
Tortula ruralis: transcript classification and analysis
JOURNAL BMC Genomics 5 (1), 89 (2004)
PUBMED 15546486
COMMENT Contact: Oliver Melvin J
Plant Stress Lab
USDA-ARS
3810 4th St, Lubbock, TX 79415, USA
Tel: 806-749-5560
Fax: 806-723-5272
Email: moliver@lbrk.ars.usda.gov
PCR PRIMERS
FORWARD: GTTTCACGATCAGC
BACKWARD: CAGGAACAGCTATGAC.
Location/Qualifiers
1..591
/organism="Tortula ruralis"
/mol_type="mRNA"
/db_xref="taxon:38588"
/clone_lib="Gametophyte rehydration Library"
/note="Organ: Green Gametophyte; Vector: pSport1; Site_1:
SalI; Site_2: NotI"

ORIGIN
Query Match      100.0%; Score 22; DB 7; Length 591;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.7;
Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 GCGTGTCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 22
    |||||
DB 259 GCGTGTCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 280

RESULT 11
LOCUS CD459102/c 615 bp mRNA linear EST 14-JUN-2004
DEFINITION Fg08_05d10_A Fg08 AAFPC ECORC_Fusarium graminearum complex_substrate
Gibberella zeae cDNA clone Fg08_05d10, mRNA sequence.
ACCESSION CD459102
VERSION CD459102.3 GI:48688875
KEYWORDS EST.
SOURCE Gibberella zeae

/organism="Gibberella zeae"
Eukaryota; Fungi; Ascomycota; Pezizomycotina; Sordariomycetes;
Hypocreomycetidae; Hypocreales; Nectriaceae; Gibberella.
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 615)
AUTHORS Watson, R.J., Heyes, R., Chapados, J., Couroux, P., Harris, L.J.,
Hattori, J., Lacroix, C., Ouellet, T., Robert, L.S., Singh, J.A.,
Spott, D. and Tinker, N.A.
A cDNA library prepared from Fusarium graminearum grown on a
complex plant substrate
Unpublished (2003)
COMMENT On Jun 3, 2003 this sequence version replaced gi:40466770.
Contact: Watson, Robert J.
Eastern Cereal and Oilseed Research Centre
Agriculture and Agri-food Canada
Bldg. 20, Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa, Ontario, K1A 0C6,
CANADA
Tel: (613) 759-1655
Fax: (613) 759-1701
Email: watsonrj@agr.gc.ca.
Location/Qualifiers
1..615
/organism="Gibberella zeae"
/mol_type="mRNA"
/strain="DAOM 180378"
/db_xref="taxon:5518"
/clone="Fg08_05d10"
/tissue_type="Mycelium"
/dev_stage="Asexual"
/lab_host="E. coli DH10B"
/clone_lib="Fg08_AAFPC_ECORC_Fusarium_graminearum_complex_s
ubstrate"
/note="Vector: pBluescript II+; Site_1: EcoRI; Site_2:
XhoI; Fusarium graminearum grown on a complex plant
substrate-- wheat leaves treated to remove most of the low
molecular weight, water-soluble components."

ORIGIN
Query Match      100.0%; Score 22; DB 6; Length 615;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.7;
Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 GCGTGTCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 22
    |||||
DB 381 GCGTGTCTTAACACATGCAAGTC 360

RESULT 12
LOCUS CA285433 641 bp mRNA linear EST 26-SEP-2003
DEFINITION SCQSD1076H11.g SD1 Saccharum officinarum cDNA clone SCEQSD1076H11
5', mRNA sequence.
ACCESSION CA285433
VERSION CA285433.1 GI:36025694
KEYWORDS EST.
SOURCE Saccharum officinarum
ORGANISM Saccharum officinarum
Eukaryota; Viridiplantae; Streptophyta; Embryophyta; Tracheophyta;
Spermatophyta; Magnoliophyta; Liliopsida; Poales; Poaceae; PACCAD
clade; Panicoideae; Andropogoneae; Saccharum; Saccharum officinarum
complex.
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 641)
AUTHORS Vettore, A.L., da Silva, F.R., Kemper, E.L. and Arruda, P.
TITLE The libraries that made SUCEST
JOURNAL Genet. Mol. Biol. 24 (1-4), 1-7 (2001)
COMMENT Contact: Arruda P
Centro de Biologia Molecular e Engenharia Genetica
Universidade Estadual de Campinas
Caixa Postal 6010, 13083-970, Campinas SP, Brazil
Tel: 55 19 3788 1137
Fax: 55 19 3788 1089
Email: parruda@unicamp.br
Clone distribution: clone distribution information can be found
through the Brazilian Clone Collection Center (BCCC) at

```

http://www.bcccenter.fcav.unesp.br

Plate: 076 row: H column: 11

Seq primer: T7 Promoter Primer.

Location/Qualifiers

FEATURES

source

1. .641

/organism="Saccharum officinarum"

/mol_type="mRNA"

/db_xref="taxon:4547"

/clone="SCEQSD1076H11"

/lab_host="DH10B"

/clone_lib="SD1"

/notes="Organ: Developing seeds (large insert library); Vector: pSport1; Site 1: Sali; Site 2: NotI; An unidirectional cDNA library generated from [developing seeds (large insert library)]. cDNA was prepared from polyA+ mRNA using Superscript Plasmid System Kit (Invitrogen). The double-strand cDNAs were fractionated in a sepharose CL-2B 40cm-column and fragments sizing between 0.8 and 1.5 Kb were directionally cloned into the vector. Details of each source of RNA and library construction can be obtained at http://sucet.lad.ic.unicamp.br/public"

ORIGIN

Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 6; Length 641;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.7; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 GCGTGTAAACATGCAAGTC 22

Db 12 GCGTGTAAACATGCAAGTC 33

RESULT 13

CN204419

LOCUS

DEFINITION CN204419 650 bp mRNA linear EST 30-APR-2004

Tor4810 Gametophyte rehydration Library Tortula ruralis cDNA, mRNA

sequence.

ACCESSION CN204419

VERSION CN204419.1 GI:46901150

KEYWORDS EST.

SOURCE Tortula ruralis

ORGANISM Tortula ruralis

Eukaryota; Viridiplantae; Streptophyta; Embryophyta; Bryophyta;

Bryopsida; Dicranidae; Pottiaceae; Tortula.

1 (bases 1 to 650)

Oliver,M.J., Dowd,S.E., Zaragosa,J., Mauget,S.A. and Payton,P.R.

The rehydration transcriptome of the desiccation-tolerant bryophyte

Tortula ruralis: transcript classification and analysis

BMC Genomics 5 (1), 89 (2004)

JOURNAL

PUBMED

COMMENT

15546486

Contact: Oliver Melvin J

Plant Stress Lab

3810 4th St. Lubbock, TX 79415, USA

Tel: 806-749-5560

Fax: 806-723-5272

Email: moliver@lbk.ars.usda.gov

PCR Primers

FORWARD: GTTTCCAGTCACGAC

BACKWARD: CAGGAACAGCTATGAC.

Location/Qualifiers

1. .650

/organism="Tortula ruralis"

/mol_type="mRNA"

/db_xref="taxon:38588"

/clone_lib="Gametophyte rehydration Library"

/note="Organ: Green Gametophyte; Vector: pSport1; Site_1:

Sali; Site_2: NotI"

ORIGIN

Query Match

Best Local Similarity

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100.0%; Pred. No. 2.7;

Matches

22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY

1 GCGTCTTAACATGCAAGTC 22

Db

18 GCGTCTTAACATGCAAGTC 39

RESULT 14

CN208729

LOCUS

DEFINITION

CN208729 657 bp mRNA linear EST 30-APR-2004

Tor9226 Gametophyte rehydration Library Tortula ruralis cDNA, mRNA

sequence.

ACCESSION CN208729

VERSION CN208729.1 GI:46905460

KEYWORDS EST.

SOURCE Tortula ruralis

ORGANISM Tortula ruralis

Eukaryota; Viridiplantae; Streptophyta; Embryophyta; Bryophyta;

Bryopsida; Dicranidae; Pottiaceae; Tortula.

1 (bases 1 to 657)

Oliver,M.J., Dowd,S.E., Zaragosa,J., Mauget,S.A. and Payton,P.R.

The rehydration transcriptome of the desiccation-tolerant bryophyte

Tortula ruralis: transcript classification and analysis

BMC Genomics 5 (1), 89 (2004)

JOURNAL

PUBMED

COMMENT

15546486

Contact: Oliver Melvin J

Plant Stress Lab

3810 4th St. Lubbock, TX 79415, USA

Tel: 806-749-5560

Fax: 806-723-5272

Email: moliver@lbk.ars.usda.gov

PCR Primers

FORWARD: GTTTCCAGTCACGAC

BACKWARD: CAGGAACAGCTATGAC.

Location/Qualifiers

1. .657

/organism="Tortula ruralis"

/mol_type="mRNA"

/db_xref="taxon:38588"

/clone_lib="Gametophyte rehydration Library"

/note="Organ: Green Gametophyte; Vector: pSport1; Site_1:

Sali; Site_2: NotI"

ORIGIN

Query Match

Best Local Similarity

100.0%; Score 22; DB 7; Length 657;

100.0%; Pred. No. 2.7;

Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY

1 GCGTCTTAACATGCAAGTC 22

Db

224 GCGTCTTAACATGCAAGTC 245

RESULT 15

CD096847/c

LOCUS

DEFINITION

CD096847 663 bp mRNA linear EST 14-SEP-2003

ME1-0010T-M117-G11-U-G ME1-0010 Schistosoma mansoni cDNA clone

sequence.

ACCESSION CD096847

VERSION CD096847.1 GI:34647360

KEYWORDS EST.

SOURCE Schistosoma mansoni

ORGANISM Schistosoma mansoni

Eukaryota; Metazoa; Platyhelminthes; Trematoda; Digenea;

Strigeidida; Schistosomatidae; Schistosoma.

1 (bases 1 to 663)

Verjovski-Almeida,S., DeMarco,R., Martins,E.A.L., Guimaraes,P.E.M.,

Ojopi,E.P.B., Paquola,A.C.M., Piazza,J.P., Nishiyama,M.Y. Jr.,

Kitajima,J.P., Adamson,R.E., Ashton,P.D., Bonafide,M.F., Ho,P.L.,

Coulson,P.S., Dillon,G.P., Farias,L.P., Gregorio,S.P., Ho,P.L.,

Leite,R.A., Malaquias,L.C.C., Marques,R.C.P., Miyasato,P.A.,

Nascimento,A.L.T.O., Ohlweiler,F.P., Reis,E.M., Ribeiro,M.A.,

Sa, R.G., Stukart, G.C., Soares, M.B., Gargioni, C., Kawano, T.,
Rodrigues, V., Madeira, A.M.B.N., Wilson, R.A., Menck, C.F.M.,
Setubal, J.C., Leite, L.C.C. and Dias-Neto, E.
Transcriptome analysis of the acelomate human parasite Schistosoma
mansoni
Nat. Genet. 35 (2), 148-157 (2003)

TITLE
JOURNAL
PUBMED
COMMENT

Contact: Dr. Sergio Verjovski-Almeida
Departamento de Bioquímica
Instituto de Química - Universidade de São Paulo
Av. Prof. Lineu Prestes 748 sala 1200, 05508-900 São Paulo - SP,
Brasil
Tel: +55-11-3091-2173
Fax: +55-11-3091-2186
Email: verjov@iq.usp.br

This sequence was derived from the FAPESP Schistosoma mansoni EST
Genome Project. All sequences in the project were assembled and
annotated. This entry and all the assembled sequences can be seen
in the following URL <http://bioinfo.iq.usp.br/schisto/>
Plate: ME1-0010T-M117 row: 11 column: G.

FEATURES

Location/Qualifiers
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/organism="Schistosoma mansoni"
/mol_type="mRNA"
/db_xref="taxon:6183"
/clone="ME1-0010T-M117-G11.G"
/sex="mixed pool"
/dev_stage="egg"
/lab_host="Mus musculus"
/clone_lib="ME1-0010"
/note="Vector: pGEM T-easy"

ORIGIN

Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 6; Length 663;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.7;
Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 GCGTCTTAACATGCAAGTC 22
DB 642 GCGTCTTAACATGCAAGTC 621

Search completed: April 7, 2006, 20:19:34
Job time : 1718.5 secs

GenCore version 5.1.7
Copyright (c) 1993 - 2006 Bioacceleration Ltd.

OM nucleic - nucleic search, using sw model

Run on: April 7, 2006, 19:08:28 ; Search time 1183 Seconds
(without alignments)
1057.106 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-697-802A-82

Perfect score: 22

Sequence: 1 tctctctgatatctgcgcattc 22

Scoring table: IDENTITY_NUC

Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 1.0

Searched: 5883141 seqs, 28421725653 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 11766282

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

Database :

GenEmbl.*

1: gb_ba.*

2: gb_in.*

3: gb_env.*

4: gb_cm.*

5: gb_ov.*

6: gb_pat.*

7: gb_ph.*

8: gb_pr.*

9: gb_ro.*

10: gb_sts.*

11: gb_sy.*

12: gb_un.*

13: gb_vl.*

14: gb_htg.*

15: gb_pl.*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Match	Length	DB ID	Description
C 1	22	100.0	163	3	UAU85181
C 2	22	100.0	185	3	UAU85175
C 3	22	100.0	189	3	UAU85191
C 4	22	100.0	210	3	AF045838
C 5	22	100.0	213	3	AF045837
C 6	22	100.0	216	3	AF045840
C 7	22	100.0	236	3	UAU85185
C 8	22	100.0	259	3	UAU85184
C 9	22	100.0	270	3	AY897639
C 10	22	100.0	291	1	AI1653
C 11	22	100.0	298	1	SSP270383
C 12	22	100.0	298	1	SSP270384
C 13	22	100.0	298	3	UAU85186
C 14	22	100.0	299	1	SSP270378
C 15	22	100.0	311	3	UAU85174
C 16	22	100.0	316	3	AY886739
C 17	22	100.0	316	3	UAU85180
C 18	22	100.0	317	1	SSP270373

C 19	22	100.0	318	1	SSP270374
C 20	22	100.0	319	3	UAU85179
C 21	22	100.0	319	3	UAU85188
C 22	22	100.0	320	3	AY886733
C 23	22	100.0	320	3	UAU85177
C 24	22	100.0	326	3	AY897685
C 25	22	100.0	330	3	AF143761
C 26	22	100.0	331	1	MCC16SRNA
C 27	22	100.0	331	1	MCH16SRNA
C 28	22	100.0	331	1	MMFRNA16S
C 29	22	100.0	333	3	UAU85178
C 30	22	100.0	336	3	UAU85176
C 31	22	100.0	340	1	AF250414
C 32	22	100.0	340	1	AF488639
C 33	22	100.0	340	3	BSPX91529
C 34	22	100.0	341	3	UAU85187
C 35	22	100.0	346	3	AF240478
C 36	22	100.0	346	3	UNC225376
C 37	22	100.0	348	3	BSPS13
C 38	22	100.0	348	3	UNC225370
C 39	22	100.0	351	3	AY886688
C 40	22	100.0	353	1	AY267529
C 41	22	100.0	353	3	UNC225379
C 42	22	100.0	355	1	AJ630198
C 43	22	100.0	356	3	UNC225341
C 44	22	100.0	358	1	SSP270379
C 45	22	100.0	358	1	AY827935

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1
UAU85181/c
LOCUS
DEFINITION
ACCESSION
VERSION
KEYWORDS
SOURCE
ORGANISM
REFERENCE
AUTHORS
TITLE
JOURNAL
PUBMED
REFERENCE
AUTHORS
TITLE
JOURNAL
FEATURES

UUAU85181
Unidentified actinomycetales clone ACK-M17 16S ribosomal RNA gene,
partial sequence.
U85181
ENV.
ENV.
uncultured actinomycete
Bacteria; Actinobacteria; Actinobacteridae; Actinomycetales;
environmental samples.
1 (bases 1 to 163)
Hicorns W.D., Methe, B.A., Nierzwicki-Bauer, S.A. and Zehr, J.P.
Bacterial diversity in Adirondack mountain lakes as revealed by 16S
rRNA gene sequences
Appl. Environ. Microbiol. 63 (7), 2957-2960 (1997)
9212443
2 (bases 1 to 163)
Methe, B.A.
Direct Submission
Submitted (13-JAN-1997) Biology Department, Rensselaer Polytechnic
Institute, 110 8th Street, Troy, NY 12180-3590, USA
Location/Qualifiers
1. 163
/organism="uncultured actinomycete"
/mol_type="genomic DNA"
/db_xref="taxon:100235"
/clone="ACK-M17"
/environmental_sample
/note="Uncultivated organism in integrated epilimnetic
sample from Moss Lake, NY, USA"
<1. >163
/product="16S ribosomal RNA"

Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 3; Length 163;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 4e+03;

Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TCCTCTGATATCTCGCATTC 22

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Db 109 TCCTCTGATATCTGGCATT 88
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RESULT 2
UAU85175/c
LOCUS UAU85175 185 bp DNA linear ENV 03-MAY-2004
DEFINITION Unidentified actinomycetales clone ACK-C53 16S ribosomal RNA gene,
partial sequence.
ACCESSION U85175
VERSION U85175.1 GI:2281359
KEYWORDS ENV.
SOURCE uncultured actinomycete
ORGANISM uncultured actinomycete
Bacteria; Actinobacteria; Actinobacteridae; Actinomycetales;
environmental samples.
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 185)
AUTHORS Hiorns, W.D., Methe, B.A., Nierzwicki-Bauer, S.A. and Zehr, J.P.
TITLE Bacterial diversity in Adirondack mountain lakes as revealed by 16S
rRNA gene sequences
JOURNAL Appl. Environ. Microbiol. 63 (7), 2957-2960 (1997)
PUBMED 9212443
REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 185)
AUTHORS Methe, B.A.
TITLE Direct Submission
JOURNAL Submitted (13-JAN-1997) Biology Department, Rensselaer Polytechnic
Institute, 110 8th Street, Troy, NY 12180-3590, USA
FEATURES
source
1. 185
/organism="uncultured actinomycete"
/mol_type="genomic DNA"
/db_xref="taxon:100235"
/clone="ACK-C53"
/environmental_sample
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sample from Carry Pond, NY, USA"
<1. >185
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100.0%; Score 22; DB 3; Length 185;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.8e+03;
Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

ORIGIN
Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 3; Length 185;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.8e+03;
Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TCCTCTGATATCTGGCATT 22
|||||
Db 63 TCCTCTGATATCTGGCATT 42
|||||

RESULT 3
UAU85191/c
LOCUS UAU85191 189 bp DNA linear ENV 03-MAY-2004
DEFINITION Unidentified actinomycetales clone ACK-M2 16S ribosomal RNA gene,
partial sequence.
ACCESSION U85191
VERSION U85191.1 GI:2281375
KEYWORDS ENV.
SOURCE uncultured actinomycete
ORGANISM uncultured actinomycete
Bacteria; Actinobacteria; Actinobacteridae; Actinomycetales;
environmental samples.
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 189)
AUTHORS Hiorns, W.D., Methe, B.A., Nierzwicki-Bauer, S.A. and Zehr, J.P.
TITLE Bacterial diversity in Adirondack mountain lakes as revealed by 16S
rRNA gene sequences
JOURNAL Appl. Environ. Microbiol. 63 (7), 2957-2960 (1997)
PUBMED 9212443
REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 189)
AUTHORS Methe, B.A.
TITLE Direct Submission
JOURNAL Submitted (13-JAN-1997) Biology Department, Rensselaer Polytechnic
Institute, 110 8th Street, Troy, NY 12180-3590, USA
FEATURES
source
1. 189
/organism="uncultured actinomycete"
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sample from Moss Lake, NY, USA"
<1. >189
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rRNA
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Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.6e+03;
Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

ORIGIN
Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 3; Length 210;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.6e+03;
Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TCCTCTGATATCTGGCATT 22
|||||
Db 60 TCCTCTGATATCTGGCATT 39
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RESULT 5
AF045837/c
LOCUS AF045837 213 bp DNA linear ENV 04-MAY-2004
DEFINITION Uncultured bacterium clone L3a 16S ribosomal RNA gene, partial
sequence.
ACCESSION AF045837
VERSION AF045837.1 GI:4105466
KEYWORDS ENV.

```

SOURCE
ORGANISM uncultured bacterium
Bacteria; environmental samples.
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 213)
AUTHORS Williams, K.P., Sizemore, R.K. and Bartl, S.
TITLE Characterization of the bacterial population in the blood of the ascidian, *Ascidia interrupta*
JOURNAL Unpublished
REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 213)
AUTHORS Williams, K.P., Sizemore, R.K. and Bartl, S.
TITLE Direct Submission
JOURNAL Submitted (04-FEB-1998) Biological Sciences, UNCW, 601 South College Rd., Wilmington, NC 28403, USA
FEATURES
source Location/Qualifiers
1..213 /organism="uncultured bacterium"
/mol_type="genomic DNA"
/specific_host="Ascidia interrupta"
/db_xref="taxon:77133"
/clone="L3a"
/environmental sample
/note="PCR-amplified from bacteria isolated from ascidian blood using bacterial 16S rDNA-specific primers"
<1..>213
/product="16S ribosomal RNA"
rRNA
ORIGIN
Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 3; Length 213;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.6e+03;
Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
Qy 1 TCCTCTGATATCTGGCATTC 22
Db 61 TCCTCTGATATCTGGCATTC 40
RESULT 6
AF045840/c
LOCUS AF045840 216 bp DNA linear ENV 04-MAY-2004
DEFINITION Uncultured bacterium clone L8b 16S ribosomal RNA gene, partial sequence.
ACCESSION AF045840
VERSION AF045840.1 GI:4105469
KEYWORDS ENV.
SOURCE uncultured bacterium
ORGANISM Bacteria; environmental samples.
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 216)
AUTHORS Williams, K.P., Sizemore, R.K. and Bartl, S.
TITLE Characterization of the bacterial population in the blood of the ascidian, *Ascidia interrupta*
JOURNAL Unpublished
REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 216)
AUTHORS Williams, K.P., Sizemore, R.K. and Bartl, S.
TITLE Direct Submission
JOURNAL Submitted (04-FEB-1998) Biological Sciences, UNCW, 601 South College Rd., Wilmington, NC 28403, USA
FEATURES
source Location/Qualifiers
1..216 /organism="uncultured bacterium"
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/db_xref="taxon:77133"
/clone="L8b"
/environmental sample
/note="PCR-amplified from bacteria isolated from ascidian blood using bacterial 16S rDNA-specific primers"
<1..>216
/product="16S ribosomal RNA"
rRNA
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Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.6e+03;
Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
Qy 1 TCCTCTGATATCTGGCATTC 22
Db 58 TCCTCTGATATCTGGCATTC 37
RESULT 7
UAU85185/c
LOCUS UAU85185 236 bp DNA linear ENV 03-MAY-2004
DEFINITION Unidentified actinomycetales clone ACK-C3 16S ribosomal RNA gene, partial sequence.
ACCESSION U85185
VERSION U85185.1 GI:2281369
KEYWORDS ENV.
SOURCE uncultured actinomycete
ORGANISM Bacteria; Actinobacteriia; Actinobacteridae; Actinomycetales; environmental samples.
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 236)
AUTHORS Hiorns, W.D., Methe, B.A., Nierzwicki-Bauer, S.A. and Zehr, J.P.
TITLE Bacterial diversity in Adirondack mountain lakes as revealed by 16S rRNA gene sequences
JOURNAL Appl. Environ. Microbiol. 63 (7), 2957-2960 (1997)
PUBMED 9212443
REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 236)
AUTHORS Methe, B.A.
TITLE Direct Submission
JOURNAL Submitted (13-JAN-1997) Biology Department, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, 110 8th Street, Troy, NY 12180-3590, USA
FEATURES
source Location/Qualifiers
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/db_xref="taxon:100235"
/clone="ACK-C3"
/environmental sample
/note="Uncultivated organism in integrated epilimnetic sample from Carry Pond, NY, USA"
<1..>236
/product="16S ribosomal RNA"
rRNA
ORIGIN
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Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.5e+03;
Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
Qy 1 TCCTCTGATATCTGGCATTC 22
Db 95 TCCTCTGATATCTGGCATTC 74
RESULT 8
UAU85184/c
LOCUS UAU85184 259 bp DNA linear ENV 03-MAY-2004
DEFINITION Unidentified actinomycetales clone ACK-DH8 16S ribosomal RNA gene, partial sequence.
ACCESSION U85184
VERSION U85184.1 GI:2281368
KEYWORDS ENV.
SOURCE uncultured actinomycete
ORGANISM Bacteria; Actinobacteriia; Actinobacteridae; Actinomycetales; environmental samples.
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 259)
AUTHORS Hiorns, W.D., Methe, B.A., Nierzwicki-Bauer, S.A. and Zehr, J.P.
TITLE Bacterial diversity in Adirondack mountain lakes as revealed by 16S rRNA gene sequences
JOURNAL Appl. Environ. Microbiol. 63 (7), 2957-2960 (1997)
PUBMED 9212443
REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 259)
AUTHORS Methe, B.A.
TITLE Direct Submission

ORIGIN
/PRODUCTS-16S RIBOSOMAL RNA

Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 1; Length 298;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.2e+03;
 Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TCCTCTGATATCTGGCATTTC 22
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 Db 145 TCCTCTGATATCTGGCATTTC 124

RESULT 12
 SSP270384/c 298 bp DNA linear BCT 13-DEC-2000
 LOCUS Saccharomonospora sp. 42-193 partial 16S rRNA gene, isolate 42-193.
 DEFINITION
 ACCESSION AJ270384
 VERSION AJ270384.1 GI:11863700
 KEYWORDS 16S ribosomal RNA; 16S rRNA gene.
 SOURCE Saccharomonospora sp. 42-193
 ORGANISM Saccharomonospora sp. 42-193
 Bacteria; Actinobacteria; Actinobacteridae; Actinomycetales;
 Pseudonocardineae; Pseudonocardiaaceae; Saccharomonospora.

REFERENCE 1
 AUTHORS Salazar, O., Moron, R. and Genilloud, O.
 TITLE New genus-specific primers for the PCR identification of members of the genus Saccharomonospora and evaluation of the microbial diversity of wild-type isolates of Saccharomonospora detected from soil DNAs

JOURNAL Int. J. Syst. Evol. Microbiol. 50 Pt 6, 2043-2055 (2000)
 PUBMED 11155979
 REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 298)
 AUTHORS Genilloud, O.
 TITLE Direct Submission
 JOURNAL Submitted (22-SEP-1999) Genilloud O., Centro de Investigacion Basica, NPDD-Merck Research Labs., Merck, Sharp & Dohme de Espana, S.A., Josefa Valcarcel 34, Madrid, SPAIN

FEATURES
 Location/Qualifiers
 1..298
 /organism="Saccharomonospora sp. 42-193"
 /mol_type="genomic DNA"
 /isolates="42-193"
 /db_xref="taxon:105467"
 /country="Mexico"
 gene 1..298
 /gene="16S rRNA"
 rRNA <1..>298
 /genes="16S rRNA"
 /product="16S ribosomal RNA"

ORIGIN
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 1; Length 298;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.2e+03;
 Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TCCTCTGATATCTGGCATTTC 22
 |||||
 Db 145 TCCTCTGATATCTGGCATTTC 124

RESULT 13
 UA085186/c 298 bp DNA linear ENV 03-MAY-2004
 LOCUS Unidentified actinomycetales clone ACK-C68 16S ribosomal RNA gene, partial sequence.
 DEFINITION
 ACCESSION UA085186
 VERSION UA085186.1 GI:2281370
 KEYWORDS ENV.
 SOURCE uncultured actinomycete
 ORGANISM uncultured actinomycete
 Bacteria; Actinobacteria; Actinobacteridae; Actinomycetales;

REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 298)
 AUTHORS Hiorns, W.D., Methe, B.A., Nierzwicki-Bauer, S.A. and Zehr, J.P.
 TITLE Bacterial diversity in Adirondack mountain lakes as revealed by 16S

rRNA gene sequences
 Appl. Environ. Microbiol. 63 (7), 2957-2960 (1997)
 9212443
 REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 298)
 AUTHORS Methe, B.A.
 TITLE Direct Submission
 JOURNAL Submitted (13-JAN-1997) Biology Department, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, 110 8th Street, Troy, NY 12180-3590, USA

FEATURES
 Location/Qualifiers
 1..298
 /organism="uncultured actinomycete"
 /mol_type="genomic DNA"
 /db_xref="taxon:100235"
 /clone="ACK-C68"
 /environmental_sample
 /note="Uncultivated organism in integrated epilimnetic sample, from Carry Pond, NY, USA"
 <1..>298
 /product="16S ribosomal RNA"

ORIGIN
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 3; Length 298;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.2e+03;
 Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TCCTCTGATATCTGGCATTTC 22
 |||||
 Db 109 TCCTCTGATATCTGGCATTTC 88

RESULT 14
 SSP270378/c 299 bp DNA linear BCT 13-DEC-2000
 LOCUS Saccharomonospora sp. 42-161 partial 16S rRNA gene, isolate 42-161.
 DEFINITION
 ACCESSION AJ270378
 VERSION AJ270378.1 GI:11863694
 KEYWORDS 16S ribosomal RNA; 16S rRNA gene.
 SOURCE Saccharomonospora sp. 42-161
 ORGANISM Saccharomonospora sp. 42-161
 Bacteria; Actinobacteria; Actinobacteridae; Actinomycetales;
 Pseudonocardineae; Pseudonocardiaaceae; Saccharomonospora.

REFERENCE 1
 AUTHORS Salazar, O., Moron, R. and Genilloud, O.
 TITLE New genus-specific primers for the PCR identification of members of the genus Saccharomonospora and evaluation of the microbial diversity of wild-type isolates of Saccharomonospora detected from soil DNAs

JOURNAL Int. J. Syst. Evol. Microbiol. 50 Pt 6, 2043-2055 (2000)
 PUBMED 11155979
 REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 299)
 AUTHORS Genilloud, O.
 TITLE Direct Submission
 JOURNAL Submitted (22-SEP-1999) Genilloud O., Centro de Investigacion Basica, NPDD-Merck Research Labs., Merck, Sharp & Dohme de Espana, S.A., Josefa Valcarcel 34, Madrid, SPAIN

FEATURES
 Location/Qualifiers
 1..299
 /organism="Saccharomonospora sp. 42-161"
 /mol_type="genomic DNA"
 /isolates="42-161"
 /db_xref="taxon:105461"
 /country="Sri Lanka"
 gene 1..299
 /gene="16S rRNA"
 rRNA <1..>299
 /genes="16S rRNA"
 /product="16S ribosomal RNA"

ORIGIN
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 1; Length 299;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.2e+03;
 Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

```

QY      1 TCCTCTGATATCTGGCATTTC 22
      |||
Db      129 TCCTCTGATATCTGGCATTTC 108

RESULT 15
UAU85174/c
LOCUS   UAU85174          311 bp      DNA      linear      ENV 03-MAY-2004
DEFINITION Unidentified actinomycetales clone ACK-C67 16S ribosomal RNA gene,
partial sequence.
ACCESSION U85174
VERSION   U85174.1 GI:2281358
KEYWORDS ENV.
SOURCE   uncultured actinomycete
ORGANISM uncultured actinomycete
          Bacteria; Actinobacteria; Actinobacteridae; Actinomycetales;
          environmental samples.
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 311)
AUTHORS   Hiorns, W.D.; Methe, B.A., Nierzwicki-Bauer, S.A. and Zehr, J.P.
TITLE     Bacterial diversity in Adirondack mountain lakes as revealed by 16S
          rRNA gene sequences
JOURNAL   Appl. Environ. Microbiol. 63 (7), 2957-2960 (1997)
PUBMED    9212443
REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 311)
AUTHORS   Methe, B.A.
TITLE     Direct Submission
JOURNAL   Submitted (13-JAN-1997) Biology Department, Rensselaer Polytechnic
          Institute, 110 8th Street, Troy, NY 12180-3590, USA
FEATURES             Location/Qualifiers
     source            1..311
                       /organism="uncultured actinomycete"
                       /mol_type="genomic DNA"
                       /db_xref="taxon:100235"
     CDS               1..311
                       /clone="ACK-C67"
                       /environmental sample
                       /notes="Uncultivated organism in integrated epilimnetic
                       sample from Carry Pond, NY, USA"
     rRNA              <1..>311
                       /product="16S ribosomal RNA"

ORIGIN
Query Match      100.0%; Score 22; DB 3; Length 311;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.1e+03;
Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY      1 TCCTCTGATATCTGGCATTTC 22
      |||
Db      109 TCCTCTGATATCTGGCATTTC 88

```

Search completed: April 7, 2006, 20:42:20
Job time : 1186 secs

GenCore version 5.1.7
Copyright (c) 1993 - 2006 Bioacceleration Ltd.

OM nucleic - nucleic search, using sw model

Run on: April 7, 2006, 19:01:48 ; Search time 220 Seconds
(without alignment)
666.469 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-697-802A-82

Perfect score: 22

Sequence: 1 tctctcgatctcgccattc 22

Scoring table: IDENTITY_NUC

Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 1.0

Searched: 4996997 seqs, 3332346308 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 993994

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%
Maximum Match 100%
Listing first 45 summaries

Database : N Geneseq 21.*

- 1: geneseqn1980s.*
- 2: geneseqn1990s.*
- 3: geneseqn2000s.*
- 4: geneseqn2001as.*
- 5: geneseqn2001bs.*
- 6: geneseqn2002as.*
- 7: geneseqn2002bs.*
- 8: geneseqn2003as.*
- 9: geneseqn2003bs.*
- 10: geneseqn2003cs.*
- 11: geneseqn2003ds.*
- 12: geneseqn2004as.*
- 13: geneseqn2004bs.*
- 14: geneseqn2005s.*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	ID	Description
1	22	100.0	22	AEA22481	Aea22481 Acid-fast
2	22	100.0	567	ADR45486	Adr45486 16S rRNA
3	22	100.0	619	ABZ79780	Abz79780 Cellulose
4	22	100.0	619	ADF65480	Adf65480 Novel alp
5	22	100.0	787	AAV43262	Aav43262 Partial 1
6	22	100.0	815	AAF89996	Aaf89996 Nucleotid
7	22	100.0	1062	AAAF5997	Aaf59997 Propionib
8	22	100.0	1062	ACF64826	Acf64826 Propionib
9	22	100.0	1135	ADZ67281	Adz67281 Frigoriba
10	22	100.0	1271	AAV24293	Aav24293 Mycobacte
11	22	100.0	1321	AEA22410	Aea22410 Mycobacte
12	22	100.0	1383	AEA22400	Aea22400 Mycobacte
13	22	100.0	1391	AAAT45276	Aat45276 Corynebac
14	22	100.0	1415	AEA22413	Aea22413 Mycobacte
15	22	100.0	1416	AEA22416	Aea22416 Mycobacte
16	22	100.0	1421	AEA22411	Aea22411 Mycobacte
17	22	100.0	1421	AEA22402	Aea22402 Mycobacte
18	22	100.0	1431	ADK66476	Adk66476 Corynebac
19	22	100.0	1431	ADK66445	Adk66445 Corynebac

C 20	22	100.0	1439	14	AEA22403	Aea22403 Mycobacte
C 21	22	100.0	1449	2	AAQ37639	Aaq37639 Mycobacte
C 22	22	100.0	1449	10	ADG44144	Adg44144 Unknown b
C 23	22	100.0	1449	10	ADG17999	Adg17999 Unknown b
C 24	22	100.0	1449	11	ADL27934	Adl27934 RA3 16S r
C 25	22	100.0	1449	12	ADF47790	Adf47790 Unknown b
C 26	22	100.0	1449	14	AEA22405	Aea22405 Mycobacte
C 27	22	100.0	1449	14	AEA22405	Aea22405 Mycobacte
C 28	22	100.0	1452	13	ADR90573	Adr90573 M intrace
C 29	22	100.0	1452	14	AEA22408	Aea22408 Mycobacte
C 30	22	100.0	1454	14	AEA22401	Aea22401 Mycobacte
C 31	22	100.0	1455	14	AEA22412	Aea22412 Mycobacte
C 32	22	100.0	1456	14	ADZ67282	Adz67282 Frigoriba
C 33	22	100.0	1461	14	AEA22406	Aea22406 Mycobacte
C 34	22	100.0	1462	14	AEA22415	Aea22415 Mycobacte
C 35	22	100.0	1463	14	AEA22409	Aea22409 Mycobacte
C 36	22	100.0	1464	3	AAZ35571	Aaz35571 Mycobacte
C 37	22	100.0	1464	5	AAAS11027	Aas11027 Mycobacte
C 38	22	100.0	1465	10	ADB61680	Adb61680 16S rRNA
C 39	22	100.0	1469	13	ADR90574	Adr90574 M kanesasi
C 40	22	100.0	1472	13	ADR90572	Adr90572 M avium 1
C 41	22	100.0	1482	14	AEA22404	Aea22404 Mycobacte
C 42	22	100.0	1484	14	AEA22414	Aea22414 Mycobacte
C 43	22	100.0	1517	11	AEBS0305	Aeb80305 Organic w
C 44	22	100.0	1524	4	AAAS30719	Aas30719 Mycobacte
C 45	22	100.0	1527	14	AEA22407	Aea22407 Mycobacte
C 45	22	100.0	1536	10	ADB61681	Adb61681 16S rRNA

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1

AEA22481
ID AEA22481 standard; DNA; 22 BP.

XX AEA22481;

XX 25-AUG-2005 (first entry)

XX Acid-fast bacterium reverse (AFB-r) 16S rDNA PCR primer SEQ ID NO:82.

XX microorganism identification; 16S rDNA; 16S ribosomal DNA; PCR; primer;

XX ss.

XX Synthetic.

XX US2005130168-A1.

XX 16-JUN-2005.

XX 31-OCT-2003; 2003US-00697802.

XX 31-OCT-2003; 2003US-00697802.

XX (HANY/) HAN X.

XX (PHAM/) PHAM A S.

XX Han X, Pham AS;

XX WPI; 2005-424597/43.

XX Determining a bacterium species comprises providing oligonucleotide primer set comprising SEQ-FOR and SEQ-REV in a complimentary fashion.

XX Claim 2; SEQ ID NO 82; 74pp; English.

XX The invention relates to a method (M1) for determining a bacterium species. (M1) comprises: (a) culturing a bacterium from a specimen; (b) extracting a genomic nucleotide from the bacterium to provide a nucleotide template; (c) annealing a region of a nucleotide template to a specific oligonucleotide primer set comprising SEQ-FOR and SEQ-REV in a complimentary fashion, the primer set designed to provide a product having a predetermined size dictated by a complimentary primer set; (d)

CC amplifying the region of the nucleotide template to produce the product;
 CC and (e) determining a species of a bacterium in a nucleotide sequence of
 CC the product. Also described is an alternative method (M2) for determining
 CC a bacterium species comprising: (a) providing a specimen or a sample
 CC having a template; (b) providing a pair of primers selected from: (i) a
 CC first forward primer having consecutive bases of an APB-f comprising any
 CC of the 36 sequences of 15-22 bp (AEA22417-AEA22452), or their fragments
 CC or variations and a first reverse primer having consecutive bases of an
 CC APB-r comprising any of the 36 sequences of 15-22 bp (AEA22453-AEA22488)
 CC or their fragments or variations, (ii) a second forward primer having
 CC consecutive bases of an UB-f comprising any of the 28 sequences of 15-21
 CC bp (AEA22489-AEA22516) or their fragments or variations and a second
 CC reverse primer having consecutive bases of an UB-r comprising any of the
 CC 28 sequences of 15-21 bp (AEA22517-AEA22544) or their fragments or
 CC variations, or (iii) a first forward primer having consecutive bases of
 CC an APB-f of AEA22417-AEA22452 or their fragments or variations and a
 CC second reverse primer having consecutive bases of an UB-r of AEA22517-
 CC AEA22544 or their fragments or variations; (c) the specimen; and (d)
 CC comparing the product from the specimen with a nucleotide sequence from a
 CC database to determine the bacterium species present in the specimen. The
 CC methods are useful for determining a bacterium species. The present
 CC sequence represents a reverse PCR primer for amplifying 16S rDNA regions
 CC of acid-fast bacterium (AFB), which is used in the exemplification of the
 CC present invention.

XX SQ Sequence 22 BP; 3 A; 8 C; 3 G; 8 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 14; Length 22;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.74; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0;

QY 1 TCCTCCTGATATCTGCGCATTC 22
 |||||
 DB 1 TCCTCCTGATATCTGCGCATTC 22

RESULT 2
 ADR45486/c
 ID ADR45486 standard; DNA; 567 BP.
 XX AC ADR45486;
 XX DT 18-NOV-2004 (first entry)
 XX DE 16S rRNA gene 357f-518r region DNA fragment SeqID75.
 XX KW 357f-518r; 16S rRNA; beta proteobacterium; ammonia oxidising bacteria;
 KW activated sludge; ammonia liquid treatment plant; chemical oxygen demand;
 KW COD; reduction; nitrification; denitrifying; ds.
 XX OS Unidentified.
 XX PN JP2004242578-A.
 PD 02-SEP-2004.
 XX PF 13-FEB-2003; 2003JP-00035713.
 XX PR 13-FEB-2003; 2003JP-00035713.
 XX PA (YAWA) NIPPON STEEL CORP.
 XX WIPI; 2004-620179/60.
 DR Novel DNA fragment of microorganisms existing in activated sludge of
 PT ammonia liquid treatment plant, useful as index microorganisms for
 PT evaluating nitrification or denitrifying capability of ammonia liquid.
 XX Claim 43; SEQ ID NO 75; 133pp; Japanese.
 PS This invention relates to a novel DNA fragment comprising the 357f-518r
 CC region of the 16S rRNA gene of beta proteobacteria, belonging to the
 CC ammonia oxidising bacteria group, or CFB Bacteroides where bacteria

CC exists in activated sludge of an ammonia liquid treatment plant and used
 CC for chemical oxygen demand (COD) reduction. The invention is useful in
 CC the identification of microorganisms as nitrification or denitrifying
 CC index microorganisms for evaluating the nitrification or denitrifying
 CC capability of ammonia liquid of the activated sludge by fluorescence in
 CC situ hybridisation (FISH). The invention is also useful for developing
 CC apparatus for the processing of ammonia liquid. The DNA fragment enables
 CC evaluation of the nitrification or denitrifying capability of
 CC microorganisms. The present sequence is that of a 16S rRNA gene 357f-518r
 XX region of the invention.

SQ Sequence 567 BP; 129 A; 127 C; 198 G; 112 T; 0 U; 1 Other;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 13; Length 567;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1;
 Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TCCTCCTGATATCTGCGCATTC 22
 |||||
 DB 356 TCCTCCTGATATCTGCGCATTC 335

RESULT 3
 ABZ79780/c
 ID ABZ79780 standard; DNA; 619 BP.
 XX AC ABZ79780;
 XX DT 12-MAY-2003 (first entry)
 XX DE Cellulomonas sp. nucleotide sequence SEQ ID NO:8.
 XX KW Glycoprotein; Saccharomyces cerevisiae; yeast; acidic sugar-chain;
 KW mannose-6-phosphate; lysosomal disease; nephrotropic; haemostatic;
 KW lyszyme; human lysosomal enzyme deficiency; Fabry disease;
 KW Gaucher's disease; lysosomal enzyme; gene; ds.
 XX OS Cellulomonas sp.
 XX PN WO2002103027-A1.
 XX PD 27-DEC-2002.
 XX PF 14-JUN-2002; 2002WO-JP005965.
 XX PR 14-JUN-2001; 2001JP-00190907.

XX PA (NAAD-) NAT INST ADVANCED IND SCI & TECHNOLOGY.
 XX PA (TOKM-) TOKYO METROPOLITAN ORG MEDICAL RES.
 XX PA (TAKE/) TAKEUCHI Y.

XX PI Takeuchi M, Chiba Y, Jigami Y, Sakuraba H, Kobayashi K;
 WIPI; 2003-210100/20.

XX PT Production of glycoproteins by culturing cells transformed with lysosomal
 PT enzyme yeast sugar-chain synthase variant, applicable as labeling marker
 PT for transporting lysozyme of cells and in drug compositions.

XX Example 3; Page 59; 61pp; Japanese.

XX The present invention describes a method (M1) for producing an active
 CC glycoprotein with an acidic sugar-chain containing a mannose-6-phosphate
 CC at its non-reducing terminal comprises using a yeast. Also described: (1)
 CC the glycoproteins produced by (M1), having an acidic sugar-chain
 CC containing mannose-6-phosphate at its non-reducing terminal; (2) drug
 CC compositions for treating and/or preventing lysosomal diseases containing
 CC the glycoproteins; and (3) producing active glycoproteins having a high-
 CC mannose-type sugar-chain that contains a mannose-6-phosphate at its non-
 CC reducing terminal by using yeast. The glycoprotein has nephrotropic and
 CC haemostatic activities. The produced glycoprotein can be used as a
 CC labeling marker for transporting lysozyme and in drug compositions to
 CC treat human lysosomal enzyme deficiency e.g. Fabry disease and Gaucher's

CC disease. The lysosomal enzyme can be produced in large quantities for use
 CC as efficacious drugs. The present sequence represents a *Cellulomonas* sp.
 CC nucleotide sequence, which is used in an example from the present
 CC invention. N.B. The present sequence is designated SEQ ID NO:7 on page 29
 CC but is given as SEQ ID NO:8 in the Sequence Listing

XX
 SQ Sequence 619 BP; 153 A; 146 C; 208 G; 112 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 8; Length 619;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1;
 Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 TCCTCTGATATCTGGCATTTC 22
 |||||
 DB 286 TCCTCTGATATCTGGCATTTC 265

RESULT 4
 ADF65480/c
 ID ADF65480 standard; DNA; 619 BP.
 XX
 AC ADF65480;
 XX
 DT 12-FEB-2004 (first entry)
 XX
 XX Novel alpha-mannosidase related *Cellulomonas* DNA sequence SeqID3.

XX alpha-mannosidase; enzymological; hydrolysis;
 KW glycoprotein saccharide chain; mannose preparation; ds.
 XX
 OS *Cellulomonas* sp.
 XX
 PN JP2002369679-A.
 XX
 PD 24-DEC-2002.
 XX
 PF 14-JUN-2001; 2001JP-00180906.
 XX
 PR 14-JUN-2001; 2001JP-00180906.

XX (DOKU-) DOKURITSU GYOSEI HOJIN SANGYO GIJUTSU SO.
 PA (KIRI) KIRIN BREWERY KK.
 XX
 DR WPI; 2003-600993/57.
 XX
 XX Alpha-mannosidase derived from *Cellulomonas* sp. SO-5 (FERM BP-7628) with
 PT potent enzymic activity on glycoprotein saccharide chain.
 PS
 XX Example 3; SEQ ID NO 3; 16pp; Japanese.

XX This invention relates to a novel alpha-mannosidase which possesses
 CC specific enzymological properties. The enzyme has potent enzymatic
 CC activity (hydrolysis) on glycoprotein saccharide chains which may be
 CC useful in the preparation of mannose.
 XX
 SQ Sequence 619 BP; 153 A; 146 C; 208 G; 112 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 10; Length 619;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1;
 Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 TCCTCTGATATCTGGCATTTC 22
 |||||
 DB 286 TCCTCTGATATCTGGCATTTC 265

RESULT 5
 AAV43262/c
 ID AAV43262 standard; DNA; 787 BP.
 XX
 AC AAV43262;
 XX
 DT 26-OCT-1998 (first entry)

XX Partial 16S DNA sequence of *Arthrobacter*.
 DE

XX 16S DNA sequence; vaccine; protection; farmed; salmonoid fish;
 KW *Renibacterium* salmoninarum; bacterial kidney disease; ss.
 XX

OS *Arthrobacter* sp.
 XX

PN WO9833884-A1.
 XX

XX 06-AUG-1998.
 PD

XX 28-JAN-1998; 98WO-GB000256.
 PF

XX 30-JAN-1997; 97GB-00001897.
 PR

XX (AQUA-) AQUA HEALTH EURO LTD.
 PA

XX Griffiths SG, Saloni K;
 PI

XX WPI; 1998-437441/37.
 DR

XX Immune stimulating agent or vaccine containing non-virulent *Arthrobacter*
 PT - useful for, e.g. protecting salmonoid fish against *Renibacterium*
 PT *salmoninarum*.
 PT

XX Claim 3; Page 11; 16pp; English.
 PS

XX The present sequence represents a partial 16S DNA sequence of
 CC *Arthrobacter* (ATCC 55921). This strain of *Arthrobacter* is used to
 CC produce the immune stimulating agent or vaccine of the invention.
 CC *Arthrobacter* (which shares surface antigens with *R. salmoninarum*)
 CC stimulates powerful specific and non-specific immunity, and since it can
 CC survive in macrophages ensures prolonged stimulation and protection. The
 CC products are used to protect farmed salmonoid fish against *Renibacterium*
 CC *salmoninarum*, the causative agent of bacterial kidney disease
 XX

SQ Sequence 787 BP; 179 A; 173 C; 268 G; 167 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 2; Length 787;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.1;
 Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 TCCTCTGATATCTGGCATTTC 22
 |||||
 DB 696 TCCTCTGATATCTGGCATTTC 675

RESULT 6
 AAF89996/c
 ID AAF89996 standard; DNA; 815 BP.

XX AAF89996;
 AC

XX 06-AUG-2001 (first entry)
 DT

XX Nucleotide sequence of a 16S rDNA sequence from an unknown organism.
 DE

XX Metabolic pathway operon; polyketide; polyketide antibiotic; 16 rDNA; ss.
 KW

XX Unidentified.
 OS

XX WO200140497-A2.
 PN

XX 07-JUN-2001.
 PD

XX 27-NOV-2000; 2000WO-FR003311.
 PF

XX 29-NOV-1999; 99FR-00015032.
 PR

XX 07-JUN-2000; 2000US-0209800P.
 PR

XX (AVET) AVENTIS PHARMA SA.
 PA

XX

PI Jeannin P, Pernodet J, Guerin M, Simonet P, Courtois S;
 PI Cappellano C, Francou F, Raynal A, Ball M, Sezonov G, Tuphile K,
 PI Frostegeard A;
 XX WPI; 2001-374849/39.
 DR Collection of nucleic acids from environmental samples, useful for
 XX identifying e.g. genes encoding polyketide synthases and derived
 XX antibiotics.
 XX Claim 76; Page 253-254; 356pp; French.
 XX The specification describes a method for the preparation of a collection
 CC of nucleic acids from organisms in a soil sample. The method comprises
 CC milling a dried sample to produce microparticles; suspending these in
 CC liquid buffer; extraction of nucleic acids from the microparticle;
 CC passing nucleic acid-enriched solution through a molecular sieve;
 CC passing nucleic acid-containing fractions through an anion exchange
 CC chromatography material; and recovering fractions containing purified
 CC nucleic acids. The nucleic acids are sources for sequences that encode
 CC either operons involved in a metabolic pathway (specifically polyketide
 CC synthesis) or polypeptides, particularly for production of therapeutic or
 CC agricultural compounds, especially polyketide antibiotics. AAF89979-
 CC AAF90025 represent 16S rDNA sequences, which were isolated using the
 CC method of the invention
 XX
 SQ Sequence 815 BP; 193 A; 194 C; 267 G; 161 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 4; Length 815;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.1;
 Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 TCCTCTGATATCTGGCATTC 22
 DB 171 TCCTCTGATATCTGGCATTC 150

RESULT 7
 AAS59697
 ID AAS59697 standard; DNA; 1062 BP.
 XX
 AC AAS59697;
 XX
 DT 13-FEB-2002 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Propionibacterium acnes immunogenic protein encoding DNA #192.
 XX
 KW SAPHO syndrome; synovitis; acne; pustulosis; hypertosis; osteomyelitis;
 KW uveitis; endophthalmitis; bone; joint; central nervous system; ELISA;
 KW inflammatory lesion; acne vulgaris; enzyme linked immunosorbent assay;
 KW dermatological; osteopathic; neuroprotectant; ds.
 XX
 OS Propionibacterium acnes.
 XX
 PN WO200181581-A2.
 XX
 PD 01-NOV-2001.
 XX
 PF 20-APR-2001; 2001WO-US012865.
 XX
 PR 21-APR-2000; 2000US-0199047P.
 XX
 PR 02-JUN-2000; 2000US-0208841P.
 XX
 PR 07-JUL-2000; 2000US-0216747P.
 XX
 PA (CORI-) CORIXA CORP.
 XX
 XX Skeiky YAM, Persing DH, Mitcham JL, Wang SS, Bhatia A;
 PI L'maisonneuve J, Zhang Y, Jen S, Carter D;
 XX
 DR WPI; 2001-616774/71.
 XX
 XX Propionibacterium acnes polypeptides and nucleic acids useful for
 PT vaccinating against and diagnosing infections, especially useful for

PT treating acne vulgaris.
 XX
 PS Claim 1; SEQ ID NO 192; 1069pp; English.
 XX
 CC Sequences AAS59506-AAS59804 represent DNA molecules encoding
 CC Propionibacterium acnes immunogenic polypeptides. The proteins and their
 CC associated DNA sequences are used in the treatment, prevention and
 CC diagnosis of medical conditions caused by P. acnes. The disorders include
 CC SAPHO syndrome (synovitis, acne, pustulosis, hyperostosis and
 CC osteomyelitis), uveitis and endophthalmitis. P. acnes is also involved in
 CC infections of bone, joints and the central nervous system, however it is
 CC particularly involved in the inflammatory lesions associated with acne
 CC vulgaris. A method for detecting the presence or absence of P. acnes in a
 CC patient comprises contacting a sample with a binding agent that binds to
 CC the proteins of the invention and determining the amount of bound protein
 CC in the sample. The polypeptides may be used as antigens in the production
 CC of antibodies specific for P. acnes proteins. These antibodies can be
 CC used to downregulate expression and activity of P. acnes polypeptides and
 CC therefore treat P. acnes infections. The antibodies may also be used as
 CC diagnostic agents for determining P. acnes presence, for example, by
 CC enzyme linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA). This sequence encodes the
 CC polypeptides shown in AAU65867-AAU65877 and AAU67824-AAU67826. Note: The
 CC sequence data for this patent did not form part of the printed
 CC specification, but was obtained in electronic format directly from WIPO
 CC at ftp.wipo.int/pub/published_pct_sequences
 XX
 SQ Sequence 1062 BP; 212 A; 338 C; 304 G; 205 T; 0 U; 3 Other;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 4; Length 1062;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.1;
 Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 TCCTCTGATATCTGGCATTC 22
 DB 46 TCCTCTGATATCTGGCATTC 67

RESULT 8
 ACF64626
 ID ACF64626 standard; DNA; 1062 BP.
 XX
 AC ACF64626;
 XX
 DT 17-OCT-2003 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Propionibacterium acnes DNA contig sequence #192.
 XX
 KW Acne vulgaris; antiseborrheic; dermatological; antibacterial;
 KW immunostimulant; immune response; vaccine; ds.
 XX
 OS Propionibacterium acnes.
 XX
 PN WO2003033515-A1.
 XX
 PD 24-APR-2003.
 XX
 PF 11-OCT-2002; 2002WO-US032727.
 XX
 PR 15-OCT-2001; 2001US-00978825.
 XX
 XX (CORI-) CORIXA CORP.
 PA
 XX Mitcham JL, Skeiky YAM, Persing DH, Bhatia A, Maisonneuve JL;
 PI Zhang Y, Wang S, Jen S, Lodes MJ, Benson DR, Jones R, Carter D;
 PI Barth B, Vallieue-Douglass J;
 XX
 DR WPI; 2003-381789/36.
 XX
 XX New Propionibacterium acnes polypeptides and polynucleotides encoding the
 PT polypeptide, useful for diagnosing, preventing or treating acne vulgaris,
 PT or for stimulating an immune response specific for a P. acnes protein.
 XX
 PS Claim 1; SEQ ID NO 192; 1481pp; English.

XX The invention relates to an isolated polynucleotide (ACF64435-ACF64733) encoding a Propionibacterium acnes protein. The invention also relates to CC polypeptides encoded by the polynucleotides (ABM35634-ABM64536) and to CC immunogenic fragments of P. acnes polypeptides. The invention CC additionally encompasses expression vectors and host cells comprising a CC polynucleotide of the invention; antibodies against polypeptides of the CC polynucleotide of the invention; fusion proteins comprising a polypeptide of the invention; a CC method for stimulating an immune response specific for a P. acnes CC polypeptide and an isolated T cell population comprising T cells prepared CC via this method; a vaccine composition (comprising P. acnes polypeptides, CC polynucleotides, antibodies, fusion proteins, T cell populations, or CC antigen-presenting cells that express the polypeptide); a method and kit CC for detecting or determining the presence or absence of P. acnes in a CC patient; and a method for inhibiting the development of P. acnes in a CC patient. The P. acnes polypeptides, polynucleotides, antibodies, fusion CC proteins, T cell populations or antigen-presenting cells that express the CC polypeptides are useful for diagnosing, preventing or treating acne CC vulgaris, or for stimulating an immune response specific for a P. acnes CC protein. The polynucleotides can also be used as probes or primers for CC nucleic acid hybridisation. The vaccine composition is useful for the CC stimulation of an immune response against P. acnes, or for treating acne, CC and the kit is useful for performing a diagnostic assay. The present CC sequence represents a P. acnes DNA contig which is specifically claimed CC in the invention. Note: The sequence data for this patent did not form CC part of the printed specification, but was obtained in electronic format CC directly from WIPO at ftp.wipo.int/pub/published_pct_sequences

XX SQ Sequence 1062 BP; 212 A; 338 C; 304 G; 205 T; 0 U; 3 Other;

Query Match: 100.0%; Score 22; DB 8; Length 1062;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.1;
Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TCCTCTGATATCTGGGCATTC 22
Db 46 TCCTCTGATATCTGGGCATTC 67

RESULT 9
ADZ67281/C
ID ADZ67281 standard; DNA; 1135 BP.

XX AC ADZ67281;
XX 30-JUN-2005 (first entry)
XX Frigoribacterium genus bacteria FERM P-19528 xylanase DNA.
XX xylanase; paper; pulp; ds.
XX Frigoribacterium.
XX OS
XX PN JP2005102603-A.
XX 21-APR-2005.
XX 30-SEP-2003; 2003JP-00341110.
XX 30-SEP-2003; 2003JP-00341110.
XX (DNIN) DAINIPPON INK & CHEM INC.
XX (UYNI-) UNIV NIPPON.
XX WPI; 2005-300063/31.
XX Novel xylanase capable of acting at preset pH, useful for processing pulp
PT by degrading xylan in paper pulp at alkaline conditions.
XX
XX Claim 6; SEQ ID NO 6; 15pp; Japanese.
XX The invention relates to a novel xylanase capable of acting at a pH
CC ranging from 4-12. The invention further comprises: a Frigoribacterium

CC genus bacteria capable of producing the novel xylanase; a
CC Frigoribacterium genus bacteria having a fully defined 1125 or
CC 1457 base pair sequence (ADZ67281 or ADZ67282) given in the specification
CC and 95% or more homology to 16S rDNA; and a xylan processing agent for
CC processing materials containing a polysaccharide of xylan, comprising the
CC novel xylanase. The xylanase or xylan processing agent is useful for
CC processing pulp. The Frigoribacterium genus bacteria is useful for
CC producing the novel xylanase. The novel xylanase is useful for de-inking
CC paper. The novel xylanase has excellent stability in alkaline conditions
CC compared to conventional xylanase and enables efficient processing of
CC paper pulp in a wide pH range (4-12). This polynucleotide sequence
CC represents the Frigoribacterium genus bacteria FERM P-19528 xylanase DNA
CC of the invention.

XX SQ Sequence 1135 BP; 285 A; 270 C; 359 G; 221 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match: 100.0%; Score 22; DB 14; Length 1135;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.1;
Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TCCTCTGATATCTGGGCATTC 22
Db 324 TCCTCTGATATCTGGGCATTC 303

RESULT 10
AAV24293/C
ID AAV24293 standard; DNA; 1271 BP.

XX AC AAV24293;
XX 14-SEP-1998 (first entry)
XX Mycobacterium tuberculosis 16S ribosomal RNA gene.
XX DE
XX KW Antibacterial; antimycobacterial; oligonucleotide; infection; therapy;
KW ribosome binding site; Shine-Dalgarno; ribosomal RNA; cystic fibrosis;
KW tuberculosis; ss.
XX OS Mycobacterium tuberculosis.
XX PN WO9814567-A2.
XX 09-APR-1998.
XX 30-SEP-1997; 97WO-USO18094.
XX 01-OCT-1996; 96US-0027729P.
XX (ADRE-) ADVANCED RES & TECHNOLOGY INST.
XX Martin WJ, Wisniewski P;
XX WPI; 1998-240079/21.
XX Use of oligo:nucleotide(s) corresponding to bacterial 16S rRNA - for
PT inhibiting bacterial protein expression and treating bacterial infection.
XX Claim 26; Page 60-61; 73pp; English.
XX This polynucleotide comprises the 16S ribosomal RNA (rRNA) gene of
CC Mycobacterium tuberculosis. The invention relates to methods and
CC compositions for the treatment of Gram-negative bacterial infections
CC employing novel oligonucleotides as antimicrobial agents. The
CC oligonucleotides are targeted to the Shine-Dalgarno (SD) region of
CC prokaryotes to inhibit bacterial expression and hence inhibit bacterial
CC infection. They preferably comprise 10-35 consecutive bases of the 3' end
CC of a bacterial 16S rRNA (see also AAV24291-95). An oligonucleotide may
CC also include a transport moiety and may have DNA phosphate modifications
CC to increase nuclease resistance, or may be formulated in a liposome. A
CC claimed method for treating a bacterial infection of a patient comprises
CC administering a liposomal formulation of such an oligonucleotide. The
CC oligonucleotides can be used particularly for treating bacterial

CC infections in pulmonary diseases such as cystic fibrosis or tuberculosis.
 CC Since the SD sequence is not present in eukaryotic cells, the
 CC oligonucleotides provide a pathogen-specific therapeutic method

XX
 SQ Sequence 1271 BP; 260 A; 281 C; 430 G; 300 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 2; Length 1271;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.1;
 Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TCCTCTGATATCTGGCATTC 22
 |||||
 Db 1088 TCCTCTGATATCTGGCATTC 1067

RESULT 11
 ID AEA22410/c
 ID AEA22410 standard; DNA; 1321 BP.
 XX
 AC AEA22410;
 XX
 DT 25-AUG-2005 (first entry)
 DE Mycobacterium kansas 16S rRNA sequence SEQ ID NO:11.
 XX
 KW microorganism identification; 16S rRNA; 16S ribosomal RNA; ds.

OS Mycobacterium kansas
 XX
 PN US2005130168-A1.
 XX
 PD 16-JUN-2005.

PF 31-OCT-2003; 2003US-00697802.
 XX
 PR 31-OCT-2003; 2003US-00697802.

XX (HANK/) HAN X.
 PA (PHAM/) PHAM A S.

XX Han X, Pham AS;
 XX WPI; 2005-424597/43.

XX Determining a bacterium species comprises providing oligonucleotide
 PT primer set comprising SEQ-FOR and SEQ-REV in a complementary fashion.

XX Disclosure; SEQ ID NO 11; 74pp; English.

XX The invention relates to a method (M1) for determining a bacterium
 CC species. (M1) comprises: (a) culturing a bacterium from a specimen; (b)
 CC extracting a genomic nucleotide from the bacterium to provide a
 CC nucleotide template; (c) annealing a region of a nucleotide template to a
 CC specific oligonucleotide primer set comprising SEQ-FOR and SEQ-REV in a
 CC complementary fashion, the primer set designed to provide a product
 CC having a predetermined size dictated by a complementary primer set; (d)
 CC amplifying the region of the nucleotide template to produce the product;
 CC and (e) determining a species of a bacterium in a nucleotide sequence of
 CC the product. Also described is an alternative method (M2) for determining
 CC a bacterium species comprising: (a) providing a specimen or a sample
 CC having a template; (b) providing a pair of primers selected from: (i) a
 CC first forward primer having consecutive bases of an AFB-f comprising any
 CC of the 36 sequences of 15-22 bp (AEA22417-AEA22452), or their fragments
 CC or variations and a first reverse primer having consecutive bases of an
 CC AFB-r comprising any of the 36 sequences of 15-22 bp (AEA22453-AEA22488)
 CC or their fragments or variations, (ii) a second forward primer having
 CC consecutive bases of an UB-f comprising any of the 28 sequences of 15-21
 CC bp (AEA22489-AEA22516) or their fragments or variations and a second
 CC reverse primer having consecutive bases of an UB-r comprising any of the
 CC 28 sequences of 15-21 bp (AEA22517-AEA22544) or their fragments or
 CC variations, or (iii) a first forward primer having consecutive bases of
 CC an AFB-f of AEA22417-AEA22452 or their fragments or variations and a
 CC second reverse primer having consecutive bases of an UB-r of AEA22517-

CC AEA22544 or their fragments or variations; (c) the specimen; and (d)
 CC comparing the product from the specimen with a nucleotide sequence from a
 CC database to determine the bacterium species present in the specimen. The
 CC methods are useful for determining a bacterium species. The present
 CC sequence represents a Mycobacterium kansas 16S rRNA nucleotide sequence,
 CC which is used in the exemplification of the present invention.

XX
 SQ Sequence 1321 BP; 287 A; 314 C; 457 G; 263 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 14; Length 1321;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.1;
 Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TCCTCTGATATCTGGCATTC 22
 |||||
 Db 646 TCCTCTGATATCTGGCATTC 625

RESULT 12
 AEA22400/c
 ID AEA22400 standard; DNA; 1383 BP.
 XX
 AC AEA22400;
 XX
 DT 25-AUG-2005 (first entry)
 DE Mycobacterium abscessus 16S rRNA sequence SEQ ID NO:1.
 XX
 KW microorganism identification; 16S rRNA; 16S ribosomal RNA; ds.

OS Mycobacterium abscessus.
 XX
 PN US2005130168-A1.
 XX
 PD 16-JUN-2005.

PF 31-OCT-2003; 2003US-00697802.
 XX
 PR 31-OCT-2003; 2003US-00697802.

XX (HANK/) HAN X.
 PA (PHAM/) PHAM A S.

XX Han X, Pham AS;
 XX WPI; 2005-424597/43.

XX Determining a bacterium species comprises providing oligonucleotide
 PT primer set comprising SEQ-FOR and SEQ-REV in a complementary fashion.

XX Disclosure; SEQ ID NO 1; 74pp; English.

XX The invention relates to a method (M1) for determining a bacterium
 CC species. (M1) comprises: (a) culturing a bacterium from a specimen; (b)
 CC extracting a genomic nucleotide from the bacterium to provide a
 CC nucleotide template; (c) annealing a region of a nucleotide template to a
 CC specific oligonucleotide primer set comprising SEQ-FOR and SEQ-REV in a
 CC complementary fashion, the primer set designed to provide a product
 CC having a predetermined size dictated by a complementary primer set; (d)
 CC amplifying the region of the nucleotide template to produce the product;
 CC and (e) determining a species of a bacterium in a nucleotide sequence of
 CC the product. Also described is an alternative method (M2) for determining
 CC a bacterium species comprising: (a) providing a specimen or a sample
 CC having a template; (b) providing a pair of primers selected from: (i) a
 CC first forward primer having consecutive bases of an AFB-f comprising any
 CC of the 36 sequences of 15-22 bp (AEA22417-AEA22452), or their fragments
 CC or variations and a first reverse primer having consecutive bases of an
 CC AFB-r comprising any of the 36 sequences of 15-22 bp (AEA22453-AEA22488)
 CC or their fragments or variations, (ii) a second forward primer having
 CC consecutive bases of an UB-f comprising any of the 28 sequences of 15-21
 CC bp (AEA22489-AEA22516) or their fragments or variations and a second
 CC reverse primer having consecutive bases of an UB-r comprising any of the
 CC 28 sequences of 15-21 bp (AEA22517-AEA22544) or their fragments or
 CC variations, or (iii) a first forward primer having consecutive bases of
 CC an AFB-f of AEA22417-AEA22452 or their fragments or variations and a
 CC second reverse primer having consecutive bases of an UB-r of AEA22517-

CC variations, or (iii) a first forward primer having consecutive bases of
 CC an APB-f of AEA22417-AEA22452 or their fragments or variations and a
 CC second reverse primer having consecutive bases of an UB-r of AEA22517-
 CC AEA22544 or their fragments or variations; (c) the specimen; and (d)
 CC comparing the product from the specimen with a nucleotide sequence from a
 CC database to determine the bacterium species present in the specimen. The
 CC methods are useful for determining a bacterium species. The present
 CC sequence represents a Mycobacterium abscessus 16S rRNA nucleotide
 CC sequence, which is used in the exemplification of the present invention.
 XX

SQ Sequence 1383 BP; 316 A; 328 C; 462 G; 277 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 14; Length 1383;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. NO. 1.1;

Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TCCTCCTGATATCTGCGCATTC 22

Db 636 TCCTCCTGATATCTGCGCATTC 615

RESULT 13

AAT45276/c

ID AAT45276 standard; rRNA; 1391 BP.

XX AC AAT45276;

DT 12-SEP-1997 (first entry)

XX Corynebacterium diphtheriae 16S rRNA.

XX Ribosomal RNA; species specific; detection; reverse transcription;

KW primer; hybridisation probe; identification; ss.

XX Corynebacterium diphtheriae.

XX Key Location/Qualifiers

FT misc_feature 38..59

FT /tag= a

FT /note= "Defined as nucleotides 72-100"

FT misc_feature 153..170

FT /tag= b

FT /note= "Defined as nucleotides 195-215"

FT misc_feature 415..431

FT /tag= c

FT /note= "Defined as nucleotides 466-494"

FT misc_feature 544..567

FT /tag= d

FT /note= "Defined as nucleotides 544-567"

FT misc_feature 773..787

FT /tag= e

FT /note= "Defined as nucleotides 838-853"

FT misc_feature 793..808

FT /tag= f

FT /note= "Defined as nucleotides 859-875"

FT misc_feature 946..965

FT /tag= g

FT /note= "Defined as nucleotides 1013-1032"

XX FR2733755-A1.

XX 08-NOV-1996.

XX 03-MAY-1995; 95FR-00005494.

XX 03-MAY-1995; 95FR-00005494.

XX (INMR) BIO MERIEUX.

XX Mabilat C, Ruimy R;

XX WPI; 1997-001788/01.

PT Fragments of Corynebacterium 16S rRNA - useful as probes and primers for
 PT identifying Corynebacterium spp.

XX Claim 1; Fig 1; 60pp; French.

XX Fragments covering 90 % of the sequence of 16S ribosomal RNA were
 CC amplified from 28 strains of 25 different species of Corynebacterium by
 CC PCR using primers specific for eubacteria. The amplification products
 CC were sequenced and the sequences were aligned for comparison. It was
 CC found that certain regions, i.e. those corresponding to nucleotides 72-
 CC 100, 195-215, 466-494, 608-631, 838-853, 859-875 and 1013-1032 in the 16S
 CC ribosomal RNA of C. diphtheriae (refer to features table for the present
 CC sequence), vary considerably between different species. Probes and
 CC primers comprising at least 5 nucleotides from one of these species-
 CC specific sequences, including the present sequence, or their complements,
 CC are useful to distinguish between different Corynebacterium species. DNA
 CC versions of the probes and primers are also included

SQ Sequence 1391 BP; 309 A; 317 C; 464 G; 1 T; 295 U; 5 Other;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 2; Length 1391;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. NO. 1.1;

Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TCCTCCTGATATCTGCGCATTC 22

Db 661 TCCTCCTGATATCTGCGCATTC 640

RESULT 14

AEA22413/c

ID AEA22413 standard; DNA; 1415 BP.

XX AC AEA22413;

DT 25-AUG-2005 (first entry)

XX Mycobacterium paraffinicum 16S rRNA sequence SEQ ID NO:14.

XX microorganism identification; 16S rRNA; 16S ribosomal RNA; ds.

XX Mycobacterium paraffinicum.

PN US2005130168-A1.

PD 16-JUN-2005.

PF 31-OCT-2003; 2003US-00697802.

PR 31-OCT-2003; 2003US-00697802.

PA (HANK/) HAN X.

PA (PHAM/) PHAM A S.

PI Han X, Pham AS;

DR WPI; 2005-424597/43.

XX Determining a bacterium species comprises providing oligonucleotide
 PT primer set comprising SEQ-FOR and SEQ-REV in a complementary fashion.
 XX Disclosure; SEQ ID NO 14; 74pp; English.

XX The invention relates to a method (M1) for determining a bacterium

CC species. (M1) comprises: (a) culturing a bacterium from a specimen; (b)
 CC extracting a genomic nucleotide from the bacterium to provide a
 CC nucleotide template; (c) annealing a region of a nucleotide template to a
 CC specific oligonucleotide primer set comprising SEQ-FOR and SEQ-REV in a
 CC complementary fashion, the primer set designed to provide a product
 CC having a predetermined size dictated by a complementary primer set; (d)
 CC amplifying the region of the nucleotide template to produce the product;
 CC and (e) determining a species of a bacterium in a nucleotide sequence of
 CC the product. Also described is an alternative method (M2) for determining

CC a bacterium species comprising: (a) providing a specimen or a sample
CC having a template; (b) providing a pair of primers selected from: (i) a
CC first forward primer having consecutive bases of an AFB-f comprising any
CC of the 36 sequences of 15-22 bp (AEA22417-AEA22452), or their fragments
CC or variations, and a first reverse primer having consecutive bases of an
CC AFB-r comprising any of the 36 sequences of 15-22 bp (AEA22453-AEA22488)
CC or their fragments or variations, (ii) a second forward primer having
CC consecutive bases of an UB-f comprising any of the 28 sequences of 15-21
CC bp (AEA22489-AEA22516) or their fragments or variations, and a second
CC reverse primer having consecutive bases of an UB-r comprising any of the
CC 28 sequences of 15-21 bp (AEA22517-AEA22544) or their fragments or
CC variations, or (iii) a first forward primer having consecutive bases of
CC an AFB-f of AEA22417-AEA22452 or their fragments or variations, and a
CC second reverse primer having consecutive bases of an UB-r of AEA22517-
CC AEA22544 or their fragments or variations; (c) the specimen; and (d)
CC comparing the product from the specimen with a nucleotide sequence from a
CC database to determine the bacterium species present in the specimen. The
CC methods are useful for determining a bacterium species. The present
CC sequence represents a Mycobacterium paraffinicum 16S rRNA nucleotide
CC sequence, which is used in the exemplification of the present invention.
XX
SQ Sequence 1415 BP; 307 A; 343 C; 480 G; 285 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 14; Length 1415;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.1;
Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 TCCTCTGATATCTGGCATTTC 22
DB 656 TCCTCTGATATCTGGCATTTC 635

RESULT 15
AEA22416/c
ID AEA22416 standard; DNA; 1416 BP.
XX
AC AEA22416;
XX
DT 25-AUG-2005 (first entry)
XX
DE Mycobacterium tuberculosis 16S rRNA sequence SEQ ID NO:17.
XX
KW microorganism identification; 16S rRNA; 16S ribosomal RNA; ds.
XX
OS Mycobacterium tuberculosis.
XX
PN US2005130168-A1.
XX
PD 16-JUN-2005.
XX
PF 31-OCT-2003; 2003US-00697802.
XX
PR 31-OCT-2003; 2003US-00697802.
XX
PA (HANY/) HAN X.
PA (PHAM/) PHAM A S.
XX
PI Han X, Pham AS;
XX
DR WPI; 2005-424597/43.
XX
PT Determining a bacterium species comprises providing oligonucleotide
PT primer set comprising SEQ-FOR and SEQ-REV in a complimentary fashion.
XX
XX Disclosure; SEQ ID NO 17; 74pp; English.

CC The invention relates to a method (M1) for determining a bacterium
CC species. (M1) comprises: (a) culturing a bacterium from a specimen; (b)
CC extracting a genomic nucleotide from the bacterium to provide a
CC nucleotide template; (c) annealing a region of a nucleotide template to a
CC specific oligonucleotide primer set comprising SEQ-FOR and SEQ-REV in a
CC complimentary fashion, the primer set designed to provide a product
CC having a predetermined size dictated by a complimentary primer set; (d)

CC amplifying the region of the nucleotide template to produce the product;
CC and (e) determining a species of a bacterium in a nucleotide sequence of
CC the product. Also described is an alternative method (M2) for determining
CC a bacterium species comprising: (a) providing a specimen or a sample
CC having a template; (b) providing a pair of primers selected from: (i) a
CC first forward primer having consecutive bases of an AFB-f comprising any
CC of the 36 sequences of 15-22 bp (AEA22417-AEA22452), or their fragments
CC or variations, and a first reverse primer having consecutive bases of an
CC AFB-r comprising any of the 36 sequences of 15-22 bp (AEA22453-AEA22488)
CC or their fragments or variations, (ii) a second forward primer having
CC consecutive bases of an UB-f comprising any of the 28 sequences of 15-21
CC bp (AEA22489-AEA22516) or their fragments or variations, and a second
CC reverse primer having consecutive bases of an UB-r comprising any of the
CC 28 sequences of 15-21 bp (AEA22517-AEA22544) or their fragments or
CC variations, or (iii) a first forward primer having consecutive bases of
CC an AFB-f of AEA22417-AEA22452 or their fragments or variations, and a
CC second reverse primer having consecutive bases of an UB-r of AEA22517-
CC AEA22544 or their fragments or variations; (c) the specimen; and (d)
CC comparing the product from the specimen with a nucleotide sequence from a
CC database to determine the bacterium species present in the specimen. The
CC methods are useful for determining a bacterium species. The present
CC sequence represents a Mycobacterium tuberculosis 16S rRNA nucleotide
CC sequence, which is used in the exemplification of the present invention.

XX
SQ Sequence 1416 BP; 309 A; 341 C; 481 G; 285 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 14; Length 1416;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.1;
Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 TCCTCTGATATCTGGCATTTC 22
DB 666 TCCTCTGATATCTGGCATTTC 645

Search completed: April 7, 2006, 19:22:26
Job time : 222 sec

GenCore version 5.1.7
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OM nucleic - nucleic search, using sw model

Run on: April 7, 2006, 19:15:09 ; Search time 1708.5 Seconds
(without alignments)
602.468 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-697-802a-82

Perfect score: 22

Sequence: 1 tctctgatctgcgcatc 22

Scoring table: IDENTITY_NUC

Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 1.0

Searched: 41078325 seqs, 23393541228 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 82156650

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

Database: EST:

1: gb_est1:
2: gb_est2:
3: gb_est3:
4: gb_est4:
5: gb_est5:
6: gb_est6:
7: gb_est7:
8: gb_est8:
9: gb_est9:
10: gb_est10:
11: gb_est11:

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	22	100.0	133	1	AW821632 IL2-ST031
2	22	100.0	214	2	BE158593 CM2-HT039
3	22	100.0	269	3	BM194948 L0703P05-
4	22	100.0	269	5	BQ554727 H4029H12-
5	22	100.0	269	5	BQ554728 H4029H12-
6	22	100.0	537	3	BM130238 pb28603.y
7	22	100.0	725	7	CN204148 Tor4539 G
8	21	95.5	382	6	CD164371 ML1-0087T
9	21	95.5	645	8	DR884593 JGI CACX4
10	21	95.5	722	6	CD164440 ML1-0087T
11	21	95.5	744	6	CD164478 ML1-0087T
12	21	95.5	744	9	BZ781734 I131B08.G
13	21	95.5	784	6	CB930869 AGENCOURT
14	21	95.5	874	7	CO365133 RTK1.23 G
15	21	95.5	887	10	CL693661 PRI0162a
16	20.4	92.7	762	8	DR385950 RTKG1.11
17	20.4	92.7	817	7	CN207539 Tor7952 G
18	20	90.9	403	9	BH740475 cpbav0005
19	19.4	88.2	385	6	CD086973 MC1-0033T
20	19.4	88.2	506	8	DR072790 RTDK1.28
21	19.4	88.2	517	8	DR072713 RTDK1.28
22	19.4	88.2	617	6	CD096968 ME1-0011T

C	23	19.4	88.2	740	6	CD164477
	24	18.8	85.5	591	6	CD005515
	25	18.8	85.5	591	6	CD006477
C	26	18.8	85.5	677	10	CG988436
	27	18.4	83.6	633	9	AQ655061
C	28	17.8	80.9	291	7	CO850294
	29	17.8	80.9	309	5	BY354356
C	30	17.8	80.9	320	7	CO860316
	31	17.8	80.9	339	6	CD087424
C	32	17.8	80.9	360	5	BX630302
	33	17.8	80.9	388	8	CV842104
C	34	17.8	80.9	431	2	BF469691
	35	17.8	80.9	443	8	CV848006
C	36	17.8	80.9	446	3	BI499489
	37	17.8	80.9	449	1	AI507902
	38	17.8	80.9	474	9	AZ839667
C	39	17.8	80.9	478	6	CD088114
	40	17.8	80.9	480	5	BX566469
	41	17.8	80.9	510	6	CD086761
C	42	17.8	80.9	514	3	BM130350
	43	17.8	80.9	516	7	CK927912
C	44	17.8	80.9	517	3	BM130147
	45	17.8	80.9	525	3	BM130083

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1
AW821632
LOCUS AW821632 133 bp mRNA linear EST 17-MAY-2000
DEFINITION IL2-ST0311-270300-059-E05 ST0311 Homo sapiens cDNA, mRNA sequence.
ACCESSION AW821632
VERSION AW821632.1 GI:7914626
KEYWORDS EST.
SOURCE Homo sapiens (human)
ORGANISM Homo sapiens
Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Primates; Catarrhini;
Hominidae; Homo.
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 133)
AUTHORS Dias Neto E., Garcia Correa R., Verjovski-Almeida S., Briones M.R.,
Nagai M.A., da Silva W. Jr., Zago M.A., Bordin S., Costa F.F.,
Goldman G.H., Carvalho A.P., Matsukuma A., Baia G.S., Simpson D.H.,
Brunstein A., de Oliveira P.S., Bucher P., Jongeneel C.V.,
O'Hare M.J., Soares F., Brentani R.R., Reis L.P.F., de Souza S.J. and
Simpson A.J.
TITLE Shotgun sequencing of the human transcriptome with ORF expressed
sequence tags
JOURNAL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 97 (7), 3491-3496 (2000)
PUBMED 10737800
COMMENT Contact: Simpson A.J.G.
Laboratory of Cancer Genetics
Ludwig Institute for Cancer Research
Rua Prof. Antonio Prudente 109, 4 andar, 01509-010, Sao Paulo-SP,
Brazil
Tel: +55-11-2704922
Fax: +55-11-2707001
Email: asimpson@ludwig.org.br
This sequence was derived from the FAPESP/LICR Human Cancer Genome
Project. This entry can be seen in the following URL
(http://www.ludwig.org.br/scripts/gethtml2.pl?ti=at2=IL2-ST0311-270
300-059-E05&3=2000-03-27&4=1)
Seq primer: puc 18 forward
High quality sequence stop: 133.
Location/Qualifiers
1..133
/organism="Homo sapiens"
/mol_type="mRNA"
/db_xref="taxon:9606"
/dev_stage="Adult"
/clone_lib="ST0311"
/note="Organ: stomach; Vector: puc18; Site_1: SmaI;

Site 2: SmaI; A mini-library was made by cloning products derived from ORESTES PCR (U.S. Letters Patent application No. 196,716 - Ludwig Institute for Cancer Research) profiles into the pUC 18 vector. Reverse transcription of tissue mRNA and cDNA amplification were performed under low stringency conditions."

ORIGIN

Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 1; Length 133;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.4;
 Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TCCTCCTGATATCTGGCATTTC 22
 |||||
 Db 5 TCCTCCTGATATCTGGCATTTC 26

RESULT 2

BE158593/c
 LOCUS BE158593 214 bp mRNA linear EST 21-JUN-2000
 DEFINITION CM2-HT0393-301199-044-g05 HT0393 Homo sapiens cDNA, mRNA sequence.
 ACCESSION BE158593
 VERSION BE158593.1 GI:8621314
 KEYWORDS EST.
 SOURCE Homo sapiens (human)
 ORGANISM Homo sapiens

REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 214)
 AUTHORS Dias Neto, E., Garcia Correa, R., Verjovski-Almeida, S., Briones, M.R., Nagai, M.A., da Silva, W. Jr., Zago, M.A., Bordin, S., Costa, F.F., Goldman, G.H., Carvalho, A.F., Matsukuma, A., Baia, G.S., Simpson, D.H., Brunstein, A., deOliveira, P.S., Bucher, P., Jongeneel, C.V., O'Hare, M.J., Soares, F., Brentani, R.R., Reis, L.F., de Souza, S.J. and Simpson, A.J.
 TITLE Shotgun sequencing of the human transcriptome with ORF expressed sequence tags

JOURNAL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 97 (7), 3491-3496 (2000)
 PUBMED 10737800
 COMMENT Contact: Simpson A.J.G.
 Laboratory of Cancer Genetics
 Ludwig Institute for Cancer Research
 Rua Prof. Antonio Prudente 109, 4 andar, 01509-010, Sao Paulo-SP, Brazil

Tel: +55-11-2704922
 Fax: +55-11-2707001
 Email: asimpson@ludwig.org.br
 This sequence was derived from the FAPESP/LICR Human Cancer Genome Project. This entry can be seen in the following URL
 (http://www.ludwig.org.br/scripts/gethtml2.pl?tl=et2=CM2-HT0393-301199-044g05&tl3=1993-11-30&tl4=1)
 Seq primer: puc 18 forward
 High quality sequence start: 63
 High quality sequence stop: 214.

FEATURES

Location/Qualifiers
 1..214
 /organism="Homo sapiens"
 /mol_type="mRNA"
 /db_xref="taxon:9606"
 /dev_stage="Adult"
 /clone_lib="HT0393"
 /note="Organ: head neck; Vector: puc18; Site 1: SmaI;
 Site 2: SmaI; A mini-library was made by cloning products derived from ORESTES PCR (U.S. Letters Patent application No. 196,716 - Ludwig Institute for Cancer Research) profiles into the pUC 18 vector. Reverse transcription of tissue mRNA and cDNA amplification were performed under low stringency conditions."

ORIGIN

Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 2; Length 214;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.7;

Matches

22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TCCTCCTGATATCTGGCATTTC 22
 |||||
 Db 192 TCCTCCTGATATCTGGCATTTC 171

RESULT 3

BE194948
 LOCUS BE194948 269 bp mRNA linear EST 30-JAN-2002
 DEFINITION L0703F05-3 NIA Mouse Germinal Center B Cell cDNA Library Mus musculus cDNA clone L0703F05 3', mRNA sequence.

ACCESSION BE194948
 VERSION BE194948.1 GI:17746207
 KEYWORDS EST.
 SOURCE Mus musculus (house mouse)
 ORGANISM Mus musculus

REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 269)
 AUTHORS Piao, Y., Kargul, G.J., Dudekula, D.B., Qian, Y., Lim, M.K., Klotz, E., Kelsoe, G., Hodes, R. and Ko, M.S.H.
 TITLE Systematic Analyses of NIA Mouse Germinal Center B Cell cDNA Library
 JOURNAL Unpublished (2001)
 COMMENT Contact: Dawood B. Dudekula
 Laboratory of Genetics
 National Institute on Aging/National Institutes of Health
 333 Cassell Drive, Suite 4000, Baltimore, MD 21224-6820, USA
 Email: cdna@igsun.grc.nia.nih.gov

Plate: L0703 row: F column: 05
 Seq primer: -21M13 Forward
 High quality sequence stop: 269
 POLYA=yes.

Location/Qualifiers
 1..269
 /organism="Mus musculus"
 /mol_type="mRNA"
 /db_xref="niaEST:L0703F05-3"
 /db_xref="taxon:10090"
 /clone="L0703F05"
 /tissue_type="Germinal Center B Cell"
 /lab_host="DH10B"
 /clone_lib="NIA Mouse Germinal Center B Cell cDNA Library"
 /note="Vector: pSPORT1 (Invitrogen); Site 1: SmaI; Site 2: NotI; Mouse cDNA project by the Laboratory of Genetics, National Institute on Aging (NIA), Intramural Research Program, NIH (http://igsun.grc.nia.nih.gov/cDNA). FACS-sorted Germinal Center B cells were provided by Drs. Richard Hodges, Emily Klotz (National Institute on Aging and National Cancer Institute, USA) and Garnett Kelsoe (Duke University, USA). Double-stranded cDNAs were synthesized from 0.46 ug of total RNA with an Oligo(dT) primer [Invitrogen: 5'-pGACTAGTCTAGATCGGAGCGCCCTTTTCTTTT-3'], treated with T4 DNA polymerase, and purified by ethanol-precipitation. The cDNAs were ligated to Lone-linker LL-Sal3 (Ref. Development 127: 1737-1749 (2000) [PMID: 10725249]), purified by phenol/chloroform, and separated from free linkers by Centricon 100. Then, cDNAs were amplified by long-range high fidelity PCR using Ex Taq polymerase (Takara) and purified by phenol/chloroform, followed by Centricon 100 purification. The cDNAs were digested with SalI and NotI enzymes and cloned into SalI/NotI site of pSPORT1 plasmid vector. The DH10B E. coli host was transformed with the ligation mixture by the standard chemical method. The average insert size is 1.2 kb. The library was constructed by Yulan Piao (NIA)."

FEATURES

Location/Qualifiers
 1..269
 /organism="Mus musculus"
 /mol_type="mRNA"
 /db_xref="niaEST:L0703F05-3"
 /db_xref="taxon:10090"
 /clone="L0703F05"
 /tissue_type="Germinal Center B Cell"
 /lab_host="DH10B"
 /clone_lib="NIA Mouse Germinal Center B Cell cDNA Library"
 /note="Vector: pSPORT1 (Invitrogen); Site 1: SmaI; Site 2: NotI; Mouse cDNA project by the Laboratory of Genetics, National Institute on Aging (NIA), Intramural Research Program, NIH (http://igsun.grc.nia.nih.gov/cDNA). FACS-sorted Germinal Center B cells were provided by Drs. Richard Hodges, Emily Klotz (National Institute on Aging and National Cancer Institute, USA) and Garnett Kelsoe (Duke University, USA). Double-stranded cDNAs were synthesized from 0.46 ug of total RNA with an Oligo(dT) primer [Invitrogen: 5'-pGACTAGTCTAGATCGGAGCGCCCTTTTCTTTT-3'], treated with T4 DNA polymerase, and purified by ethanol-precipitation. The cDNAs were ligated to Lone-linker LL-Sal3 (Ref. Development 127: 1737-1749 (2000) [PMID: 10725249]), purified by phenol/chloroform, and separated from free linkers by Centricon 100. Then, cDNAs were amplified by long-range high fidelity PCR using Ex Taq polymerase (Takara) and purified by phenol/chloroform, followed by Centricon 100 purification. The cDNAs were digested with SalI and NotI enzymes and cloned into SalI/NotI site of pSPORT1 plasmid vector. The DH10B E. coli host was transformed with the ligation mixture by the standard chemical method. The average insert size is 1.2 kb. The library was constructed by Yulan Piao (NIA)."

ORIGIN

Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 3; Length 269;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.9; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TCCTCTGATATCTGCGCATTC 22

Db 143 TCCTCTGATATCTGCGCATTC 164

RESULT 4
BQ554727
LOCUS
DEFINITION
H4029H12-3 NIA Mouse 7.4K cDNA Clone Set Mus musculus cDNA clone
H4029H12 3', mRNA sequence.

ACCESSION
BQ554727
VERSION
BQ554727
KEYWORDS
BQ554727.1 GI:21455615
SOURCE
Mus musculus (house mouse)
ORGANISM

REFERENCE
BQ554727 269 bp mRNA linear EST 20-JUN-2002
H4029H12-3 NIA Mouse 7.4K cDNA Clone Set Mus musculus cDNA clone
H4029H12 3', mRNA sequence.

AUTHORS
VanBuren,V., Piao,Y., Dudekula,D.B., Qian,Y., Carter,M.G.,
Martin,P.R., Stagg,C.A., Bassey,U., Aiba,K., Hamatani,T.,
Kargul,G.J., Luo,A.G., Keiso,J., Hide,W. and Ko,M.S.H.
Assembly, verification, and initial annotation of NIA 7.4K mouse
cDNA clone set

TITLE
Genome Res. 12 (12), 1999-2003 (2002)
12466305

COMMENT
Other ESTs: H4029H12-5
Contact: Yong Qian
Laboratory of Genetics
National Institute on Aging/National Institutes of Health
333 Cassell Drive, Suite 3000, Baltimore, MD 21224-6820, USA
Email: cdna@lgsun.grc.nia.nih.gov
This clone set has been freely distributed to the community. Please
visit http://lgsun.grc.nia.nih.gov/cDNA/NIA_7_4k.html for details.
Plate: H4029 row: H column: 12
Seq primer: -21M13 Forward
High quality sequence stop: 269
POLYA=Yes

FEATURES
Location/Qualifiers
1..269
/organism="Mus musculus"
/mol_type="mRNA"
/strain="C57BL/6"
/db_xref="niaEST:H4029H12-3"
/db_xref="taxon:10090"
/clone="H4029H12"
/sex="mixed"
/dev_stage="mixed"
/lab_host="DH108"
/clone_lib="NIA Mouse 7.4K cDNA Clone Set"
/note="Vector: pSPORT1; Site 1: SalI; Site 2: NotI; This
clone is among a rearranged set of 7,407 clones from more
than 20 cDNA libraries."

ORIGIN
Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 5; Length 269;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.9;
Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0

QY 1 TCCTCTGATATCTGCGCATTC 22

Db 127 TCCTCTGATATCTGCGCATTC 106

RESULT 6
BQ554728
LOCUS
DEFINITION
H4029H12-5 NIA Mouse 7.4K cDNA Clone Set Mus musculus cDNA clone
H4029H12 5', mRNA sequence.

ACCESSION
BQ554728
VERSION
BQ554728
KEYWORDS
BQ554728.1 GI:21455616
SOURCE
Mus musculus (house mouse)
ORGANISM

REFERENCE
BQ554728 269 bp mRNA linear EST 20-JUN-2002
H4029H12-5 NIA Mouse 7.4K cDNA Clone Set Mus musculus cDNA clone
H4029H12 5', mRNA sequence.

AUTHORS
VanBuren,V., Piao,Y., Dudekula,D.B., Qian,Y., Carter,M.G.,
Martin,P.R., Stagg,C.A., Bassey,U., Aiba,K., Hamatani,T.,
Kargul,G.J., Luo,A.G., Keiso,J., Hide,W. and Ko,M.S.H.
Assembly, verification, and initial annotation of NIA 7.4K mouse
cDNA clone set

TITLE
Genome Res. 12 (12), 1999-2003 (2002)
12466305

COMMENT
Other ESTs: H4029H12-3
Contact: Yong Qian
Laboratory of Genetics
National Institute on Aging/National Institutes of Health
333 Cassell Drive, Suite 3000, Baltimore, MD 21224-6820, USA
Email: cdna@lgsun.grc.nia.nih.gov
This clone set has been freely distributed to the community. Please
visit http://lgsun.grc.nia.nih.gov/cDNA/NIA_7_4k.html for details.
Plate: H4029 row: H column: 12
Seq primer: -21M13 Forward
High quality sequence stop: 269
POLYA=Yes

FEATURES
Location/Qualifiers
1..269
/organism="Mus musculus"
/mol_type="mRNA"
/strain="C57BL/6"
/db_xref="niaEST:H4029H12-5"
/db_xref="taxon:10090"
/clone="H4029H12"
/sex="mixed"
/dev_stage="mixed"
/lab_host="DH108"
/clone_lib="NIA Mouse 7.4K cDNA Clone Set"
/note="Vector: pSPORT1; Site 1: SalI; Site 2: NotI; This
clone is among a rearranged set of 7,407 clones from more
than 20 cDNA libraries."

ORIGIN
Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 5; Length 269;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.9;
Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0

QY 1 TCCTCTGATATCTGCGCATTC 22

Db 143 TCCTCTGATATCTGCGCATTC 164

RESULT 5
BQ554728/c
LOCUS
DEFINITION
H4029H12-5 NIA Mouse 7.4K cDNA Clone Set Mus musculus cDNA clone
H4029H12 5', mRNA sequence.

ACCESSION
BQ554728

TITLE The Washington Univ. Nematode EST Project, 1999
JOURNAL Unpublished (1999)
COMMENT Contact: McCarter JP
The Washington Univ. Nematode EST Project, 1999
Washington University School of Medicine
4444 Forest Park Parkway, Box 8501, St. Louis, MO 63108, USA
Tel: 314 286 1800
Fax: 314 286 1810
Email: est@wustl.edu
The library was constructed by Brandi Chiapelli and Dr. James McCarter (bchiapelle@wustl.edu & jmccarter@wustl.edu) at Washington University, St. Louis. DNA Sequencing by: Washington University Genome Sequencing Center St. Louis. Nematodes were provided by Dr. Prema Arasu of North Carolina State University. High quality sequence stop: 395.
Location/Qualifiers
FEATURES
source
1. .537
/organism="Ancylostoma caninum"
/mol_type="mRNA"
/db_xref="taxon:29170"
/dev_stage="serum stimulated L3"
/lab_host="DH10B"
/clone_lib="Anc caninum L3 serum stim pAMP1 v1 Chiapelli McCarter"
/note="Vector: pAMP1 (Gibco); Site_1: NotI; Site_2: SalI; The library was constructed by Brandi Chiapelli and Dr. James McCarter at Washington University, St. Louis. The cDNA was made by using Dynabead oligo-dT priming (Dynal). PCR based library using a modified protocol from the SMART PCR cDNA Synthesis Kit from Clontech. Directionally cloned into the UDG sites of pAMP1. Nematodes were provided by Dr. Prema Arasu of North Carolina State University."
Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 3; Length 537;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 4.4; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
Matches 22; Conservative 0;
ORIGIN
1 TCCTCTGATATCTGCGCATTC 22
|||
151 TCCTCTGATATCTGCGCATTC 130
|||
RESULT 7
CN204148/c
LOCUS
DEFINITION Tor4539 Gametophyte rehydration Library Tortula ruralis cDNA, mRNA sequence.
ACCESSION CN204148
VERSION CN204148.1 GI:46900879
KEYWORDS EST.
SOURCE Tortula ruralis
ORGANISM Eukaryota; Viridiplantae; Streptophyta; Embryophyta; Bryophyta; Bryopsida; Dicranidae; Pottiaceae; Tortula.
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 725)
AUTHORS Oliver, M.J., Dowd, S.E., Zaragosa, J., Mauget, S.A. and Payton, P.R.
TITLE The rehydration transcriptome of the desiccation-tolerant bryophyte Tortula ruralis: transcript classification and analysis
JOURNAL BMC Genomics 5 (1), 89 (2004)
PUBMED 15546486
COMMENT Contact: Oliver Melvin J
Plant Stress Lab
USDA-ARS
3810 4th St. Lubbock, TX 79415, USA
Tel: 806-749-5560
Fax: 806-723-5272
Email: moliver@lbr.ars.usda.gov
PCR Primers
FORWARD: GTTTTCCAGTCACGAC
BACKWARD: CAGGAACAGCTATGAC.
Location/Qualifiers
FEATURES
source
1. .725
/organism="Tortula ruralis"
/mol_type="mRNA"
/db_xref="taxon:38588"
/clone_lib="Gametophyte rehydration Library"
/note="Organ: Green Gametophyte; Vector: pSport1; Site_1: SalI; Site_2: NotI"
Query Match 100.0%; Score 22; DB 7; Length 725;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 4.7; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
Matches 22; Conservative 0;
ORIGIN
1 TCCTCTGATATCTGCGCATTC 22
|||
686 TCCTCTGATATCTGCGCATTC 665
|||
RESULT 8
CD164371/c
LOCUS
DEFINITION ML1-0087T-R218-E03-U.G. ML1-0087 Schistosoma mansoni cDNA clone
ACCESSION CD164371
VERSION CD164371.1 GI:34701042
KEYWORDS EST.
SOURCE Schistosoma mansoni
ORGANISM Eukaryota; Metazoa; Platyhelminthes; Trematoda; Digenea; Strigeida; Schistosomatoidea; Schistosomatidae; Schistosoma.
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 382)
AUTHORS Verjovski-Almeida, S., DeMarco, R., Martins, E.A.L., Guimaraes, P.E.M., Ojopi, E.P.B., Paquola, A.C.M., Piazza, J.P., Nishiyama, M.Y. Jr., Kitajima, J.P., Adamson, R.E., Ashton, P.D., Bonaldo, M.F., Coulson, P.S., Dillon, G.P., Farias, L.P., Gregorio, S.P., Ho, P.L., Leite, R.A., Malaquias, L.C.C., Marques, R.C.P., Miyasato, P.A., Nascimento, A.L.T.O., Ohlweiler, F.P., Reis, E.M., Ribeiro, M.A., Sa, R.G., Sukut, G.C., Soares, M.B., Gargioni, C., Kawano, T., Rodrigues, V., Madeira, A.M.B.N., Wilson, R.A., Menck, C.F.M., Setubal, J.C., Leite, L.C.C. and Dias-Neto, E.
TITLE Transcriptome analysis of the acelomate human parasite Schistosoma mansoni
JOURNAL Nat. Genet. 35 (2), 148-157 (2003)
PUBMED 12973350
COMMENT Contact: Dr. Sergio Verjovski-Almeida
Departamento de Bioquímica
Instituto de Química - Universidade de São Paulo
Av. Prof. Lineu Prestes 748 sala 1200, 05508-900 São Paulo - SP, Brasil
Tel: +55-11-3091-2173
Fax: +55-11-3091-2186
Email: verjoe@iq.usp.br
This sequence was derived from the FAPESP Schistosoma mansoni EST Genome Project. All sequences in the project were assembled and annotated. This entry and all the assembled sequences can be seen in the following URL: <http://bioinfo.iq.usp.br/schisto/>
Plate: ML1-0087T-R218 row: 3 column: E.
Location/Qualifiers
FEATURES
source
1. .382
/organism="Schistosoma mansoni"
/mol_type="mRNA"
/db_xref="taxon:6183"
/clone="ML1-0087T-R218-E03.G"
/sex="mixed pool"
/dev_stage="miracidium"
/clone_lib="ML1-0087"
/note="Vector: pGEM T-easy"
Query Match 95.5%; Score 21; DB 6; Length 382;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 13; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
Matches 21; Conservative 0;

Qy 1 TCCTCCTGATATCTGGCATT 21
 |||||
 Db 226 TCCTCCTGATATCTGGCATT 206

RESULT 9
 DR884593/c
 LOCUS
 DEFINITION JGI_CACX492.fwd NIH XGC_tropMet5 xenopus tropicalis cDNA clone
 IMAGE:7796789 5', mRNA sequence.
 ACCESSION DR884593
 VERSION
 KEYWORDS
 SOURCE
 ORGANISM
 Xenopus tropicalis (western clawed frog)
 Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
 Amphibia; Batrachia; Anura; Mesobatrachia; Pipidae; Pipidae;
 Xenopodinae; Xenopus; Silurana.
 1 (bases 1 to 645)
 Richardson, P., Lucas, S., Rokhsar, D., Dettler, J.C., Ng, D.C.,
 Brokstein, P., and Lindquist, E.A.
 DOE Joint Genome Institute Xenopus tropicalis EST project
 Unpublished (2004)
 Contact: Lindquist, E.A., Richardson, P.
 DOE Joint Genome Institute
 2800 Mitchell Drive, Walnut Creek, CA 94598, USA
 Tel: 925 296 5600
 Fax: 925 296 5710
 Email: cdna@jgi-psf.org
 Tissue Procurement: Dan Buchholz (Yun-Bo Shi Laboratory, NIH)
 CNA Library Preparation: DOE Joint Genome Institute:
 http://www.jgi.doe.gov
 DNA Sequencing: DOE Joint Genome Institute: http://www.jgi.doe.gov
 Clone Distribution: I.M.A.G.E. Consortium/LLNL:
 http://image.llnl.gov
 Naming Conventions: EST name is generated by the concatenation of
 the JGI clone id and the direction of sequencing. The suffix '.fwd'
 indicates a forward sequencing read of the insert. It does not
 necessarily reflect the orientation of the insert.
 Small Insert: Based upon one or more sequencing reads of this clone
 where vector sequence was present at both ends, this clone has been
 determined to contain a cDNA insert on the order of 600-1000 bases.
 Plate: CACX 0005 row: h column: 3
 High quality sequence stop: 616.
 Location/Qualifiers
 1. 645
 /organism="Xenopus tropicalis"
 /mol_type="mRNA"
 /db_xref="taxon:8364"
 /clone="IMAGE:7796789"
 /tissue_type="whole embryo"
 /dev_stage="Metamorphic (st.62)"
 /lab_host="Electromax DH10B"
 /clone_lib="NIH_XGC_tropMet5"
 /note="Vector: pCMVSPORT6; Site 1: Sali; Site 2: NotI;
 This library was made from df primed cDNA and cloned into
 Invitrogen pCMVSPORT6 vector. The work was done at DOE
 Joint Genome Institute. Poly A RNA were primed with 5'
 GACTAGTCTAGATCGCGAG CGGCGCGCTTTT TTTT TTTT 3'. cDNA
 were ligated to Sali adapter (5' TCGACCCACGCGTCCG and
 5' CGGACCGTGGG), digested with NotI, size fractionated in
 1.1% agarose gel electrophoresis and ligated into NotI and
 Sali digested pCMVSPORT6 vector."

FEATURES

source
 1. 645
 /organism="Xenopus tropicalis"
 /mol_type="mRNA"
 /db_xref="taxon:8364"
 /clone="IMAGE:7796789"
 /tissue_type="whole embryo"
 /dev_stage="Metamorphic (st.62)"
 /lab_host="Electromax DH10B"
 /clone_lib="NIH_XGC_tropMet5"
 /note="Vector: pCMVSPORT6; Site 1: Sali; Site 2: NotI;
 This library was made from df primed cDNA and cloned into
 Invitrogen pCMVSPORT6 vector. The work was done at DOE
 Joint Genome Institute. Poly A RNA were primed with 5'
 GACTAGTCTAGATCGCGAG CGGCGCGCTTTT TTTT TTTT 3'. cDNA
 were ligated to Sali adapter (5' TCGACCCACGCGTCCG and
 5' CGGACCGTGGG), digested with NotI, size fractionated in
 1.1% agarose gel electrophoresis and ligated into NotI and
 Sali digested pCMVSPORT6 vector."

ORIGIN

Query Match 95.5%; Score 21; DB 8; Length 645;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 15;
 Matches 21; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 TCCTCCTGATATCTGGCATT 21
 |||||
 Db 426 TCCTCCTGATATCTGGCATT 406

RESULT 10
 CD164440
 LOCUS
 DEFINITION

ACCESSION
 VERSION
 KEYWORDS
 SOURCE
 ORGANISM

REFERENCE
 AUTHORS

CD164440.1 GI:34701106
 EST.
 Schistosoma mansoni
 Schistosoma mansoni

REFERENCE
 AUTHORS

CD164440
 LOCUS
 DEFINITION

ACCESSION
 VERSION
 KEYWORDS
 SOURCE
 ORGANISM

REFERENCE
 AUTHORS

CD164440.1 GI:34701106
 EST.
 Schistosoma mansoni
 Schistosoma mansoni

REFERENCE
 AUTHORS

CD164440
 LOCUS
 DEFINITION

ACCESSION
 VERSION
 KEYWORDS
 SOURCE
 ORGANISM

REFERENCE
 AUTHORS

CD164440.1 GI:34701106
 EST.
 Schistosoma mansoni
 Schistosoma mansoni

REFERENCE
 AUTHORS

CD164440
 LOCUS
 DEFINITION

ACCESSION
 VERSION
 KEYWORDS
 SOURCE
 ORGANISM

CD164440
 LOCUS
 DEFINITION

ACCESSION
 VERSION
 KEYWORDS
 SOURCE
 ORGANISM

REFERENCE
 AUTHORS

CD164440.1 GI:34701106
 EST.
 Schistosoma mansoni
 Schistosoma mansoni

REFERENCE
 AUTHORS

CD164440
 LOCUS
 DEFINITION

ACCESSION
 VERSION
 KEYWORDS
 SOURCE
 ORGANISM

REFERENCE
 AUTHORS

CD164440.1 GI:34701106
 EST.
 Schistosoma mansoni
 Schistosoma mansoni

REFERENCE
 AUTHORS

CD164440
 LOCUS
 DEFINITION

ACCESSION
 VERSION
 KEYWORDS
 SOURCE
 ORGANISM

REFERENCE
 AUTHORS

CD164440.1 GI:34701106
 EST.
 Schistosoma mansoni
 Schistosoma mansoni

REFERENCE
 AUTHORS

CD164440
 LOCUS
 DEFINITION

ACCESSION
 VERSION
 KEYWORDS
 SOURCE
 ORGANISM


```

REFERENCE
AUTHORS
1 (bases 1 to 744)
Verjovski-Almeida, S., DeMarco, R., Martins, E.A.L., Guimaraes, P.E.M.,
Ojopi, E.P.B., Paquola, A.C.M., Piazza, J.P., Nishiyama, M.Y., Jr.,
Kitajima, J.P., Adamson, R.E., Ashton, P.D., Bonaldo, M.F.,
Coulson, P.S., Dillon, G.P., Farias, L.P., Gregorio, S.P., Ho, P.L.,
Leite, R.A., Malaquias, L.C.C., Marques, R.C.P., Miyasato, P.A.,
Nascimento, A.L.T.O., Ohlweiler, F.P., Reis, E.M., Ribeiro, M.A.,
Sa, R.G., Stukar, G.C., Soares, M.B., Gargioni, C., Kawano, T.,
Rodrigues, V., Madeira, A.M.B.N., Wilson, R.A., Menck, C.F.N.,
Setubal, J.C., Leite, L.C.C. and Dias-Neto, E.
TITLE
Transcriptome analysis of the acelomate human parasite Schistosoma
mansoni
JOURNAL
Nat. Genet. 35 (2), 148-157 (2003)
PUBMED
12973350
COMMENT
Contact: Dr. Sergio Verjovski-Almeida
Departamento de Bioquímica
Instituto de Química - Universidade de São Paulo
Av. Prof. Lineu Prestes 748 sala 1200, 05508-900 São Paulo - SP,
Brasil
Tel: +55-11-3091-2173
Fax: +55-11-3091-2186
Email: verjo@iq.usp.br
This sequence was derived from the FAPESP Schistosoma mansoni EST
Genome Project. All sequences in the project were assembled and
annotated. This entry and all the assembled sequences can be seen
in the following URL: http://bioinfo.iq.usp.br/schisto/
Plate: MLI-0087T-R250 row: 7 column: E.
FEATURES
source
Location/Qualifiers
1..744
/organism="Schistosoma mansoni"
/mol_type="mRNA"
/db_xref="taxon:6183"
/clone="MLI-0087T-R250-E07.G"
/sex="mixed pool"
/dev_stage="miracidium"
/clone_lib="MLI-0087"
/note="vector: pGEM T-easy"
ORIGIN
Query Match 95.5%; Score 21; DB 6; Length 744;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 15;
Matches 21; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 TCCTCTGATATCTGCGCATT 21
|||||
Db 715 TCCTCTGATATCTGCGCATT 695
|||||
RESULT 12
BZ781734 744 bp DNA linear GSS 14-MAR-2003
LOCUS
DEFINITION
BZ781734 genomic clone i131b08; genomic survey sequence.
ACCESSION
BZ781734.1 GI:28960179
VERSION
GSS.
KEYWORDS
Sorghum bicolor (sorghum)
ORGANISM
Eukaryota; Viridiplantae; Streptophyta; Embryophyta; Tracheophyta;
Spermatophyta; Magnoliophyta; Liliopsida; Poales; Poaceae; PACCAD
clade; Panicoideae; Andropogoneae; Sorghum.
1 (bases 1 to 744)
Rabinowicz, P.D., O'Shaughnessy, A.L., Balija, V., Dedhia, N.,
Katzenburger, F., King, L., Miller, B., Muller, S., Nascimento, L.,
Zutavern, T., Palmer, L., McCombie, W.R. and Martienssen, R.A.
Genomic shotgun sequences from Sorghum bicolor (methyl-filtered)
Unpublished (2002)
Contact: W. Richard McCombie
Lita Annenberg Hazen Genome Sequencing Center
Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory
PO Box 100, Cold Spring Harbor, NY 11724, USA
Tel: 516 367 8884
Fax: 516 367 8874

```

```

Email: mccombie@cshl.org
Plate: i131 row: b column: 08
Seq primer: -21M13UnivRev
Class: shotgun
High quality sequence stop: 744.
FEATURES
source
Location/Qualifiers
1..744
/organism="Sorghum bicolor"
/mol_type="genomic DNA"
/db_xref="taxon:4559"
/clone="i131b08"
/lab_host="DH5a"
/clone_lib="WGS-SbicolorF (DH5a methyl filtered)"
/note="Site 1: Xba I; Site 2: Xba I; The vector was
digested with XbaI and one nucleotide was added by fill in
in the recessive 3' end. The genomic DNA was nebulized,
end repaired, adaptor ligated and size fractionated using
sephadex. The resulting fragments were between 0.8 and 3
kb and were cloned into the vector (-x/y reads in M13mp19,
b/g reads in pUC19). The same ligation was transformed
into DH5a."
ORIGIN
Query Match 95.5%; Score 21; DB 9; Length 744;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 15;
Matches 21; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 TCCTCTGATATCTGCGCATT 21
|||||
Db 672 TCCTCTGATATCTGCGCATT 692
|||||
RESULT 13
CB990869/c 784 bp mRNA linear EST 01-MAY-2003
LOCUS
DEFINITION
CB990869 AGENCOURT 13620403 NIH MGC 148 Homo sapiens cDNA clone
IMAGE:30338309 5', mRNA sequence.
ACCESSION
CB990869
VERSION
EST.
KEYWORDS
Homo sapiens (human)
ORGANISM
Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Primates; Catarrhini;
Hominidae; Homo.
1 (bases 1 to 784)
NIH-MGC http://mgc.nci.nih.gov/.
National Institutes of Health, Mammalian Gene Collection (MGC)
Unpublished (1999)
Contact: Robert Strausberg, Ph.D.
Email: cgapbs-remail.nih.gov
Tissue Procurement: Dr. Stefan Hansson
cDNA Library Preparation: Michael J. Brownstein (NHGRI) with help
and advice from Piero Carninci (RIKEN)
cDNA Library Arrayed by: The I.M.A.G.E. Consortium (LLNL)
DNA Sequencing by: Agencourt Bioscience Corporation
Clone distribution: MGC clone distribution information can be
found through the I.M.A.G.E. Consortium/LLNL at:
http://image.llnl.gov
Plate: NDAM364 row: m column: 06
High quality sequence stop: 539.
FEATURES
source
Location/Qualifiers
1..784
/organism="Homo sapiens"
/mol_type="mRNA"
/db_xref="taxon:9606"
/clone="IMAGE:30338309"
/tissue_type="pre-eclampsic placenta"
/lab_host="DH10B Tona"
/clone_lib="NIH MGC 148"
/note="Organ: placenta; Vector: pBluescriptR; Site 1:
all-XhoI; Site 2: BamHI; Library is oligo-dT primed and
directionally cloned using primer

```


5'-TTTTTTTTTTTTTN-3', size-selected for average insert size 2.3 kb and normalized to ROT 5. This is a primary library enriched for full-length clones and constructed using the cap-trapper method (Carninci, in preparation). Library constructed by M. Brownstein (NIMH/NHGRI, National Institutes of Health). Note: this is a NIH_MGC Library."

ORIGIN

Query Match 95.5%; Score 21; DB 6; Length 784;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 15;
Matches 21; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 TCCTCTGATATCTGCGCATT 21
|||||
Db 595 TCCTCTGATATCTGCGCATT 575

RESULT 14

CO365133/c

LOCUS

DEFINITION CO365133 874 bp mRNA linear EST 29-JUN-2004
RTK1_23_G09_g1_A029 Roots minus potassium Pinus taeda cDNA clone

ACCESSION

CO365133

VERSION

EST.

KEYWORDS

Pinus taeda (loblolly pine)

SOURCE

ORGANISM

REFERENCE

AUTHORS

TITLE

An EST database from potassium-deficient loblolly pine (Pinus

JOURNAL

COMMENT

Unpublished (2004)
Other ESTs: RTK1_23_G09_b1_A029
Contact: Cordonnier-Pratt MM
Laboratory for Genomics and Bioinformatics
The University of Georgia, Department of Plant Biology
Plant Sciences Building, Rm. 2502, Athens, GA 30602-7271, USA
Tel: 706 542 1860
Fax: 706 583 0210
Email: mmpratt@uga.edu

RNA prepared and library constructed by W. Walter Lorenz (School of Forest Resources, University of Georgia); plant material prepared by Craig Zimmermann (School of Forest Resources, University of Georgia) using rooted cuttings provided by the Forest Biology Research Cooperative (FBRC) and the CCLONES project at the University of Florida; sequencing done in the Laboratory for Genomics and Bioinformatics, University of Georgia. Sequence ends have been trimmed to exclude vector and regions below Phred quality 16. Three-prime sequences are presented as their reverse complement and have been trimmed to exclude polyA.
Seq primer: JENREV (CAGGAACAGCTATGACC).

FEATURES

source

1. .874

/organism="Pinus taeda"

/mol_type="mRNA"

/strain="3 CCLONES"

/db_xref="taxon:3352"

/clones="RTK1_23_G09_A029"

/lab_host="DH10B-T1 phage-resistant E. coli"

/clone_lib="Roots minus potassium"

/note="Organ: Root; Vector: pSL1180; Site 1: EcoRI;

from the roots of 1-year-old loblolly pine (Pinus taeda)

cuttings that were rooted and then planted in washed sand.

The rooted cuttings were maintained for 117 days (July

2003 harvest) under ambient conditions in a local

greenhouse. They were kept on a weekly regimen of 0.5x

nutrient-complete Hoagland's solution and supplemented

with additional water sufficient to maintain a 15% soil

moisture content. For twenty-eight days (28 d) prior to harvesting roots for mRNA preparation, the trees received Hoagland's solution lacking potassium (K) to induce a potassium deficiency. Double-stranded cDNA was cloned unidirectionally into pSL1180. Inserts can be excised with EcoRI (5' end) and XhoI (3' end)."

ORIGIN

Query Match 95.5%; Score 21; DB 7; Length 874;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 16;
Matches 21; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 TCCTCTGATATCTGCGCATT 21
|||||
Db 651 TCCTCTGATATCTGCGCATT 631

RESULT 15

CL693661

LOCUS

DEFINITION CL693661 887 bp DNA linear GSS 10-JUL-2004
PR10162a_H01_2 - PR10162a.BR (887) Mixed stage fosmid library of P.
pacificus var. California Pristionchus pacificus genomic, genomic
survey sequence.

ACCESSION

CL693661

VERSION

GSS.

KEYWORDS

SOURCE

ORGANISM

REFERENCE

AUTHORS

TITLE

JOURNAL

COMMENT

PUBMED

CONTACT: Sommer RJ

Max-Planck-Institute for Developmental Biology

Spemannstr. 37-39, Tuebingen D-72076, Germany

Tel: 00497071601371

Fax: 00497071601498

Email: ralf.sommer@tuebingen.mpg.de

This library was generated at Caltech, Pasadena, USA and end

sequenced at Vancouver, Canada.

Seq primer: T7

Class: fosmid ends.

Location/Qualifiers

1. .887

/organism="Pristionchus pacificus"

/mol_type="genomic DNA"

/strain="California"

/db_xref="taxon:54126"

/clone_lib="Mixed stage fosmid library of P. pacificus

var. California"

/note="Vector: pEpifos-5 Fosmid vector"

ORIGIN

Query Match 95.5%; Score 21; DB 10; Length 887;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 16;
Matches 21; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 TCCTCTGATATCTGCGCATT 21
|||||
Db 210 TCCTCTGATATCTGCGCATT 230

Search completed: April 7, 2006, 20:19:41
Job time: 1715.5 secs